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THAMES RIVER BASIN MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT

STONY BROOK RESERVOIR DAM
CT. 00243

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

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Stony Brook Reservoir Dam consists of two earthfill embankments with concrete core walls, separated by a 650 ft. long natural promontory. The dam and appurtenant works are judged to be in generally fair condition. Based upon the guidelines the recommended test flood ranges from a 12 PMF to a full PMF. A test flood equal to a full PMF (5,840 cfs) was selected.			

# REPLY TO ATTENTION OF NEDED

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION. CORPS OF ENGINEERS
424 TRAPELO ROAD
WALTHAM. MASSACHUSETTS 02154

MAR 2 1 1980

Honorable Ella T. Grasso Governor of the State of Connecticut State Capitol Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Dear Governor Grasso:

Inclosed is a copy of the Stony Brook Reservoir Dam Phase I Inspection Report, which was prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report is presented for your use and is based upon a visual inspection, a review of the past performance and a brief hydrological study of the dam. A brief assessment is included at the beginning of the report. I have approved the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7 and ask that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement them. This follow-up action is a vitally important part of this program.

A copy of this report has been forwarded to the Department of Environmental Protection, the cooperating agency for the State of Connecticut. In addition, a copy of the report has also been furnished the owner, the city of Norwich, Connecticut.

Copies of this report will be made available to the public, upon request, by this office under the Freedom of Information Act. In the case of this report the release date will be thirty days from the date of this letter.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the Department of Environmental Protection for your cooperation in carrying out this program.

Sincerely,

Incl As stated MAX B. SCHEIDER

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

Division Engineer

## STONY BROOK RESERVOIR

CT 00243

STONY BROOK
MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



# NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

Identification No.:

CT 00243

Name of Dam:

Stony Brook Reservoir Dam

Town:

Montville

County and State:

New London County, Connecticut

Stream:

Stony Brook

Date of Inspection:

25 October 1979

#### BRIEF ASSESSMENT

Stony Brook Reservoir Dam consists o. wo earthfill embankments with concrete core walls, separated by a 650 ft. long natural promontory. The right embankment known as the "Main Dam" is about 770 ft. long and 36 ft. high. The left embankment known as the "Side Dam" is about 340 ft. long and 21 ft. high. A concrete spillway, 35 ft. wide, is located in the Side Dam. The spillway discharges into a stone masonry channel about 220 ft. long. A gate house located upstream from the Main Dam houses controls for the inlet to a 24 in. dia. water supply line and a 24 in. dia. low level outlet.

Stony Brook Reservoir is utilized as a water storage facility for the City of Norwich. It is about 3,200 ft. long and has a surface of about 75 acres at spillway crest level. The drainage area is 2.57 sq. mi. (1,643 acres) and the maximum storage to top of dam is 1,948 acre-ft.; the size classification is thus intermediate. Because failure of the dam could cause serious damage to several homes, a farm, a mobile home park, two secondary roads and two state highways, with the possibility of the loss of more than a few lives and the probability of excessive economic losses, it has been classified as having a high hazard potential.

The dam and appurtenant works are judged to be in generally fair condition. Brush was growing on the downstream slopes of both dams and in the spillway discharge channel. The gate house is in need of repair and the condition of the outlet gate could not be verified. Seeps were found downstream of both dams and cavities were found in the slopes of both embankments.

Based upon the guidelines, the recommended test flood ranges from a  $^{1}_{2}$  PMF to a full PMF. A test flood equal to a full PMF (5,840 cfs) was selected.

The routed test flood outflow of 5,200 cfs overtops the crest of the Main Dam by 1.3 ft. and the Side Dam by 0.6 ft. The spillway can pass 1,250 cfs or about 24 percent of the routed test flood outflow without overtopping the Main Dam.

Within one year after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report, the owner, the City of Norwich, should retain the services of a registered professional engineer and implement the results of his evaluation of the following: (1) a detailed hydrologic - hydraulic investigation to assess further the potential for overtopping and the adequacy of the spillway; and (2) investigate the desirability of installing graded filters, weirs, and channels for improved control and monitoring of the seeps located downstream of both embankments.

The owner should also implement the following operating and maintenance measures: (1) remove brush and tree growth from the dam embankments and from the spillway discharge channel; (2) excavate and remove decayed root structures in the crest and backfill with suitable material; (3) restore ruts in the embankment crests to grade and reseed; (4) depressions on the downstream slopes of both dams should be excavated and backfilled, and their subsequent performance monitored on a monthly basis; (5) seepage and ponding at the toe of both dams should be monitored monthly, pending the results of further investigations; (6) verify that the 24 in. dia. low level outlet gate is operative and perform any necessary repair work; (7) remove the flashboard pins from the spillway crest to prevent the collection of debris; (8) secure the gate house; (9) develop a formal surveillance and flocd warning plan; and (10) institute procedures for an annual technical inspection.

Peter B. Dyson Project Manager



This Phase I Inspection Report on Stony Brook Reservoir Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

Kichard J. Di Brono

RICHARD DIBUONO, MEMBER Water Control Branch Engineering Division

and Datem

ARAMAST MAHTESIAN, MEMBER Foundation & Materials Branch Engineering Division

CARNEY M. TERZIAN, CHAIRMAN

Design Branch

Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

OE B. FRYAR Chief, Engineering Division

#### PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation: however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Fhase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

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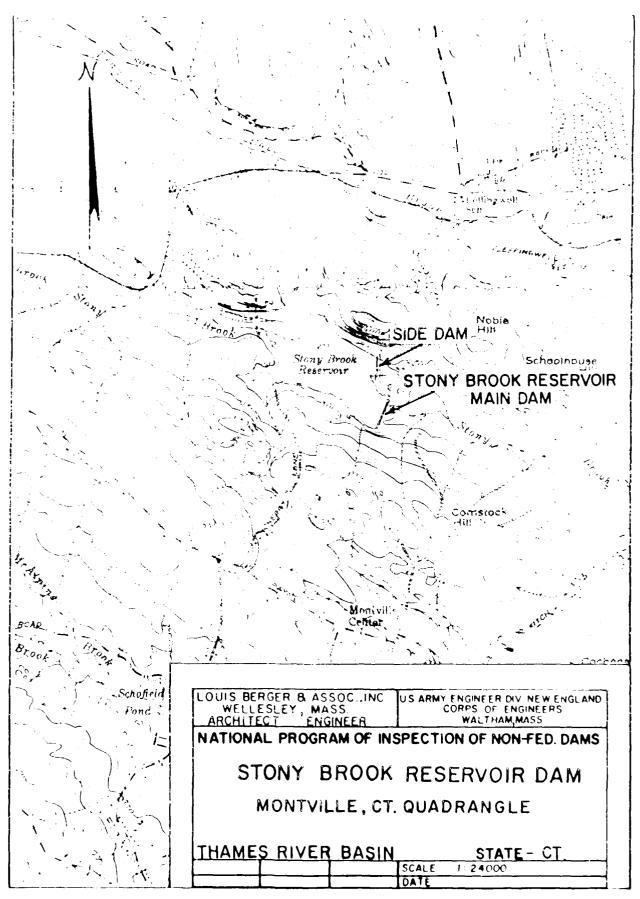
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Overview of "Side Dam" from left abunment. ("Main Dam" is over promontory in background.)



Overview of "Main Dan" from left abutment.



#### PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

#### STONY BROOK RESERVOIR DAM OT 00243

#### SECTION 1 - PROJECT INTORMATION

#### 1.1 General

a. Authority. Public Law 90-361, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a national program of dam inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Fegion. Louis Berger & Associates, Inc. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Connecticut. Authorization and notice to proceed was inseed to Louis Berger & Associates, Inc. under a letter of 28 September 1979 from William E. Hodgson, Jr., Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DAGA32-10-C-0051, Job Change No. 2, has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers tor this work.

#### b. Purpose of Inspection

- (1) Perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-Federal dams to identify conditions which threamen the public safety and thus permit correction in a timely marker by non-Federal interests.
- (3) Encourage and assist the States to initiate quickly effective dam safety programs for non-Federal dams.
  - (3) Update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

#### 1.2 Description of Project

a. Location. Stony Brook Reservoir Dam is located in New London Countrin the Town of Montriale in southeastern Connecticut. The reservoir is situated on Story Brook approximately 4.4 miles upstream from the confluence of Stony Brook and the Thames River at Horton Cove. The dam is shown on U.S.C.S. Spacrangle, Montrille, Connecticut with coordinates approximately at N 41° 29 -38°, W  $72^{\circ}$  08′ 50°.

#### b. Description of Dam and Appurtenances.

(1) <u>Description of Dams</u>. The project consists of two earth embankment dams separated by about 630 It. of natural terrain. Both dams are located on the east side of the reservour. The right, more southerly dam, is called the "Mair. Dam" and is about 770 it. long and 36 ft. high. The left, more northerly dam, is called the 'Side Dam' and is about 340 ft. long and 21 ft. high. The original dams were constructed about the year 1912. They were raised by 5 ft. in 1924. The reconstruction was accomplished by raising the crest and increasing the fill on the downscream slope. Both dams have a concrete core wall, a crest width of about 15 fc., upstream slopes of 2 horizontal to 1 vertical, ind downstream slopes of  $\frac{1}{2}$  horizontal to 1 vertical. The original plans for the

construction of the dams indicate that the embankments had riprap protection on the upstream slopes and rockfill on the downstream slopes. During the 1924 reconstruction earth fill was placed over the downstream slopes which are now covered with vegetation. Additional riprap was placed on the raised portion of the upstream slopes. The concrete core walls were also raised.

- (2) <u>Spillway</u>. The open channel spillway for Stony Brook Reservoir Dam is located about 20 ft. from the left abutment of the Side Dam. It has a broad crested overflow section constructed of concrete with a length of 35 ft. and stone masonry training walls. The crest of the overflow weir is fitted with flashboard pins. Just below the weir a concrete bridge spans the discharge channel. The spillway crest discharges into a stone paved channel which carries the outflow for about 220 ft. before emptying into a natural stream.
- (3) <u>Sate House</u>. The gate house for the facility is located about 70 ft. upstream of the Main Dam and 140 ft. from the left abutment. The gate house is about 10 ft. square and is constructed of reinforced concrete. Access to the gate nouse is provided by a concrete service bridge which is now submerged by about 1 ft. of water as a result of the raising of the dam in 1924. The wet well is in two parts; the supply well contains three intake openings 18 in. by 36 in. located at different levels which are controlled by slide gates. The waste water well has one low level intake opening 36 in. square. There are two outlet pipes from the structure, one 24 in. dia. for water supply and the other 14 in. dia. for waste water. Both outlets are controlled by 24 in. dia. circular gates. The waste water outlet pipe is about 260 ft. long. There is a gate valve in the pipeline about 10 ft. from the outlet end, which is not shown on the construction plans.
- c. Size Classification. Stony Brook Reservoir Dam is about 36 ft. night above downstream toe level, impounding a maximum of about 1,550 abre-ft. of active storage to spillway crest level, and about 1,948 abre-ft. to cop of dam. In accordance with the height and storage capacity criteria given in Recommended buildlines for Safety Inspection of Dams, the project is classified as intermediate on the basis of both criteria.
- d. Hazard Classification. A breach failure of Stony Brook Dam would release water down Stony Brook to its confluence with the Thames River about 4.4 miles downstream. Fitch Hill Road, a farm, and five houses located about 1.3 miles downstream from the dam would be subject to damage by flood waters from the breach, since it is estimated that the stage in the Brook would rise by about 17 ft. in this reach. Below this point, State Route 52 parallels the fronk for a distance of about 7,000 ft. The Brook then passes under the highway alongs (de Raymond Hill Road, the overpass spanning both the road and the stream. It is estimated that parts of Route 52 would be flooded and suffer severe etosion. One house just upstream of the Route 52 crossing with Raymond Hill Road would be camaged, a mobile home park downstream of Route 52 would be flooded and Raymord Hill Road itself would be inundated by the high waters. About 4.3 mites below the dam, near Route 32, one more house would be subject to damage before the flood wave would be significantly reduced in Horton Cove. In accordance with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, Stony Brook Reservoir Dam has therefore been classified as having a high hazard potential. since failure may cause serious damage to homes and a main highway, with a notential for the loss of more than a few lives.

- e. <u>Ownership</u>. Stony Brook Reservoir Dam is owned by the City of Norwich, Connecticut.
- f. Operator. Mr. Gregory J. Kuchy, Water and Sewer Division Manager, Department of Public Utilities, 34 Shetucket Street, Norwich, CT 06350 Telephone: (203) 387-2555.
- g. <u>Furpose of Dam.</u> Stony Brook Reservoir Dam is operated in conjunction with other water stocage facilities for providing municipal water supplies to the City of Norwich. At the time of the inspection the reservoir was being utilized as a back-up facility and had not been drawn upon for some years.
- h. Design and Construction History. Stony Brook Reservoir was constructed in 1912. It was designed by Chandler and Palmer, Engineers. Plans of the two original embankment dams can be found in Appendix B. In 1924 both earth embankments were raised by 5 ft. It is believed that the reconstruction work was also designed by Chandler and Palmer. Three or the original plans also indicate features of the reconstruction (see appendix B). A blank set of the 1924 reconstruction contract documents has also been recovered.
- i. Normal Operating Procedure. No written operating procedures were disclosed. Flashboards are no longer used at the facility and the only operating devices are the gates and valves associated with the gate house structure, which are believed to be in poor condition. The dam is maintained by the City of Norwhich. Trees and brush are removed periodically, and concrete and masonry structures are repaired as necessary.

#### 1.3 Pertinent Data

a. Drainage area. The drainage area contributing to Stony Brook Reservoir is situated at the headwaters of Stony Brook. The drainage area encompasses a total of about 2.37 sq. mi (1.643 acres), of which 75 acres are occupied by the reservoir. The longest circuitous suream course contributing to the reservoir is about 1.58 mm. long with an elevation difference of about 327 fg. or at a slope of about 127 ft per mile. The drainage area has a length of about 2.71 miles and a maximum width of about 1.29 miles, with an average width of about 0.9 miles. The basin consists of both open fields and forested area, with a space population.

#### b. Discharge at Damsite

- (1) Outlet Works Conduit. Low level discharge from Stony Brook Reservoir is provided for by means of a 24 in. dia. outlet pipe which extends about 260 ft. downstream from the gate house. The inlet of the outlet pipe has in invert elevation of 235.6 ft. The waste pipe would be capable of discharging about 72 kts when the gates were wode open and the reservoir water surface level was at the top of the Main Dam.
- (2) <u>Maximum Known Flood at Damsite</u>. No records are available of flood inflows into Stony Brook Reservoir, nor of spillway releases and surcharge mesus during such inflows.

- (3) Ungated Spillway Capacity at Top of Dam. The total spillway capacity at top of dam, elevation 277.0 NGVD, is 1,250 cfs.
- (4) Ungated Spillway Capacity at Test Flood Elevation. The ungated spillway capacity is 1,780 afs at test flood elevation 278.3 NGVD.
  - (5) Gated Spillway Capacity at Normal Pool Elevation. Not applicable
  - (6) Gated Spillway Capacity at Test Flood Elevation. Not applicable
- (7) <u>Total Spillway Capacity at Test Flood Elevation</u>. The total spillway capacity at the test flood elevation is the same as (4) above, 1,780 cfs at elevation 278.3 NGVD.
- (8) Total Project Discharge at Test Flood Elevation. The total project discharge at test flood is 5,200 cfs at elevation 278.3 NGVD.
  - c. Elevations (Ft. above NGVD)
  - (1) Streambed at centerline of dam 241.0
  - (2) Maximum tailwater Not available
  - (3) Upstream invert of outlet culvert 235.6
  - (4) Recreation Pool Not applicable
  - (5) Full flood control pool Not applicable
  - (6) Ungated spillway crest 272.0 (assumed all other elevations relative to spillway crest)
  - (7) Design surcharge Unknown
  - (8) Test flood design surcharge 278.3
  - (9) Top of Main Dam 277.0 Top of Side Dam - 277.7
  - d. Reservoir
  - (1) Length of maximum pool 3,200 ft.
  - (2) Length of recreation pool Not applicable
  - (3) Length of flood control pool Not applicable
  - e. Storage (acre-ft.)
  - (1) Recreation pool Not applicable
  - (2) Flood control pool Not applicable

- (3) Spiilway crest pool El. 272.0 NGVD 1,550
- (4) Top of dam E1. 277.0 NGVD 1,948
- (5) Test flood pool E1. 278.3 NCVD 2,080
- f. Reservoir Surface (acres)
- (1) Recreation pool Not applicable
- (2) Flood control pool Not applicable
- (3) Spillway crest El. 272.0 NGVD 74.9
- (4) Top of dam E1. 277.0 NGVD + 84.0
- (5) Test flood pool E1. 278.3 NCVD 86.6
- g. Dam
  - Main Dam
- (1) Type Earth embankment with concrete core wall
- (2) Length 770 ft.
- (3) Height 36 ft.
- (4) Top Width 15 ft.
- (5) Side Slopes Upstream 2 horizontal to 1 vertical, riprapped Downstream 1½ horizontal to 1 vertical
- (b) Zoning Earth fill with concrete core wall. Rockfill or original cownstream face buried when dam raised 5 ft.
- (7) Impervious Core Vertical concrete wall
- (8) Cutoff Core wall, extension to bedrock unknown
- (9) Grout Curtain Unknown
  - Side Dam
- (i) Type Earth embankment with concrete core wall
- (?) Length 340 ft.
- (3) Height 21 ft.
- (4) Top Width 15 ft.

- (5) Side Slopes Upstream 2 horizontal to 1 vertical, riprapped Downstream  $1\frac{1}{2}$  horizontal to 1 vertical
- (6) Zoning Earthfill with concrete core wall. Rockfill on original downstream face buried when dam raised 5 ft.
- (7) Impervious Core Vertical concrete wall
- (8) Cutoff Core wall, extension to bedrock unknown
- (9) Grout Curtain None

#### h. Spillway

- (1) Type Concrete broad crested overflow weir
- (2) Length of Weir 35.0 ft.
- (3) Crest Elevation 272.0 ft.
- (4) Gates None
- (5) Upstream Channel None
- (6) Downstream Channel Stone masonry walls, scone paved floor, discharging into natural stream.

#### i. Regulating Outlets

- (1) Invert 235.6 NGVD
- (2) Size 24 in. dia.
- (3) Description Circular pipe 260 ft. long through dam.
- (4) Control Mechanism Hand operated circular 24 in. dia. gate in gate house and inline valve about 10 ft. from downstream end of pipe.

#### SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

#### 2.1 Design Data

The original dam was designed in 1911 and 1912 by Chandler and Palmer, Engineers. Appendix B includes copies of 10 drawings showing site plans and details of the facilities "as constructed". In 1924 the dam was raised 5 ft. in height and it is believed that the reconstruction was also designed by Chandler and Palmer. Three of the 10 plans found in Appendix B show plan, cross-sections, and profiles of the modifications made to the dam in 1924.

#### 2.2 Construction Data

With the exception of the "as constructed" plans mentioned above, no records or correspondence regarding the original construction have been found. A brank set of contract documents for the 1924 reconstruction work, including the specifications, is included in Appendix B.

#### 2.3 Operation Data

No records or correspondence regarding past operation of the dam have been recovered. At the present time the reservoir is only used as a standby source for the supply of water to the City of Norwich; it has not been utilized for some years. Water levels are recorded.

#### 2.+ Evaluation of Data

- a. Availability. Since little engineering data is available, it is not possible to make an assessment of the safety of the dam. The basis of the information presented in this report is principally the visual observations of the inspection team.
- 5. Adequacy. The lack of in-depth engineering data did not allow for a definitive review. Therefore, the adequacy of this dam could not be assessed from the standboint of reviewing design and construction data, but is based primarily on visual inspection, past performance history and sound engineering judgement.
- 2. <u>Validity</u>. The drawings and reconstruction documents recovered appear to be valid and are not challenged.

#### SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

#### 3.1 Findings

- a. General. The visual inspection of Stony Brook Reservoir Dam took place on 25 October 1979. At that time the water level was about 1 in. above the spillway prest. The discharge over the spillway was estimated to be about 5 ofs. The gate house door was open and the gate house was judged to be in poor condition. The condition of the outlet gates was not determined. Seeps were discovered downstream from both embankments. There was no evidence of ing major maintenance problems, but a new items require actention (see Section 7.3). In general the dam was judged to be in fair condition.
- 5. Dam. Stony Brook Reservoir Dam was built in 1912 to firmish a water supply for the City of Norwich. Connecticut. The iom is actually in two sactions: a 770 ft. long, 36 ft. high embankment on the right known as the "Main Dam"; and s 340 ft. hong, 21 fc. high embankment on the left known as the "Side Dam". The dams are separated by a rocky promontory about 650 ft. long. Both dams have a concrete core wall and a crushed stone shell 1 ft. thick over a 1 ft. thick layer of gravel on the upstream slope. The dams were both reconstructed in 1924 when their crests were raised by about 5 ft. The reconstruction was accomplished by retaining the upstream slope and building up the fill on the downstream side of the dams. The original downstream slopes were rocked lift, which was buried with earth in the course of the reconstruction. The downstream slopes are now covered with a light growth of brush and vegetation. Both dams are about 15 ft. wide at their crests. The slopes are 2 horizonial to 1 vertical on the upstream side and 15 horizontal to 1 vertical on the downstream side.

The crest of the Main Dam was heavily retted by vehicles (Appendix C. Photo No. 1). The downstream slope of the dam showed evidence of fairly recent cutting of overgrowth. However, growth had reappeared on the slopes, posticularly on the tower third (Appendix C, Paoto No. 2). Opposite the gate house, on the downstream alignment of the waste pipe, there were traces of a transped and bank-Jilled cut. The tackfulled trench ended at a rough unmortared maseur headwall which serves as the outlet structure for the waste pipe. The end of the outlet pipe was half submerged in water, and a stream flowed from the Dipe (Appendix ). Photo No. 7). However, no turbidity was in evidence. About 19 ft. farther newnstream from the tipe it appeared that the flow rate about southers. About +0.11. from the toe of the dam, also in this trenched zone, a major seen was noted Appendix C. Photo No. 8). The seep seemed to issue not from the firm itself, but from the left side of the excavated trench. The seep issued from a large estimated by probing to be about 18 in. deep. After the probini, the turnedity caused, and the flow resumed at about 1 to 2 gpm. A widespread in a below the seep was very marshy beneath a neavy cover or lead mulbb and corest litter. which may indicate the presence of other seeps

About 190 ft. from the right abutment and about 10 ft. down from the crest on the downstream slope, there was a large hole about 1 ft. in diameter and 3 tt. deep. The hole appeared to be an animal burrow, although there were no signs of recent use. The void did not fit the mechanics of any piping phenomenon.

Rock outcrops were in evidence in the slopes of the right abutment and on the promontory at the left abutment. Although the typical section for the core wall on the plans found in Appendix B shows it to be trenched into rock, the "As-Built" drawings indicate that this may have been the case only on the left third of the Main Dam, where rock is shown. Elsewhere, the foundation soil is described as "hard blue gravel".

On the Side Dam at approximately one third the distance from the right abutment there was a depression about 6 ft. down from the crest. It extended downward another 6 or 7 ft. The characteristics of the void were not those caused by burrowing animals, and it appeared to have been caused by water erosion. Whether the flow had been directly along the surface of the slope, or over the top of the core wall and through the embankment, or through the embankment from surface bonding on the ruts along the crest of the dam, could not be ascertained. However, it is considered that the latter was the most likely cause, since immediately above the slough there was a low spot on the deeply rutted crest which could have caused ponding and water intrusion. At the middle of the Side Dam, at the downstream toe, there was a very extensive marshy area perhaps 40 ft. wide, supplied by at least two streams issuing from the dam. The scream on the left flowed from the dam at more than 2 gpm. However, the flow was very caser and no transported fines could be observed. To the right of these flows, located along the toe there was a 20 ft. wide band of standing water about 1 ft. deep with no flow. As is the case of the Main Dam, there was evidence of recent nutting of growth near the crest of the dam, but firm stands of trees had taken hold near the toe, and light brush was beginning to appear in profusion near the crest (Appendix C, Photo No. 3).

The crushed stone on the upstream face of both dams was in good condition, with little evidence of growth invasion except along the water line.

the Side Dam about 10 ft. from its left abutment. The spillway has a pb ft. long broad crested overflow section of concrete with a width of about 1.0 ft. and stone masonry training walls which extend upward to the top of the iam (Appendix C. Photo No. 4). Discharges over the crest spill into a stone masonry channel with vertical walls and a stone paved invert, which is 5 ft. wide near the crest of the spillway and tapers to a width of 20 ft. at a point about 150 ft. downstream (Appendix C. Photo No. 5). Though the floor of the channel is stone paved, it had been invaded by growth and was partly but not seriously obstructed by brush immediately below the crest of the spillway. The viling access across the Side Dam to the Main Dam. The crest of the spillway, the vising access across the Side Dam to the Main Dam. The crest of the spillway and bridge appeared to be a good condition, but the lisebarge channel was in only fair condition.

The gate house for the facility is located about 70 ft. apstream and 140 ft. so the right of the left abutment of the Main Dam. The gate house and its service bridge were constructed in 1912. As a result of the 1924 raising of the dam and the subsequent increase in surcharge in the reservoir, the service bridge is now covered by about 1 ft. of water when the reservoir is at spillway level. The door to the gate house was in an open position, apparently proken by vandals, and the railing for the service bridge was missing. There was sate minor spalling of the concrete gate house.

The divided wet well contains three intake ports 18 in. X 3b in. for later supply and one intake 36 in. square for waste water. Each of the water supply inlets is controlled by a slide gate. On the lownstream side of the gate nouse are located two outlets controlled by circular gates. One outlet leads to a 34 in. dia. water supply gipe that is connected to the City of Norwich's system. The other outlet connects to a 24 in. dia. waste gipe chrough the dam which is about 260 ft. long. An in-line valve is also provided in the waste gipe about 10 ft. from its downstream end. The interior of the gate house was not inspected because the access bridge was under water (Appendix C. Photo No. 6). The working condition of the gates could not be ascertained by test. However, a 1960 report indicates that at that time only the top intake gate was operative (Appendix B). According to Water Division staff, the outlet gates have not been checked recently but are believed to be operative.

- d. Reservoir Area. The shores of the reservoir are moderately to steeply sloped, wooded, and display rock outcrops in some profusion. The stopes are stable. There are no structures along the shores of the reservoir
- e. Downstream Channel. As noted above, the stone paved spillwar discharge channel had some mature brush growth invading its floor. At the outlet of the channel, flows discharge into a brook which joins the stream issuing from the Main Dam's waste pipe outlet. The stream bed below the confluence is not well defined and major stands of trees encroach upon it. Below the dam, the valler is rather narrow for the next 1.3 miles and no structures are in close proximity to the stream. In the vicinity of Fitch Hill Road the Stony brook valley with out and there are several homes relatively close to the stream. About 4,700 ft. beyond Fitch Hill Road, the valley again harrows as the Brook parallels State Route 52 before passing under Poute 52 at Raymond Hill Road. Beyond Route 52 the stream gradient is mild until it reaches State Route 52, beyond which point it drops rapidly in a short distance to Horton Cove on the Thames River.

#### 3.2 Evaluation

The visual inspection has adequately revealed key characteristics of the iam as they may relate to its stability and integrity. The dam and appurtenant works were judged to be in fair condition. Seeps were found downstream than both earth embankments. The gate house appears to be in need of repair and the operative condition of the control gates was in doubt. Depressions were found on the downstream side of both embankments, and brush growth was starting to invade both the downstream slopes of the embankments and the floor of the spillway discharge channel.

#### SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

#### →.1 Procedures

The Stony Brook Reservoir Dam is operated by personnel of the Norwich Water Department. Operations are now limited, as the reservoir is no longer utilized as a primary source of water for the City of Norwich, but is used as a standby supply.

#### 4.2 Maintenance of Dam

Maintenance is carried out as required by City personnel and/or by contractor. This consists of periodic removal of brush and tree growth along the two embankments and in the pavel spillway outlet channel, and repair work to concrete and masonry structures as necessary.

#### -.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities

No specific maintenance program is in effect. Records indicate that the spill-way and training walls have been repaired periodically in the past and that the gate house underwent a thorough inspection in 1960.

#### 4.4 Description of any Warning System in Effect

No specific fixed warning plan is in effect for Stony Brook Reservoir Dam. In the event of an emergency, the City Manager and Civil Defense office are notified.

#### -.5 Evaluation

The facility has simple operating devices and therefore requires no detailed operating procedures. Maintenance involves periodic growth removal from the embankments and spillway discharge channel, surveillance regarding seeps, slope damage, animal burrows, etc., and maintenance of the control gates and operating mechanisms in the gate house. The concrete and masonry structures require periodic inspection and repair as necessary. A formal flood warning plan should be established.

#### DECTION I - HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

#### 5 1 Evaluation of Features

- a. General. Show Brook Reservoir Dam consists of two earth embankments imposmding a normal storage of 1,550 acre-ft, with provision for an additional 398 acre-ft, of capacity in its surcharge space to the top of iam. It is basically a high surcharge low spillage facility used for water supply purposes. The spillway is capable of discharging about 1,250 efs with the surcharge to the top of dam. The general topographic characteristic of the 2,37 eq. mi. (1,643 acre) drainage basin is best described as rolling terrain, which rises from elevation 272.0 at spillway crest to elevation 580. The area contains both open dields and forests but is predominately forested.
- b. Design Dacz. No hydrologic computation or hydraulic data has been recovered for the dam with the exception of the topographic map or the proposed reservoir area to be flooded (see Appendix B).
- of the reservoir, nor of surcharge encroachments and flows through the spillway. The maximum past inflows are unknown.
- d. <u>Visual Observations</u>. There is no present evidence either along the reservoir or in the downstream channel to indicate high water levels or signs of major spillway outriews. No one contacted could recollect any such occurrences.
- Test Flood Analysis. Hydrologic and hydraulic characteristics of Stony Brook Dam and Italinage area were evaluated in accordance with the criter a given in Recommended Cuidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams. As indicated in Section 1.1, paragraphs c and 4, Stony Brook Reservoir Dam is classified as intermediate in size and has a high hazard potential. The recommended range of test floods for hydraulic evaluation of such a dam is between to PNF and a full PMF. Because of the extensive residential areas and highways counstream which could be affected by high water, a test flood equal to a full IMF was selected.

Precipication data were obtained by Mydrometerological Report (c. 3), which for the Connecticut area is 24.0 in. of 6 hour point rainfall over a 10 square mile area. This value was then reduced by 20 percent to allow for basin size, shape and fit factors, and an additional 2 percent for in iltration losses. The six hour rainfall was distributed into one hour incremental periods as suggested in COE Publication EC 1110-c-141.

A triangular incremental unitgraph was assumed for the inflow by housing a computed log time of 3.35 hours to derive a time-co-peak for triangular hydrograph of 2.99 hours (see computations on Sheets D-6 through Appendix D). The first flood noirograph is shown in Sheet D-9, Appendix D, indicating a peak inflow of about 3.840 cfs or a CSM of about 2.270.

Discharge tables and curves for the spillway and for over the top of the ian are shown on Sheets D++ and D-5. Appendix D. The discharge from the  $\pm 4$ . He discharge from the  $\pm 4$ . He

Flood routings were performed for both the test flood and a  $_{\odot}$  PMF. Results of these routings are shown on Sheets D-10 thru D-12, Appendix D, and are summarized as follows:

Flood Magnitude	Routed Test Flood Inflow cfs	Maximum Res. El. ft. NGVD	Maw. Heal Over Main Dam — ft.	.tet Test involve Om <b>c</b> flow six
PMF	2.920	277.6	2.6	229
Test Flood:	5,340	278.3	2.3	*

From the above table, it can be seen that the project will not mass the relatest floow outflow without overtapping the Main Dam by 1.3 ft. and the ribe for by 0.6 ft. The project, however, can handle about 24 percent of the relatest flood outflow without overtapping the Main Dam.

f. Dam Failure Analysis. A breach owing to structural failure of the dam by puping or sloughing is a possibility. For this analysis is breach wis assumed to occur with the water level at the top of the Main Dam and that the Main Dam would be the embankment to be breached. The "rule of thumb" priterial suggested in the NED March 1978 Guidance Report was used for the breach analysis. With a breach width of 40 percent of the dam length equal to 208 for an outflow of 113,000 ofs, which includes 1,250 ofs from the spillyay, would be reslized (see Sheets 2-13 thru 2-23. Appendix 2).

There are no structures close to Stony Brook in the rather narrow valled suited extends for a listance of about 1.3 mi. before the dam. At the and of this first reach at Fitch Hill Road the valley widens out and the stream armoient flattens. It is anticipated that about five houses, a farm, and Title Tell Edai would be subject to flood damage in this area, and that the Brook's state would rise about 17 ft. in this vicinity. In the next reach of about 1. This the Brook parallels State Route 52 (Connecticut Turnpike). The brook in ID 8 reach is rather infined and no structures other than Route 52 are in the area if potential flooding. Some readway flooding and scour of the Route 12 embankment would be unticipated. At Raymond Hill road the Brook passes under Foute 2. It is estimated that in this reach the Brook's stage would five about 13.0 ft. In this area it is anticipated that one home, a mobile name park, and Raymond Hill Road would be flooded. Beyond Route 52 the Brook's gradient again flattens until it passes under State Route 32, bevond which is all it drops quickly to Horton Cove on the Thames River. In the react between the mong Hill Road and Route 32 it is essimated that the stage would rise to 45 11 St., flooding one home and parts of Route 32.

In summary, about seven homes, a farm, a mobile home park, and for realways, two of which are State Highways and two secondary roads, are within the area of potential flocking (wheet 0-24. Appendix D). There is also a setential to the loss of more than a few lives.

#### SECTION 5 - : TRUCTURAL STABILITY

#### 6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability

- a. <u>Visual Observation</u>. There are no design calculations available for review of the structural stability of the dam and appurtenant structures. However, the field investigations and findings described herein do not indicate any displacement and/or distress which would wairabt the resparation of structural stability calculations. The nam is stable, but trees and brush are invading the downstream embankment slopes, there are divities in these slopes, and there are a number of seeps at the toes of both embankments. These deficiencies require correction and additional investigations should be conducted, as described in Section 3.
- b. <u>Design and Construction of Dam</u>. Plans of the original facility and specifications associated with ruising the dam have been retrieved and are included in Appendix 8. The drawings are by Changler and Palmer, Engineers, and although they are dated 1911-1912, several of the Grawings also show the 1924 reconstruction.
- c. Operating Records. There are no operating records of value to a structural issessment. Periodic inspections appear to have been made by officials of the State of Connecticut and its consultunts (see Appendix B).
- d. Post Construction Changes. The only post construction change of significance to structural stability is the raising of the dam by 5 ft. In 1924. The dam crest was raised to el. 277 from 272, and the core wall also caised a like amount. The raising was achieved by retaining the upstream slopes, and filling in the downstream slope.

Other post construction changes documented in Appendix B relate to removal of trees and brush, repair of concrete and masonry appurtenant structures, and repair of vehicle damage to the top of the embankments.

e. <u>Seismic Stability</u>. The dam is located in Seismic Zone No. 1 and in accordance with Phase I guidelines does not warrant seismic analyses.

# SECTION 7 ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

#### 7.: Dam Assessment

- a. Condition. On the basis of the Phase I visual examination, Stony Brook Reservoir Dam is judged to be in fair condition. The deficiencies revealed indicate that a further investigation should be fairled out and that some remedial work is needed. The major concerns with the overall integrity of the dam are as follows:
  - (1) The smiltway will only pass about 24 percent of the routed test flood outflow.
  - (2) The presence of seeps below both the Main Dam and the Side Dam.
- b. <u>adequacy of Information</u>. The lack of in-depth engineering data did not allow for a definitive review. Therefore, the adequacy of this dam could not be assessed from the standpoint of reviewing design and construction data, but is based primarily on visual inspection, past performance history and sound engineering judgement.
- c. Urgency. The recommendations and remedial measures enumerated below should be implemented by the owner within one year after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report.
- i. Need for additional Investigations. Additional investigations are required as recommended in Para. 7.2.

#### 7 2 Recommendations

It is recommended that the owner, the City of Norwich, should retain the services of a competent registered professional engineer to make further investigations of the following, and should implement the results:

- (1) Make a thorough study of the hydrology of the indicace basin and evaluate further the obtantial for overtopping and the diegnacy of the scallway.
- (2) Investigate the need for installing graded filters for improved control of the seepage located downstream of both embankments; and further, investigate the need for weirs and channels for monitoring the rate of scepage.

#### 7.3 Remedial Measures

#### a. Operations and faintenance Measures

- (1) Remove brush and tree growth from the dam embankments and from the spillway discharge charnel.
- (2) Excavate and range decived root structures in the great trum previous duttings, and backfill with suitable material, well compacted.

- (3) Restore ruts in the embankment crests to grade and reseed. Keep non-essential traffic off the dam embankments.
- (4) Depressions on the downstream slopes of both dams should be excavated, cleaned, backfilled, reseeded and their subsequent performance monitored in a monthly basis.
- (5) Seepage and ponding at the toe of both dams should be monitored once per month, pending the results of further investigations recommended in Section 7.2.
- (6) Verify that the 24 in. dia. low level outlet gate is operative and perform any necessary repair work.
- (7) Remove the flashboard pins from the spinlway crest to prevent the collection of debris.
  - (8) Repair the spalled concrete on the gate house and secure the door.
- (9) Develop a formal surveillance and flood warning plan, including round-the-clock monitoring during periods of heavy precipitation.
- (10) Institute procedures for an annual technical inspection of the iam and its appurtenant structures.

#### 7. + Alternatives

There are no practical alternatives to the above recommendations.

APPENDIX A
INSPECTION CHECKLIST

# VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST PARTY ORGANIZATION

PROJEC	STONY BROOK RESERVOIR DAM		DATE 25 October 1979	)
			TIME 1:30 PM	~
			WEATHER Clear Warm	
			W.S. ELEV <u>272.1</u> U.S	SDN.S.
PARTY:				
ì	Peter B. Dyson	t	Humphrev Leary	
2	Pasquale E. Corsetti	7		<del></del>
3	Roger I. Berry	8		
4	Carl J. Hoffman			
5	lames Reynolds	10		~
	PROJECT FEATURE		INSPECTED BY	REMARKS
1	Hvdrclog.		Roger F. Berny	·
2	Pydraulics, Structures		Carl J. Hoffman	
3	Solls/Ceclogy	<del></del>	James Revnolds	
	General Features			
	General Features		Pasquale E. Corsetti	
6				
7				
10				

## PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECKLIST

PROJECT STONY BROOK RESERVOIR DA	M SATE 25 October 1979
PROJECT FRATURE Main Dam	NAME
DISCIPLINE Soils/Geology	NAME James Revnolds
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
DAM EMBANKMENT	
Crest Elevation	277.0
Current Pool Elevation	27%.1
Maximum Impoundment to Date	Unknown
Surface Cracks	See Note (1) next page
Pavement Condition	N.A.
Movement or Settlement of Crest	None
Lateral Movement	None
Vertical Alginment	Good
Horizontal Alignment	Good
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	Good
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	None
Trespassing on Slopes	Frequent on crest, heavily nutted by mehicular traffic.
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	None
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	U/S New crushed riprap covering original riprap.
Unusual Movement or Gracking at or near Toes	None
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage	See Note (2) next page
Piping or Boils	None
Foundation Orainage Features	Unknown
Toe Drains	None other than rock fill at toes shown on As-Builts; not confirmed.
Instrumentation System	None evident

Stony Brook Reservoir Dam Main Dam Solks/Geology

- MCTE (1): Large animal burrow on downstream slope, one quarter of dam length from right abutment, and 10 ft. down.
  - (2): Probable seep near exit of waste pipe; another seep about 40 ft. from toe, above waste pipe, up to 2 gpm from 1 ft. dia. and 1.5 ft. deep hole.

## PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECKLIST

PROJECT STONY BROOK RESERVOIR DAM	DATE 25 October 1979
PROJECT FEATURE Side Jam	NAME
DISCIPLINE Soils/Geology	NAME James Reynolds
	CONDITIONS
DAM EMBANKMENT	
Crest Elevation	277.7
Current Pool Elevation	272.1
Maximum Impoundment to Date	Unknown
Surface Cracks	Slough (see below)
Pavement Condition	N.A.
Movement or Settlement of Crest	Low point in crest above sloughed zone.
Lateral Movement	None
Vertical Alginment	Good
Horizontal Alignment	Good
Condition at Abunment and at Concrete Structures	Good
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	None
Trespassing on Slopes	Frequent on crest, heavily rutted by vehicular traffic.
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	Erosion below low point of crest about 100 ft. from right abutment.
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	U S. New crushed riprap covering original riprap.
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or near Toes	None
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage	Two flowing seeps at toe; no turbidity
Piping or Boils	None
Foundation Drainage Features	Unknown
Toe Drains	None other than rock fill at original toe shown on As-Builts; not confirmed.
Instrumentation System	None evident

PROJECT STONY BROOK RESERVOIR DAM		DATF	25 October 1)79			
PROJECT FEATURE Gate House  DISCIPLINE Hydrailics/Structures				NAME		
				NAME	Carl J. Hoffman	
	AREA EVALUATED				CONDITIONS	
OUTL	ET WORKS - CONTROL TOWER					
a. (	Concrete and Structural	Towe	r not	inspected	f from interior.	
	General Condition	Fair				
	Condition of Joints	N.A.				
	Spalling	Mino	r			
	Visible Reinforcing	None				
	Rusting or Staning of Concre	ete	None			
	Any Seepage or Efflorescence	e	None			
	Joint Alignment		N.A.			
	Unusual Seepage or Leaks in Gate Chamber		Unkno	wn		
	Cracks		None	evident		
	Rusting or Corrosion of Stee	el	None	evident		
b	Mechanical and Electrical					
	Air Vents		N.A.			
	Float Wells		N.A.			
	Crane Hoist		N.A.			
	Elevator		N.A.			
	Hydraulic System	N.A.				
	Service Gates		Not v	erified,	said to be operative	
	Emergency Gates		Not v	erified,	said to be operative	
	Lighting Protection System		N.A.			
	Emergency Power System		М.А.			
	Wiring and Lighting System Gate Chamber	in	N.A.			

PROJECT STONY BROOK RESERVOIR DAM	DATE 20 October 19 9
PROJECT FEATURE Waste Pipe	NAME
DISCIPLINE Hydraulics/Structures	NAME Carl J. Hoffman
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - TRANSITION AND CONDUIT	
General Condition of Concrete	Unknown
Rust or Staining on Concrete	Caknown
Spalling	Unknown
Erosion or Cavitation	Unknown
Cracking	Unknown
Alignment of Monoliths	N.A.
Alignment of Joints	Unknown
Numbering of Monoliths	У.А.

One 24 inch diameter waste pipe, could only be inspected from outlet end. Headwall and pipe appeared to be in fair condition.

PROJECT STONY BROOK RESERVO! R DAM	DATE 25 October 1979		
PROJECT FEATURE Conduct Outlet and Channe	NAME		
DISCIPLINE Soils/Seology			
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS		
OUTLET WORKS - OUTLET STRUCTURE AND OUTLET CHANNEL			
General Condition of Concrete	Rubble masonry outlet headwall		
Rust or Staining	N.A.		
Spalling	N.A.		
Erosion or Cavitation	None		
Visible Reinforcing	N.3		
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	Seepage through conduit and lownstream of headwall.		
Condition at Joints	N.A.		
Drain Holes	None		
Channel			
Loose Rock or Trees Overhanging Channel	Trees overhanging		
Condition of Discharge Channel	Fair		

STORY BROOK RESERVOIR DAM	DATE 25 October 1973		
PROJECT FEATURE	NAME		
DISCIPLINE Hydraulics/Structures			
AREA EVALUATED	COMDITIONS		
DUTLEY WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS			
e. Approach Channel	Reservoir Area		
General Condition	Good		
loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None		
Trees Overbanging Channel	None		
Floor of Approach Channel	Unknown (drawings show stone paved)		
b. Weir and Training Walls			
General Condition of Concrete	Good		
Rust or Staining	None		
Spalling	None evident		
Any Visible Reinforcing	None evident		
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	None evident		
Orain Holes	Unknown		
c. Discharge Channel			
Ceneral Condition	Fair		
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None		
Trees Overhanging Channel	Minor		
Floor of Channel	Floor is stone paved, but growth in upper reach.		
Other Obstructions	None.		

PROJECT STONY BROOK RESERVOIR DAM	DATE 25 October 1979		
PROJECT FFATURE Service Bridge	NAME		
DISCIPLINE Structures	NAME Carl J. Hoffman		
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS		
OUTLET WORKS - SERVICE BRIDGE			
a. Superstructure	Bridge summerzed by about 1 ft. of water.		
Bearings	Chknown		
Anchor Bolts	Unknown		
Bridge Seat	Unknown		
Longitudinal Members	Unknown		
Underside of Deck	Cnknown		
Secondary Bracing	Concrete Structure		
Deck	Appears Good		
Drainage System	Unknown		
Railings	Missine		
Expansion Joints	Unknown		
Paint	м.А.		
b. Abutment & Piers			
General Condition of Concrete	Unknown		
Alignment of Abutment	Unknown		
Approach to Bridge	·lood		
Condition of Seat and Backwall	Taknowa		

PROJECT: STONY BROOK RESERVOIR DAM DATE: 25 October 1979

AREA EVALUATED CONDITIONS

Outlet Works - Intake Channel and Intake Structure

N.A.

APPENDIK B

ENGINEERING DATA

	ANY- 32 PARTIE RESOURCES COUNTRILIES / 6
Ir.	ventoried was inventory data  Output  Output
Jat	te 1 MACH 1965
	Name of Lam or Pond Stony Brook RESERVOIR
	Colle No. 794 HC 14 5B 43
	Nearest Street Location CHERRY LAKE
	TOWN MONTY LLE Long 72.08.9
	Town MONTY LLE Long 72.08.9  U.S.O.S. Quad. MONTY LLE LAT 91-29.2  Name of Stream STONY BROOK
	Owner PUBLIC UTILITIES DEPARTMENT CITY " 7/78 Augress 34 SHETUCKET STREET
	Augress 34 SHETCOVET STREET
	NORWICH
	Pond Used For MATTER SUPPLY 22 26751
	Dimensions of Pond: Midth (180 FEET bength 2500 FEET Area 1840
	340 +?パーティス゚。 feeT bength of Spillway 多り Filt
	Location of Spillway FAST END OR EAST DAM
	Height of Pond Allove Streem Bed ABOUT 30 FETT MAXIMUM
	Height of Embankment Above Spillway 5 FCFT
	Type of Spillway Construction CONCRETE
	Type of Dike Construction EARTH CONCRETE CORE
	Lownstream Conditions 60005
	Summary of File Data LETTER FROM B H. PALMER DATED 5-13-63
	SAYING " " THINK THE DAM IS IN GOOD CONDITION.
	Lemarks > The Sections FORM THE DAM WAS
711	BOILT 10 1911
	Could Failure Cauce Damage? YES
	Vould Failure Cause Damage? YES Class B

Pestuary ... 1 et e

Mr. Robert Grimshaw General Norsger Department of Public Utilities P. C. Box .. : (34 Shetushet utreat Morwion, Junecticat 2002

Subject: Lams owned by Town of Norwich, Norwich, Sonn.

Dear Mr. Grimshaw:

Per recent correspondence in a meeting in your office on 3 < 3 < 12, i.e., we have inspected ten same cames by the Took of Norwich, Department of Fublic Utilities, and are attaching object of our membs to file on each if these dams.

As a summary, we are listing below the names and locations of the canawith a brief statement of the regain or maintenance work which should be performed to maintain these dams in a safe condition.

On January 15, 1969, the unpersigned inspects, too prectric ower dams with Albert S. Nystrom, your elictrical Construction Construction Constitutement.

- 1. <u>Greenville Dum Mittion</u> Extensive work has been done on this com-since 1961 consisting primarily of replacement of petriorated timbers. Generally, the dam appears in good condition. Request that following work by done:
  - A. Remove small maple tree on top of west abutment
  - B. Remove supling from downstream face of west abutment
  - C. Remove trees on east abutment
  - D. Some of the horizontal planks on the lowest level have not been replaced and appear somewhat deteriorated. Replace when needed.
- 2. Occum Dam Morwich Generally, the dam appears in good condition.
- Request that following work be some before september, 1909.

  A. Fill in er. 19 bitches in earth section at the east end of the sum. Loam and seed over fill and over a low gravel area as seent to the masonry salt.
  - B. Remove trees from mast abutment (earth portion,
  - C. Remove small trees near masonry walls at the extreme west end of the 12 1Fee:

. On January 23, 1969, the undersioned inspected the fill-wind water subject reservoir dams with Humphrey Leary, your superintendent, mater Division.

- There are two dams on this restriction.

  Dam #1. This is a smaller dam on the north end of the reservoir with spillway. It is requested that the following cork be done varure declarate. These
  - A. Repair the upstream training wall on the north size of the spinway.
  - B. Remove some brush and depris in the lower spillway change...
  - C. In a letter dated May 75, 1.43 from Therence Blair, me stated that the and Shepard Palmer concurred that rhashboards should not be died on this dam. This is mentioned for your information only.

 $\frac{\text{Dam } \#2}{\text{max}}$ . This is a larger dam at the southeast corner of the reservoir constant has a drawdown structures. It is requested that the following work by the dates specified.

- A. By September, 1969, remove all trees growing near the toe or the parameter by brush piles covering same.
- B. As soon as possible, get rid of ill woodchucks near the dam; the holes were noted on the downstream slope. Institute measures to protect the slope from further purrowing.
- O. Observe from time to time the slight depression on the top of the dam above where the pipes pass through the dam, to see of there is now additional settlement. This office should be notified it it is necessary to fill in this slight depression.
- 4. Leep River Reservoir Dam Colonster The smilliony smeaned at this dam was Cannited in ladd ber previous algebraisms and accepte in excellent condition. We request that the following work is done as such as cosmicles
  - A. Determine if the woodchuck holes described in our memo are factive than take measures to protect the downstream slope from future currie.
  - B. Pemove remaining brush at the toe of the downstream ambanement. I late of the trees and crush have already been removed.;
  - Supply information regarding the raising of this dat as requested in separate letter.

There was quite a bit of seepage at the downstream too. We are directing an engineering consultant to this commission to inspect this condition and report to us on the safety of the dom.

- 5. Taftville Res. #1 Dam Norwich Some work has recently been done on this dam which has an arently corrected the seepage through the easterly part of this dam along Canterbury Turnpike. We request that the following items receive attention before September, 1909:
  - A. Woodchuck holes on the downstream side should be inspected to see if they are active and measures taken to prevent future purrowing. This should be done as soon as possible.

- B. Reset stones and mortar the training wall on the east size of the spillway on the upstream side of the dam. Fig rap should be placed up to the top of this wall.
- C. Rip-rap the upstream embalkment at the distorly end or the dam error check the top of the dam with a level in this area to see that there are no low sputs. If so, these should be filled in to the same elevation as the top of the dam.
- 6. Taftville wes. #2 Dam Horwich e request that the following work be done as soon as cossible.
  - A. Restore rip-rap on the u stream slope to the original level where it has settled or been washed away.
  - B. There was water flowing around the waste pipe at the loc of the same with water four feet below full pond. You are requested to noticy us when the pond is full so that this may be onecded again.

We have directed an engineering consultant to this Commission to check the adequacy of the spilling and to betermine if there is sufficient critection of the downstream slope in the event of flow through the emergency spillings.

- 7. Taftville Res. #3 Dam. horwich This dam has upparently even spandenes. The dam should either have mijor repair were some to it as indicated in the enclosed nemo, or be removed. If it is decided not to remove the structure, a hydrologic and hydraulic study should be made to determine if the structure has sufficient ponding and spillbay capacity to prevent over-topping in a large storm. Please notify us at your earliest convenience of your decidion in this regard.
- 8. Bog Meadow Nom Norwhich This dam requires fairly major repair and maintenance work, indicated on the enclosed memo. These items should be corrected in the near future.

Please advise us at your earliest convenience as to your intentions.

9. Fairview Reservoir Lam - Norwich - There are two dikes and one main dam at this reservoir.

The dikes are generally in satisfactory condition but require maintenable work as specified in the enclosed memo.  $\lim_{n\to\infty} |f_{n,n}(x,y)| \leq |f_{n,n}(y,y)|$ 

The main dam appears in good condition. In order to properly evaluate the overall safety of the structure, because of the wet area below this dam, we have written a letter to you (under separ to cover) remesting additional information.

10. Dum on Stop, Propy immediately written from Story Drovy Heary in - Montylle - This is a well-built earth dam with muson; Halls on the depositions and commistream sides. There is not any water behave this dam at the present time, but because of the condition of the butlet structure, the reservoir socio fill up and perhaps overtop in 4 large storm. It is requested that the reliables work be done:

- A. Remove all treas from the dam
- 5. Install an effective trash rack on the outlet structure
- C. Provide a diversion of excess run-off to avoid overtopping of the

None of the above requested work would require the issuance or a Johnstruction Permit except for repair or recoval or Taftva - w Reservoir fo, Norwich, Bog Meadow Dam, Norwich; or the dam above ottom grock neservoir, mantville. Plans for the ripair of removal of these 3 dams would have to be submitted for approval by an engineer registered in the State of Connecticut and bearing his certification and seal.

You are hereby advised that these inspections did not involve a complete engineering analysis us to the safety or stability of these dama, but observes only a visual inspection indicating items in need of maintenance, r oir, or further scuare. A complete engineering unalysis would be required to the court these same are safe or unsafe. Ourn whole you'very that the porings to provide information on the foundation and entankment. We read not unitiate such an investigation ourserves and would not require this at a dam bener unless surface conditions made the safety of the dam built t, und this was the only method of resolving the print. He are not suggesting that such an investigation is necessary for these dams.

Because of increasing demands on our staff for restine ear a re, it may not be possible to inspect these dams each year unless there is an includer concern about a certain dam which we would indpect at any time.

One of our engineering consultants has been directed to initiate a study on the adequacy of the spillways on each of these structures but because it monetary limitations we do not expect of have this study complete until the summer of 1969.

We hope that this inspection has satisfied your request.

Very truly yours.

John J. Curry Director

Encls. JUDINETTER

13-5

3011 2001 / Fx 1000

Memo to: File

From: William H. O'Brien III

Montville

On January 23, 1969, the undersigned inspected the subject dam in the locality of Mr. Humphrey Leary, Superintendent, Town of Norwich Pakilo Stilltles Department.

There are two dams on this reservoir, built in 1911.

Dam No. 🗣 - This is a smoller dam on the north end of the reservoir with a spilway. The following points were noted at the time of inspection.

.. The upstream training wall on the north wall of the spillway was pushed out capove the water line, and should be repaired.

- T 3. Seepage at the toe was noted approximately 100 feet $\pm$  south of the spillway. The water was not flowing and there was no evidence : . fines being carried from the rock at the toe of the dam.
  - 3. Brush and trees referred to in 5-13-03 letter from Palmer had deep removed.
  - 4. Some trush and detris was noted in the lower spillway, and should be
  - 5. The water level was 3g feet below the spillway.

#### Dam No. 🌲

This is a larger ism with a drawnown structure at the southwast proof a secretary. The following items were noted at the time of indication.

- I. Trees growing at the toe of the dam and crush ciles in this area 0.017to temoved.
- 1 . Two woodchuck holes were noted in the townstream at the first trans-One was approximately LOS feet morth of the south which the secutive is the figure accut ten reet above the toe. The other was of feet los of the bruth or the north and and about hair was up the ampanement.
  - 3. There is one 14" aucosy line and a 14" waste line assarent. Fept to to a .i" it the cutiet.
  - 4. There is a slight decression on the top if the same where these like cass under the same. This depression chouse on waters to restrict the
  - B. There is a valve couse on the obstrass out the dam and out the te the waste and supray lines.



WHUIII:/DF

3-6

February 4, 1969

Mr. Humphrey Leary, Superintendent Water Division Town of Norwich Public Utilities Department Norwich, Connecticut

Subject: Stony Brook Dam Montville

Dear Mr. Leary:

When we went through the plans for the subject dam at your office, we found three plans that we would like copies of. They are as follow:

- 1) Blueprints totaling five large and one small. These were plans prepared by Chandler & Palmer for the Board of Water Commissioners and dated 1911. We would like copies of plans # 2, 4, 5 and 5.
- 2) Blueprint "Plan Made for the Board of Water Commissioners Bridge Alterations at Stony Brook". Chandler & Palmer May, 194~.
- 3) Duplicates of plans #4 and 5 showing proposed 5 foot addition in white line (penciled in).

Thank you for your cooperation.

Very truly yours,

William H. C'Brien III Civil Engineer

WHGIII : vhb

STATE WATER RESOURCES ! COMMISSION RECEIVED 7 - 14 1903 ANSW RUD REFERRED . ..... FILED

May 13, 1963

Re: Stonybrook Reservoir

Mr. Philip L. White General Manager Public Utilities Department Norwich, Connecticut

Dear Sir: -

On Saturday, May 11th, I visited the Ston-brook Res. This is located in the Town of Montville and forms a reservoir which is part of the water supply of the City of Norwich. The dam is an earth fill dam, which was constructed in 1911 and has a concrete core wall. The dam was raised 5 feet in height some years later. \*\* There is a spillway 35 feet wide and 5 feet deep and there was about 2" of water coming over the spillway at the time of the inspection.

The main cam is several hundred feet long and quite high and from examination it appears to be in good condition.

There is a second dam near the spillway. This is much shorter and lower in height. There was a small leak which showed downstream in this second dam located about 100 feet South of the spillway. The leak is not excessive and I have noticed it there before. I think it should be examined from time to time but I do not think it is any cause for anxiety.

Under the head of maintenance I suggest that the brush and trees on the two dams be cut down, so that there will be no danger of an opening being made in case of a high wind storm. The railing leading to the gatehouse is pipe railing, which should have a coat of paint to protect it.

Other than these two items I thin the dam is in good condition.

Very truly yours,

CHANDLER & PALMER

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BHP 'ew c.c.: Mr. Smitt N. Sell State Pield inspector

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January 3. 1979. In Consider Min. Contract of 1, 1979 and again on Generary 3. 1979. In Consider Min. Contract of these dates about \$2, Table. The bond was blen Medical to this manneauth of Contract Contract of the Contrac

1. This is a small look date to the action the second or contil at a small date of the action of the

- 2. Doublorram Sand the noundless and the transform became in a small amount of converge. That the transform use a mount to have an analysis of the grains. We do not key as the far anniety.
- 3. In October Slaw best of and criss and bases on the ambankments had been cleared. The classing cost had been completed on January Srd.
- d. Collivay and Cauthens walls announce be in orduced disting.

#### 

From our inepsection I believe the dam is safe and in reasonably good condition.

#### 

Perodic inspections capallibe m.C. of the dam and personance and the people areas referred to show. I do not believe it is necessary to take any corrective action on the seenage. This condition has existed for a long time. It is very aimor and it is glite common to see this at the downstream saids of a dam.

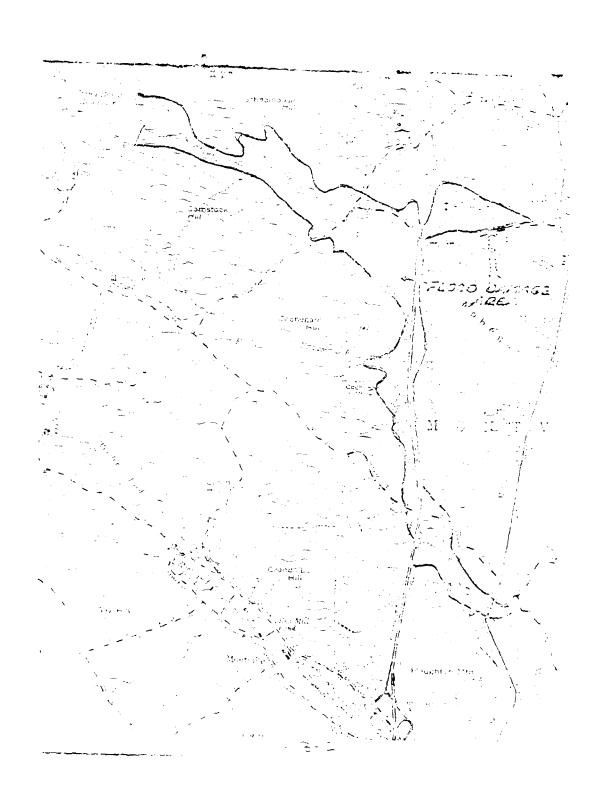
#### CONTRACT CONTRACTOR

If the main dam at Stony Prock should fall instantaneously there would be migh damper to luse and damage to property. Stony Brook is at Dievecton 200 and empties into Norton Care (side water) a distance of about 1.7 miles. The brook runs successfy

down hill through a wooded area before reaching the vicinity of Fitch Hill Road at which point there would be considerable damage.

The plain Southeast of Firch Hill Road would be Flooded including the Pensi Cola distribution of ter. House 52 would be under water as shown on the plan.

There would be embensive damage and danger at Raymond Mill Road and at Route 32.



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Murner two, or middle gate, was aloned in a was encaused with narroades or tuberculation. The shaft on this gate was bent and the buide orace was pulled away from the wall, making it impossible to us note this oute.

also encased with barrantes on tunerrulation and was tigrtly shirt. The guide brand on this gave normed to be in good order. I did not try to open this gave as I was afroid segment magnit get in the well, also, all exposed setul in the well was heavily covered with paramoles or tiber-culation.

This operation was performed by the Whaling City Orecze and Dock Corporation, Groton, Conn.

STATE BOARD OF SUPERVISION OF DAYS

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ROLL STATE DEFICE SOLUTION OF DAYS

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Purity of the 76 2. . . 15 1 4.00 March 15 1 20 20 March 15 1 20 20

General S. M. Madhers, D. Alman State Patrice Supermitter of the a State Office Ruilain; Harritra, Johnsetlaut

Dear Jenspil Medhama:

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Yerr araly passes,

Jan Black

dlamand D. grain

die do A Barthern I Johnson

3-5

April 20, 1971

Wr. John Luchs
John J. Mozzochi & Associates
Consulting Engineers
217 Hebron Avenue
Glastonbury, Connecticut

Re: Stonybrook Reservoir Dam Montville

Dear John:

Per your telephone request of April 20, 1971 we enclose the following plans of the subject dam:

- Plan by the Chapman Valve Manufacturing Company, Incian Orchard, Massachusetts, number 339-8-6415 dated June 25, 1916.
- Plan No. 4 for Board of Weter Commissioners Norwich, Connecticut, "Plan of Main Dam" consisting of 3 separate sheets by Chandler & Palmer Engineers dated 1911 showing plan profiles and cross sections (2 sheets).
- 3. Board of Water Commissioners, City of Norwich Stony Brook Reservoir. "Spillway Channel"-Chandler & Palmer, Engineers dated 1911-12.
- 4. "Side Dam" (profile, plan and cross sections).
- 5. "Contour Map".

Enclosed are a total of 8 sheets which are all the plans we have on this dam. It would be appreciated if you would return them as soon as you are finished with them.

Very truly yours,

William H. O'Brien, III Civil Engineer November 6, 1969

Fr. John Luchs John J. Corrothi and Associates 217 Lebron Avenue Glastonbury, Connecticut 06033

> Subject: Stonybrook Reservoir Dam #2 Contville, Connecticut

Dear John:

Under the terms of your agreement to act as consultant to this Commission, would you inspect and report on the safety of the subject dam, unich is the smaller of the two dams on this reservoir and is at the north enular the reservoir.

We are particularly interested in an evaluation of seepage along the toe of the dam about ICC feet south of the spillway. With the mater mevel a feet below the spillway, the water at the toe was stagnant. Flease check with the Morwich P. U. C. before inspecting the dam concerning the water level so that it may be inspected under full pond conditions. (John Desmond 817-2553). We have also requested that they notify us at full pond.

Very truly yours,

William H. C'Brien III Civil Engineer

(MOIII:hm

## REQUEST FOR QUOTATION THE CITY OF NORWICH

(Original)

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₹.	REPAIRS TO STONY BROOK, TAFTVILLE #2 A RESERVOIR DAMS  For furnishing all of the required suptools, equipment and materials necesserable work at Owner's Stony Brook Researd #2 and #2 and Cherry Lane Dam, to include	ervision, labor, ry to complete ervoir Tamo #1	
•	trees, brush and debris and suitable meattached detail for a lump sum of  Same as item 1, to complete repair wor Taftville #2 Reservoir Dam, to include trees, brush and debris and providing	k at "wher's the removal of	
	on upstream face of the dam as per atta a lump sum of Same as item 1, to complete repair work Meadow Reservoir Dam, to include remove	c at Cumer's For el of Trees, truan	
	and debris and suitable masonry work a inlat per attached detail for a lump suitem #1 - STONY BROOK RESERVOIR DAMS		
	Dam #1 - Southeast Corner of Reservoir	- Work to be Tone	
	(a.) Access to the dam site may be had end, however, as the access ends end of the dam and there is no cula vehicle around for curposes of difficult.  Please access without exception all guetons are loss this	at the westerly leds-ess, turning exit may be	: <del>-</del>
	OF NORWICH ou as above,	Date	19

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### REQUEST FOR QUOTATION THE CITY OF NORWICH

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		( '6.)	Access to this active dams at the road from Peservoir in a	t Stony Ereck the main ent	, is to resemble	be bad on follow Stony Endok	(ee
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#### REQUEST FOR QUOTATION THE CITY OF NORWICH

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Terms:	% days: Net days Shippin	ng Weight	(i
ni Quantity	Materials and/or Services Required		Price
	(d.) Remove brush and debris from the for a distance of 50 feet.  (e.) The Contractor shall dispose of a debris cleaned from the spillway from the Reservoir proper.  (f.) The Contractor shall repair any dof the dam due to trucks or other the construction period. He shall off smooth, and if desired by the reseed any areas that require it.  Inactive Cherry Lane Dam - Work to be (a.) Access to this dam located immediation Stony Brock Reservoir is by	ll brush and by removing it  amage to the top vehicles during 1 rake this area Cwner's Superintend  Tone ately upstream	ent,
	a dirt road west of the Stony Bro entrance.  (b.) Removal of all trees on the dam p	om Reservoir main	
	(c.) Removal of trees and brush for a upstream from the dam proper and spillway section.	distance of 25 feet	
	(d.) The Contractor shall dispose of a taken from dam proper, 25 feet up spillway by removing them from the	stream and the .	
<del></del>	Presse answer without excepting all queries of the control	order vest of the constant of	
To THE CITY	OF NORWICH	Date	ι¢
		Da: 9	, ,

We quote you as above.

Signed:

By:

December 18, 1970

Mr. John P. Desmond
Superintendent of Purchasing & Stores
City of Norwich
Department of Public Utilities
P. O. Box 1008
34 Shetucket Street
Norwich, Connecticut 06360

Re: Public Utilities Dept. Dams, Norwich

Dear Mr. Desmond:

Thank you for your lotter of November 13, 1970 stating that all the repair work requested by this department in the fall of 1969 has been completed.

As I look out the window it is now showing so it may be springtime bofore we can roinspect these dams. We will be in further touch with you when it is possible for us to do this. Thank you for your cooperation.

Very truly yours,

William H. O'Brien, III Civil Engineer

WHOIII:mh



#### STATE OF CONNECTICUT

WATER RESOURCES COMMISSION

STATE OF FIGE DUMPING ... O. HARTESHO, CONVENTIOUS (#217)

November 6, 1969

Mr. John Desmond Supt. of Furchasing and Stores Department of Public Utilities City of Norwich P. O. Box 1008 - 34 Shatocket Street Norwich, Connecticut 00360

Subject: 1. Stonybrook Reservoir Dams 1 & 1, Monty.lls

Cherry Lane Dam (at Stonytrook, Montville
 Taftville Reservoir #2, Normich

4. Bog Meadow Reservoir Dam, Norwich.

Dear Mr. Desmond:

In answer to your latter of October 27, 1969 and enclosed specifications for repairs to the subject dams, we have the following comments:

1. Stonybrook Reservoir, Montville

Dam #1 - O.K.

Dam #2 - 0.K.

We request that you advise us when this reservoir is full. Water up to the spillway, so that we may have the secrege at the too cheeses under this condition.

- 2. Cherry Lane Dam (at Stonybrook), Montville C.K.
- 3. Taftville Reservoir #2, Morwich O.K.

We have not as yet received the comments of our consultant in the "low grassed area" in the top of the dam and the larkage around the winter pipe. Please advise us when this reservoir is full also.

- 4. Bog Meadow Reservoir Dam, Morwich
  - a) The work called for does not include items 1 thru 4 of our mode dated February 5, 1969, a copy of which has been sent to you, we would like to know in some datail (a sketch wroted be helpful excett) what will be done to correct these items. When this has been received. we will decide if a Construction Fermit is necessary. It is not anticipated that one would be required.
  - b) We would like more istail on the installation of the chain line are fence at the inlet structure. It should be declared to it it can not become clogged if reby deer below the bay-district the cilibary. Please submit a drawing of the preceded install tion.

Mr. John Desmond -2-

c) A Construction Fermit is not required for the work in your specifications and they are fine as far as they go.

Please advise us as the work is completed at each reservoir. We will plan to inspect them from time to time as the schedule permits.

Very truly yours,

William H. O'Brien III Civil Engineer

November 6, 1969

WHOIII:hm

4 , 50



# CITY OF NORWICH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

State of Connecticut Water Resources Commission State Office Building Hartford, Connecticut C6115

Attn: Mr. William H. O'Brien, III, Civil Engineer

Dear Mr. O'Brien:

As per our recent telephone conversation, we enclose the proposed specifications for repairs to And removal of trees, brush and debris at Stony Brook, Taftville #2 and Bog Messow Reservoir Dams.

Before this bid is published, we would appreciate your comments as to the work to be accomplished, the wording, etc. You will note that the clean-up of lumber at theory land lim in Stony Brook Reservoir along with the filling in of wood-chuck holes and repairing of fences are not mentioned, this work has already been accomplished or is in the process of being accomplished by our Water Division personnel.

The Deep River Reservoir work is also to be nandled in a separate manner, as I have explained to you verbally, and Mr. Charles Hochmann of Charles A. Maguire Associates had been directed to contact you before borings on this dam are started.

Chandler and Palmer, Engineers, have been engaged by us to write specifications and draw plans for the major repairs to Taftville #3 Reservoir Dam and this, after receiving approval from your Department, will also be handled in a separate manner.

In answer to your letter to Mr. Grimsnaw dated intober 17. we trust that the work as outlined in these specifications will suffice for Bog Meadow Dam as these were drawn up by Inangler and Palmer on August 13, 1969.

We will await your reply before proceeding further.

Very truly yours,

DITY OF MCHWICH LEPARIMENT OF PUBLIC WILLOWS

Sunt of Furenceing and there

JTDesmond bg Enclosure



# CITY OF NORWICH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

P. O. BOX 1008
34 SHETUCKET STREET
NORWICH, CONN. 06360
November 13, 1-73
887 - 1555

State of Connecticut Water Resources Commission State Office Building Hartford, Connecticus Coll5

Attn: Mr. Pelletier

Gentlemen:

As per our telephone conversation of date, we wish to advise that the repairs requested by your Mr. william O'Brion, Civil Engineer, in the 1801 of 1869 have been completed as of November 9, 1970.

Our Mr. Humphrey Leary, water Superintendent, will can happy to accompany you or any member of the Mater Resources Commission on a tour of the reservoirs affected at your convenience.

Sincerely yours,

GITY OF NORWICH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC STILLINGS

Supt. of Furenesing and Correct

JTDesmond/bg

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3-25

April 23, 1969

Mr. Humphrey Leary, Superintendent water Division
Department of Public Utilities
Horwich, Connecticut

Subjects: Stony Brook Reservoir Dam <u>Montville</u>

Taftville Reservoir #1 Dam Norwich

Dear Mr. Leary:

We are enclosing the originals of the following plans which you loaned to us to have copies made.

- A drawing of the slide gate prepared by the Chapman Valve Mfg. Co. dated June 26, 1916, for Stony Brook Reservoir Dam, Montville.
- 2. Blueprints numbered 896-11, 896-12 and 896-13 dated June 10, 1943, prepared by Chas. T. Main Inc. Engineers, Boston, labeled Ponemah Mills. (Taftville Reservoir #1, Norwich).

Thank you for your cooperation.

Very truly yours,

William H. C'Brien III Civil E.gineer

Encs.

"HOIII ivho

JOHN J. MOZZOCHI AND ASSOCIATES CIVIL ENGINEERS

JOHN J MOZZOCHI ASSOC ATES CWEN J WHITE JOHN LUCHS JR ECTOR L. GIOVANNINI

JL/ed

January 13, lybd

GLASTONEOPY COMM CECCO LIT HERREN MICHUE PROPE 613-5401

PROVIDENCE, R. 1 02903 200 STEP STILLEY PHONE WASPER 1-04440

REPLY To: Glasteniury

Mr. William H. O'Grien III State of Connecticut Water Resources Commission State Office Building Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Dear Mr. O'Brien:

Stong Grak Research De 1 Montaile

I have checked our file No. 57-75-83 and find I was requested to estimate the spillway capacities for the nine (9) dams on November 30, 1957. This request came a short time after the death of John Mo-zoohi and due to the confusion, was filed away with nothing being done to date.

The file does contain some material Mr. Mogscohi outaired as follows:

- Repairs to Occum Dam & Hydro-Elec. Station Sheets 1, 10 & 11.
- 2. Some minor information on the Greenville lam. (3)  $^{\alpha} \times 11^{\alpha}$ copy sheets taken off of larger plans).
- 3. Rough field measurements of spillways.

To check the adequacy of the spillways on the rine dans, I feel it is necessary to visit each site and get the necessary field information for analysis. I will also attempt to get prints (of construction argument) for record purposes.

Very truly yours,

JOHN J. MOCCOCHI AUT ADDICIATED

Joyn Duct 2, Cr., Concerte

STATE WATER RESOURCES COMMISSION

RECEIVED

ESQ1 : 1 MAL.

AMSWERED ---F7 15 \_\_\_\_\_



#### STATE OF CONNECTICUT

WATER RESOURCES COMMITSION

STATE OFFICE BUILDING . HARTFORD CONNECTION ALL. Committee of the

Mr. John Luins John J. Mozzachi & Associates 217 Hebron Avenue Glastonbury, Sinnesticut

Subject: Dept. of audil. Printing Dam. Norwith: Montrill und in rester

Dear John:

On November 30, 1967, we wrote to June Mondount acknowled for a record on the adequacy or the spiriways in wair on dide data where the City of Norwich and previously referred to in his letter of September on, 1967, your file No. 57-73-33.

The dams are as follows:

- Stony Brown Reservair, Matyiria Deep River Reservair, Dalamester
- 3. Geen River Reservair. Unionester
  3. Occum Dam. Snetworet River Norwloh
  4. Greenville Dam. Stetucket River Norwloh
  5. Fairview Reservoir Dam. Norwloh
  6. Taftville Reservoir #1 Dam. Norwloh
  7. Taftville Reservoir #2 Dam. Norwloh
  7. Taftville Reservoir #3 Dam. Norwloh
  8. Taftville Reservoir #3 Dam. Norwloh

- 4. Bog Mesdow Reservoir Dam. Norvilla

Would you clease advise us of the status of this second

Jinn had apparently made an effort to locate class of these 330s with quite similed success, since meny of the restrict whose success. A would see that you send to us whatever class, specifications of that date he was able to assumple when you are through with them.

In making these studies, in addition to your regular analysis, which who evaluate the raintal, which evaluates a romain errors to the spillway canadities. In determining outs functain, present on the fell wind durations:

Drainage area	Rainfall duration
10 square miles or less	6 hours
10 - 50 square miles	12 hours
50 - 100 square miles	18 hours
greater than 100 square miles	24 to 96 hours

Very truly yours,

William H. O'Brien III
Civil Engineer

WHOIII: vhb

## JOHN J. MOZZOCHI AND ASSOCIATES CALL ENGINEERS

GLASTONE INT CONN. SEGSS PHONE 433 9461

OHN J. MOZZOCHI ASSOCIATES

OWEN J WHITE JOHN LUCHS, JR. ECTOR L GIOVANNINI

Les under STATE WALL RESOURCES | COmmission PROVIDENCE R : 02903 300 DYFR SHREET PHONE GASHEE 1:0420 RECEIVED St. 23 - 53/ ANG WILD D 2255 J.C. D

REPLY TO Signfunctury

Mr. William P. Cancer Engineer - Violomist State of Connections Water Resources Commission State Office Buildirg Hartford, Connecticut 06115

> %e: ur Filo №. 57-73-33 Dity-Owned Date
> Norwick, Johnsonicut

Dear Mr. Bander:

In response to your instruction of May 12, 1967, authorizing he to inspect the nine (9) dann owned by the Dity of Morrish. I eventually make an appointment through the Tenench Tity Danaber. Account Grimshaw, to meet with the head of the Public Stillity Department. Mr. Mystrom, and the Department of the Sater Department. Mr. Leary, and met with them on Decode; Jestember Stin.

Of the nine dams concerned, two are operated by the Technical Power Repartment of Morwich and seven by the Mater Technical Figure 1 and 1 Of the nine dams ocncerned, two are operation by the Tleming order at coth sams.

In the order of their importance, the water recovers a mo are as follows:

Storey Tradition on Lordy Lt. mater at a 500 million maller dapacety:

Deep River Penarveir, and Colonester, man at 395 million on Albert

Fairvios Deservoir, in Newton, pate out ASO million 1811 but

Taftvalle wi rated at it mullion coulons; Taftville y2 rated at 82 million palling: Tailtville /3 rated at about one sill on yallsto; Bog Headow Dam, which has never been in one,

My observations of these dams showed that they have seen well kept up with the exception of some minor work which bould be easily accomplished through the normal maintainence program. I discussed these in detail with ir. Leary at the time of my inspection and list them herewith:

has no exact quantity determined.

On Stoney Proc: there are reversh small should no color tre-s on the dat incelf which should be removed. The brund on the scene stream side of the chosanchest should be observed it and the turn. cover sould stand some fertilizing in order to create a little cetter growth.

The same maintenance program applies to the Leep Riv r Reservair.

Taftwille 71 is in very good condition with the exception that there is one twin 10% oak tree in the embarament which anothe so removed.

Tailtville 12 has to have trees cleared and bruch removed as in the other cases.

Taftwille 3 has not been used in some years and it would . large amount of electing of the dike cocause it has on resum or mendously.

This also applies to For Mesdow which are not revenible. It also has treed and invent to be removed and, in adultion there will be none repair work some in the rip run union man soon display with the corner of the maconing wall near the applicacy of a line will be not fill is required.

I remeet do that plans on all of these into the firming of the doing to could up a file in our office. It wis used institute find an absolute land of any information as to obtain a control of have not been able to determine bacther or not these consequent through the offices of Dwardler and Falmer who agreem to make with the consultants for the city to such but the pears and, and but tip, tower such of this information to their file of remains proving the better position to section to section. better position to contact them.

I think that this but the limit of an authorization is to the increasions. If there is a merific part of the apparity for 10s year above on if the departity for 10s year above on if the increase is more extensive program of invents other width on a sum  $\alpha$ 

Very north way.

3-31

J.T.

Stoney Brook Reservir Dam, Norman

THIS MEMORANDER OF ALL AGREEMENT, sales and entered into this day, of \_\_\_\_\_\_ 1924, by and between The board of Fater Commissioners of the Jity of Forwich of the first part, and \_ contractor, of the second part,

## EITHELE CEEKTIF

TRAF the said centractor has agreed, and does by these presents-agree, with the party of the first part, for the comsiderations horsinafter mentioned, and under the penalty expressed in a bend bearing even date herewith and hereto annexed, at his or its own cost and expense, to furnish all necessary tools, materials and labor, except as hereafter mentioned, for the construction, in a thorough, substantial and workmanlike manner, of additions to the dams and appartenances at the Stony Brook Reservoir, Ulin Mornitch under the direction of, and in accordance with, the plane made by the engineers of the party of the first part, and in accordance with the following.

# ARBOIPICATIOES.

## BATTERS AND STAKES!

The contractor shall furnish and set all necessary batters and stakes on which the engineers will mark the lines and grades of the finished work.

## KATTRIALE:

All meterials emert steel for reinfarcing cancrete, which will be furnished by the Board of Water Commissioners, are to be formished by the confronter; and shall be of the book quality of the kind and class appendical.

my suffection medicated fact the warrant do baken from any E levelon ik the vicinity of the reser-

voir, except in the vicinity of the tool house. The locations from which material is taken must be those approved by the engineers.

#### CIMEET:

First class Portland coment, of a brand approved by the engineers must be used.

Ho dement is to be brought on to the ground, The brand of which has not been previously approved by the engineers. This must be stored and held until sufficient time and opportunity has been given for tests satisfactory to the engineers, or until permission has been given by the engineers to use it. The oment must be stored in tight buildings with floors at least one foot above the ground, and no bags of dement any portion of which has become hardened will be allowed to be used.

The sement must be able to pass the tests of the inerican Society of Civil Engineers for testing materials, and neat sement must show in a twenty-four hour test a tensile etrangth of one hundred seventy-five pounds per square inch, and in a seven days' test at least four hundred pounds per square inch.

Permission from the engineers to use any ownent, either before or after testing, will not relieve the contractor from the necessity of doing good work, nor of removing any work that proves imperfect and replacing the same with good work.

## : TEALE

The sand must be clean, sharp, and of medium fineness satisfactory to the engineers, and must test to at least 90 per cent of standard Ottawa sand.

#### BROKEN STORE:

The broken stone used shall be sound and clean and of a size that will pass through a two-inch ring and not pass through a half-inch ring.

March Land State College Control of the College Control of the College College

If reinforced concrete is used, the atons must be small smough to pass through a one and one-half inch ring.

## CLEARING:

All trees and brush shall be removed by the contractor from the ground to be covered by the extensions of the dams.

#### BARTH KKCAYATICH:

The excavation for corewall and spillmay and other masonry, must extend to hard pan, sound ledge or other tight material approved by the engineers.

So much of this material ws is suitable for the embankment may be used there, if properly rolled, temped, or otherwise packed to the satisfaction of the engineers.

The contractor shall first remove the wood, brush and grass from the site of the extensions of the issue and appartenances.

iny earth excevated on the extensions at the direction of the engineers shall be paid for as earth excevation.

Material excepted for masonry foundation and used in the embankment without handling but once, will be paid for but once, and at the price for embankment.

## BOCK EXCAVATION:

Loose and seary ledge and boulders in loose ground must be removed.

Boulders containing one-third of a cubic yard, or more, will be classed as rock excavation.

Therever the corewall is built on ledge, a triangular groove three inches deep must be out therein near the center of the corewall, which will be paid for as though the ledge was excavated to that depth and the width of the wall or footing.

#### BOUNCES IN:

The maturial used in extending the downstream sides of the unbankments below the level of the top of the present embankments shall consist of earth and atomes so mixed that there shall be no vacant places between stones.

The embankments on the upstream side of the corowalls must consist of the best available material. The material small be entirely free from perishable matter. It shall be free from stones as far as practicable, and contain no stones more than four inches long. He stones of any size shall come in contact with each other.

The material used in refilling the corewall and masonry transhes must be either puddled or tamped in six-inch layers.

The material on the downstream side of the corewall above the present level of the top of the embankments must be free from perishable material and rolled with a grooved roller of a weight satisfactory to the engineers, in layers not more than eight inches think before rolling. All stones that would interfere with a proper rolling of the material must be confined to the downstream edge of the embankment.

The ambankment material above the level of the top of the present embankments must be kept as wet as can be without sticking to the roller, or making mud.

The downstream edge of the idenstream embankment not less than 12 inches wide is to be wholly of stone, neatly graded to the lines indicated on the plans, provided there is sufficient stone in the material used in the embankment to make this facing.

No frozen earth shall be used in the embankment, and no earth is to be added when the surface of the embankment is frozen.

#### APPROACHES:

Therever so directed by the engineers whenheers that he made giving access to the main embankments from the present ground. These must have the best available rosa surface contains for the upper eight inches.

#### CONCRETS:

The concrete must contain sufficient coment to more than fill the voids in the sand, and surficient cand to more than fill the voids in the broken stone. In no case shall there be less than one part of coment to three parts of sand, or less than three parts of sand to five parts of broken stone.

The spillway mesonry and bridge pier shall be built of soncrese, containing one part coment, two parts sand, and four parts broken stone.

A mechanical mixer of a type satisfactory to the engineers must be used in mixing concrete, and the material must be mixed thoroughly snough to have the dement coat all the sand uniformly. Only a sufficient amount of water to thoroughly wet the material shall be used.

Clean, wet stones, not more than ten inches long, may be imbedded in the cenerate. The clear space between them, measured horisontally, shall be at least one-half the thickness of the largest adjoining stone, and the spaces, measured vertically, shall be at least three inches. The stones must not come within two inches of the forms, one foot of top of spillway, or twelve inches of the bottom or ends of the dam, commettions, or corewall. The largest dimensions of the stones must not be greater than one-fourth the thickness of the masonry at the height where such stones are placed.

These provisions do not apply to reinforced concrete.

The concrete must be well puddled against the forms and

around such atomes as may be imbedded therein.

The corewall must be built in sections and each section brought up to the top each night, and vertical joints between work done on different days must be well broken by building in removable timbers or boxes, so as to make a V-staped groove at least four inches deep in each joint. Each section must be kept substantially level in building, and the material must be pisceed in such a manner that the more liquid portion anallies well distributed throughout the mass.

The work shall be divided by tight partitions into sections of such a size that the horizontal surface on which concrete is being placed at any time shall not exceed that which can be covered each hour. Fork done on some provious tay must be thoroughly cleaned and washed, the whole surface roughaned, and weak concrete, if any exists, removed before new concrete is just in.

The forms must be strong, tight, clean, and very firmly braced or tied. For expanded surfaces the forms must be planed and ciled. The surface of the concrete after the forms are removed must be freed from all loose material and unsightly projections and, if so directed, all surfaces to remain expand and the water side of corewall shall be painted with a near nement wash, as thick as can be applied with a brush as seen as practicable after removing the forms. The work must be wet when the wash is applied.

All of the work, both finished surfaces and joints must be kept wet for at least two weeks after the concrete is jut in, unless it is sovered with earth. All exposed corners of concrete magning must have three-inch bevels.

#### DETAR:

All mortar used in corewall must consist of one part Portland coment to not more than two parts of sand thoroughly mixed before wetting. Mortor in abutments and aing walls may have not more than three parts sand to one part sagent.

#### STONE MAGNET:

If the spillway is built of stone masonry, the stones must be fairly rectangular and laid on their largest surfaces with full mostar joints. The mortar must be thickly appead, and the stones firmly bedded thereon so as to leave no voids. We stones are to extend through the wall except the coping. The coping stones must extend entirely across the wall and have joints not more than one inch thick. The spillway masonry must be tight.

If the corewall is built of stone mascary, it must be built of clean, wet stones not more than one foot long, well needed in mortar. All stones and chocks are to be pushed into a liberal supply of mortar. The whole upstream surface must be plastered with mortar whom clean and wet. Every necessary precaution must be taken to make the corewall perfectly tight. Abutments, wing wells, and other stone mascary, not otherwise herein described, are to be first-class mortared rabble, finished with stones extending the full width of top of well.

## PAYING:

The water clope of the embankment shall be paved with stones not less than eight inches deep at top of slope and sixteen inches deep at lower side, set on edge on a layer of course gravel or stones not more than four inches long. The joints in the paving chall be entirely filled with broken stone or gravel swept in with stiff brooms or washed in with water.

## BRIDGE:

The present bridge over the spillway is to be removed. That part of the pier under the bridge is to be taken down to a level at least six inches below present top of spillway, so as to allow

the spillway to be extended continuously, and so much of the abutments shall be removed as is necessary to connect the spillway and
conswall extensions continuously. The new bridge is to be built
according to the plans provided. The concrete is to be of 1-2-4
mix with stone from 1-1/2" to 1/2" in size. This must be well
placed around the steel and carefully tamped against the forms so
as to leave no voids. Steel must be securely fastened in place.
Forms must be tight, using planed and cited boards for exposed
surfaces with all exposed corners beveled. The forms on exposed
surfaces must be removed as soon as safe and the surface rabbed
down and painted with cament mortar.

All reinforcement on the job will be rurnished by the Board of Water Commissioners. The pier and its footing are to be reinforced.

The price for the bridge does not include the pier and its footings which will be paid for as 1-2-4 concrete.

## PRICES AND PAYMENTS:

- 2. For each oubic gard of rock axcavation for core-
  - 3. For each ombic yard of concrete 1-3-5 mix, ....

- 7. For each oubic yard of umbankment on downstream
  side of present embankments below level of top of present
  embankments.
  - 8. For each outle yard of embankment above level of

top of present embankments downstream from the corewall, including approaches for roadway......

- 9. For each square yard of paving on upstream side of and over soremall.....
- 10. For building the new bridge and removing the old bridge......

Excevation for sorewell and spillway transhes will be measured to lines one foot outside of the concrete, provided that the excevation is acqually made to that width.

Inhankment material will be recoured in the expandment when completed, and will include the stone on downstream slope.

The above prices include all necessary pumping and bailing of water, all forms for concrete, all batters, and all labor and tools, and all materials except the steel reinforcement.

Payment will be made some time between the first and tenth of each month for eighty-five per cent. of the approximate amount of work completed during the preceding calendar month, according to the engineers' approximate estimate. These payments will not include cement or other material on the ground, but not in place. In determining the amount of work to be paid for each month, the character and amount of the work done compared with that remaining to be done will be considered.

Final payment except two per cent. of the total amount of the sontract will be paid between the first and tenth of the month, following the one is which the last monthly payment is due.

The two per sent, reserved for repairs will be due six months after the completion of the work, provided that the work is them in good condition.

Repairs required during the above mentioned six months, if not promptly made by the contractor, may be made by the party of the first part and charged to the contractor.

#### BUBBAL:

١,

The contractor agrees to begin said work on, or before,
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and complete it before

The spillway shall not be raised until the coremalia have been raised to the new level, except the corewalla moar the spillway, except by special permission of the engineers.

To masonry shall be built when the temperature is below thirty degrees Fahrenheit, except by epocial permission of the engineers in such manner as the engineers may direct.

The contractor shall employ constantly on the work a competent superintendent, acceptable to the engineers, sho in the contractor's absence shall be his legal representative.

The contractor shall suploy competent worken only, and shall discharge from the work any and all employes as may be considered by the emgineers as unable or unwilling to do properly the work assigned to them.

For any extra or special work ordered by the engineers, and not herein specified or powered by the prices berein mentioned, the sexual cost to the contractor of labor and material, plus tem per cent. Will be paid.

The contractor agrees that he will indemnify and save harmless the said Board of Water Commissioners and the City of Horwich from all suits or actions of every name or description brought against said Board or said City, for, or on account of, any injuries or damages received or sustained by any person or persons by or from the said contractor, his servants or agents, in the construction of said work, by or in consequence of any negligence in guarding the same, or any improper material used in its construction, or by or on account of any act or omission of the said contractor or his agents.

Changes in, additions to, or deductions from the work may be

made by the engineers without invalidating the contract, and proper additions and deductions are to be made to the shount to be paid to correspond with such changes, additions, or deductions.

The contractor must not sublet any portion of the work, except delivery of material, without cermission of the party of the first part.

The payment provided for at the conglistion of the work shall not be due until satisfactory evidence is given that all labor and material, the expense of which scald or sight become a lieu on the property of said Board or said lity has or will be paid for by the contractor.

No buildings used for eating or lodging or stables shall be maintained on the drainage area tributery to the Brook above the dam site.

No privies shall be maintained on the irainage area. The contractor must realize that the water in the reservoir is being used for domestic consumption and every precaution must be taken to prevent pollution of the water. Privies for the men must be built by the contractor at least one bundred and fifty feet below the dams and the men instructed to use them. The contractor must see that this rule is enforced. Any person caught using the ground as a privy above the dams on the drainage area of the reservoir must be immediately dismissed from the job at the request of the engineers.

Any information in the possession of the engineers as to the amount or character of the work to be done will be furnished by them in good faith, but no responsibility on the part of the party of the first part, or the engineers, is assumed thereby.

None of the work is to be ione out of ordinary working hours, or on Sundays or holidays, except by special permission of the engineers.

The order in which different parts of the work are done must be such as shall need the approval of the engineers.

Local labor is to be used as much as is practicable.

No claim for entre work is to be valid, unless such extrawork was ordered by the engineers in writing before it was performed.

The contractor Will be required to furnish a bond in the sum of \$10,000 conditioned upon the faithful performance of the contract.

The premises of the City of Norman must be left free from all temporary structures eroused by the contractor and rubbish of every kind at the completion of the work.

If at any time in the opinion of the engineers the work is not being prosecuted in accordance with the contract as to quality of material, character of the Work or rate of progress, said empineers may notify the contractor that he must abendon the work and leave his tools and materials in the control of said engineers. unless within two weeks of the receipt of such notice the contractor improves the quality of the work or material or increases the rate of progress to the satisfaction of the engineers. If the contractor fails to so improve the quality of work or rate of progress to the satisfaction of the engineers within said time the contractor must abandon the work within six days after the receipt of a notice from the engineers, anthorised by vote of the Board of Water Commissioners, ordering them so to do, and the work shall then be prosecuted to completion by contract or otherwise, as the Board of Water Commissioners shall direct, at the expense of said contractor.

the whole of said work, both as regards quality of material and mode of execution, must be performed in the most thorough, substantial and workmanliks manner, to the satisfaction and

acceptance of the party of the first part or their engineers.

IN SITEESS WARRENCE, We have hereunto set our hands and scale the day and year above written.

_(L.3.)
_(1.3.)
_ · I.ä. /
 _(1.3.)

-13-

SHOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESSETS, That
as principal and
as surety, are held and firmly bound unto the City of Norwich and
the Board of Water Commissioners of the City of Borwich, in the
sum of fem Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) lasful money of the United
States of America, to be paid to the said City and said Board of
Water Commissioners, their successors and assigns, for Which pay-
ment well and truly to be made, we hereby bind ourselves, our
heirs, executors and administrators and every of them, for and in
the whole, firmly by these presents.
Healed with our seals, and dated this day of
, one thousand nine handred and twenty-four.
The condition of this obligation is such that,
FHERMAS, The said has entered into
a contract with the said Board of Water Commissioners, hearing date
of theday ofA.D. and annexed herei
Now if the said shall well
and truly keep and perform all the terms and conditions of said
contrast on their part to be kept and performed, and shall indemnif
and save harmless the said Board of Water Commissioners and the Cit
of Morwich, aforesaid, from all loss, cost, expense or damages by
reason of any act or omission of the sontractor, his agents or ser-
vants or workmen as therein stipulated, then this obligation shall
oe of no effoct; otherwise, it shall remain in full force and virtu
Signed and seeled in (L.S.) presence of
(I.3.)
(2.3.)

## PLAN No. 1.

FOR FCARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS NORWISH CONN

## ROAD MAP

THE VING ST NY HROOK RELERING

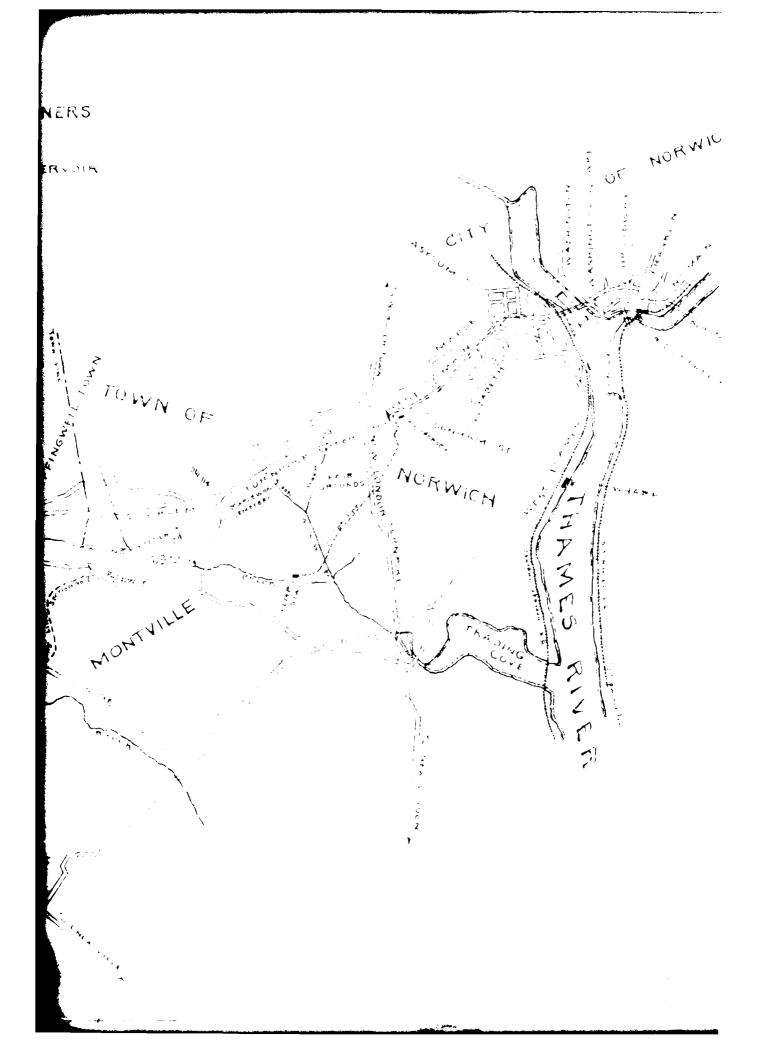
AND POPE LINE

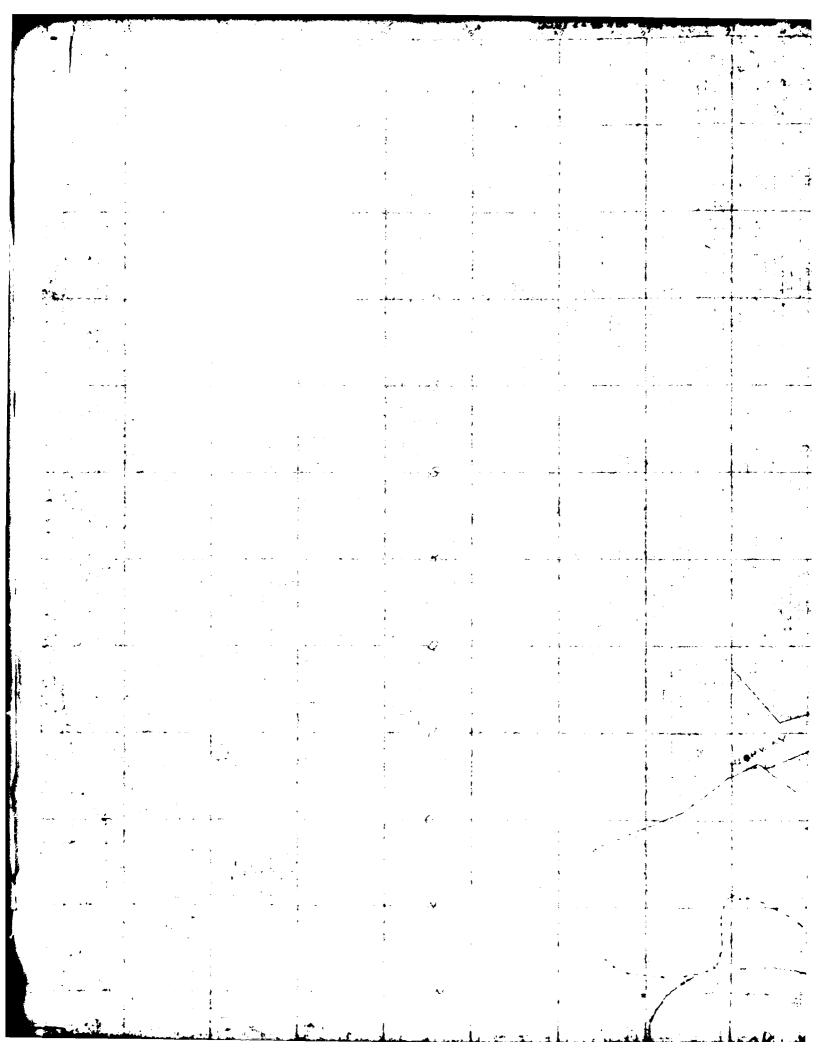
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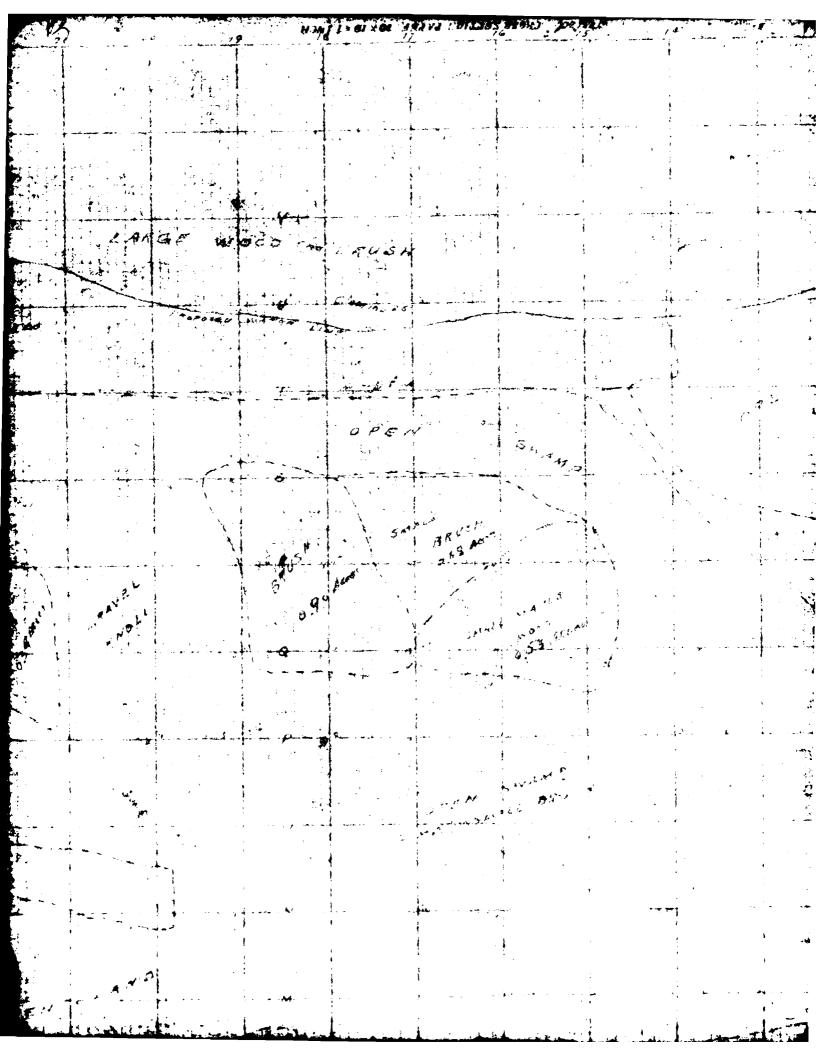
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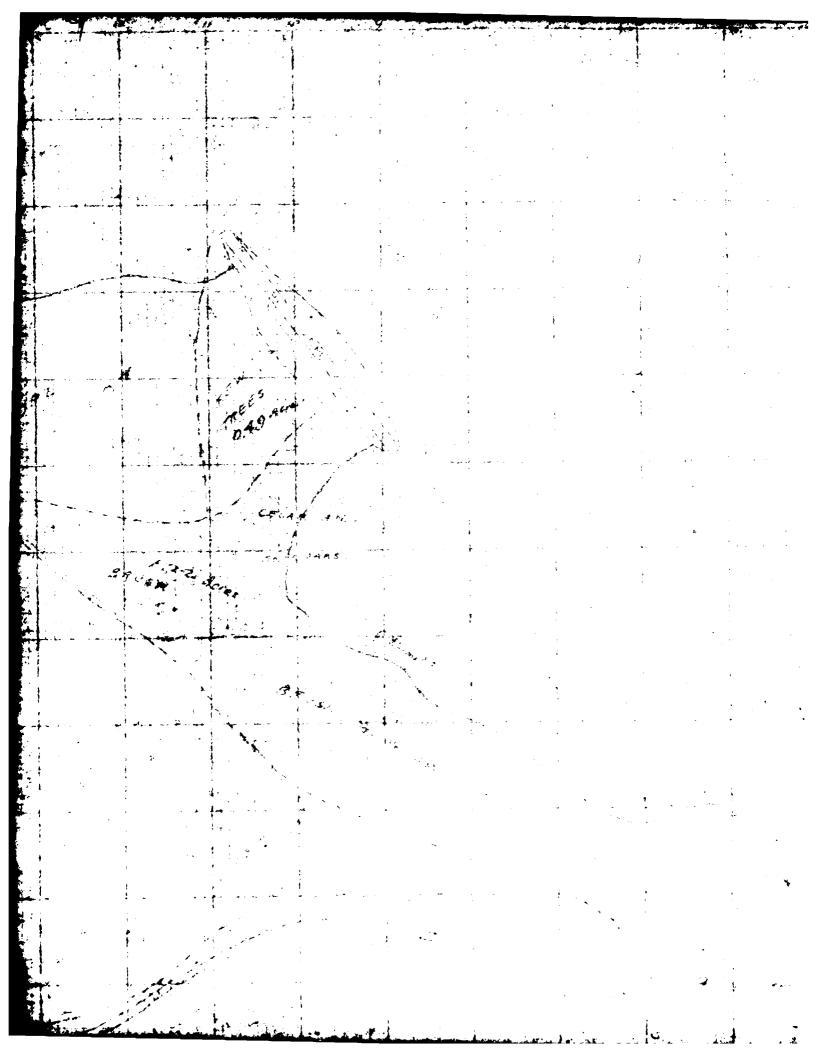
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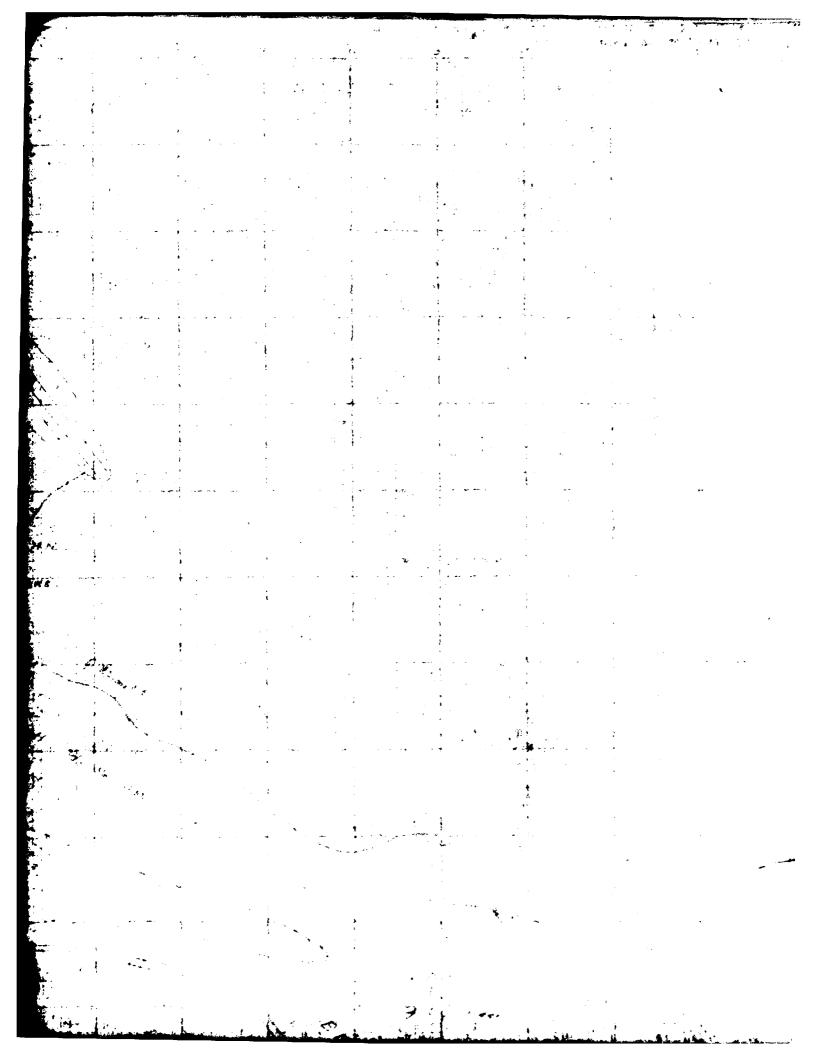


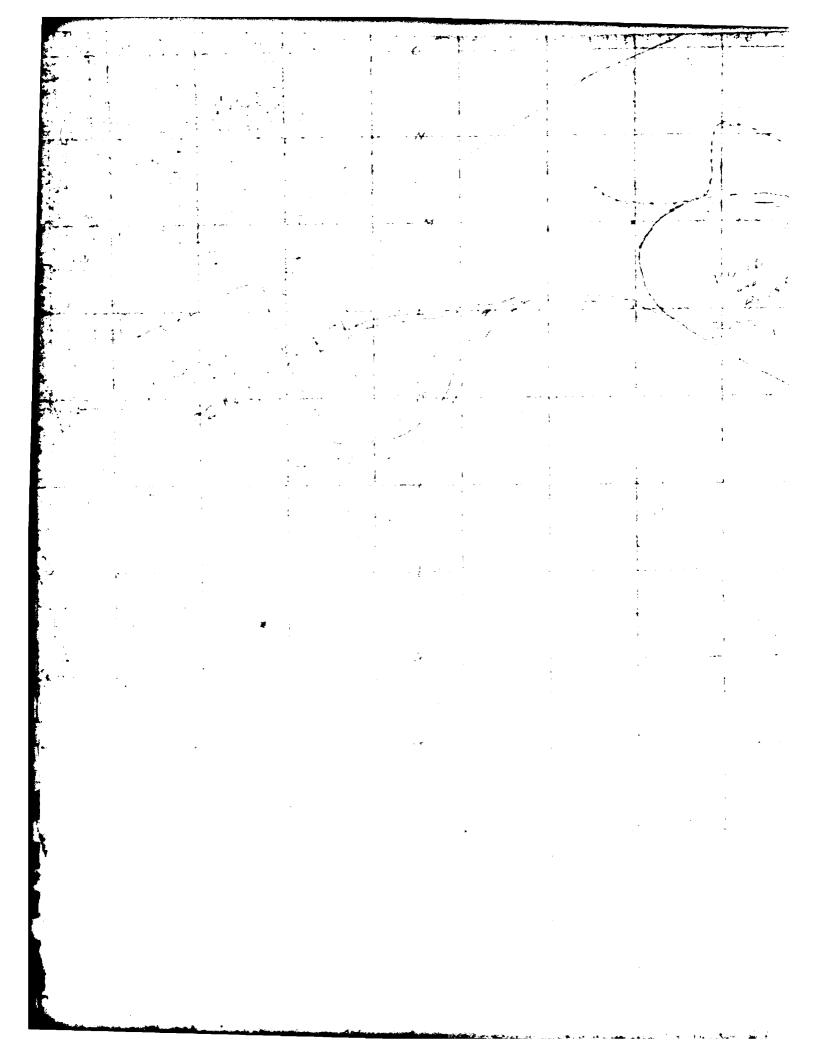


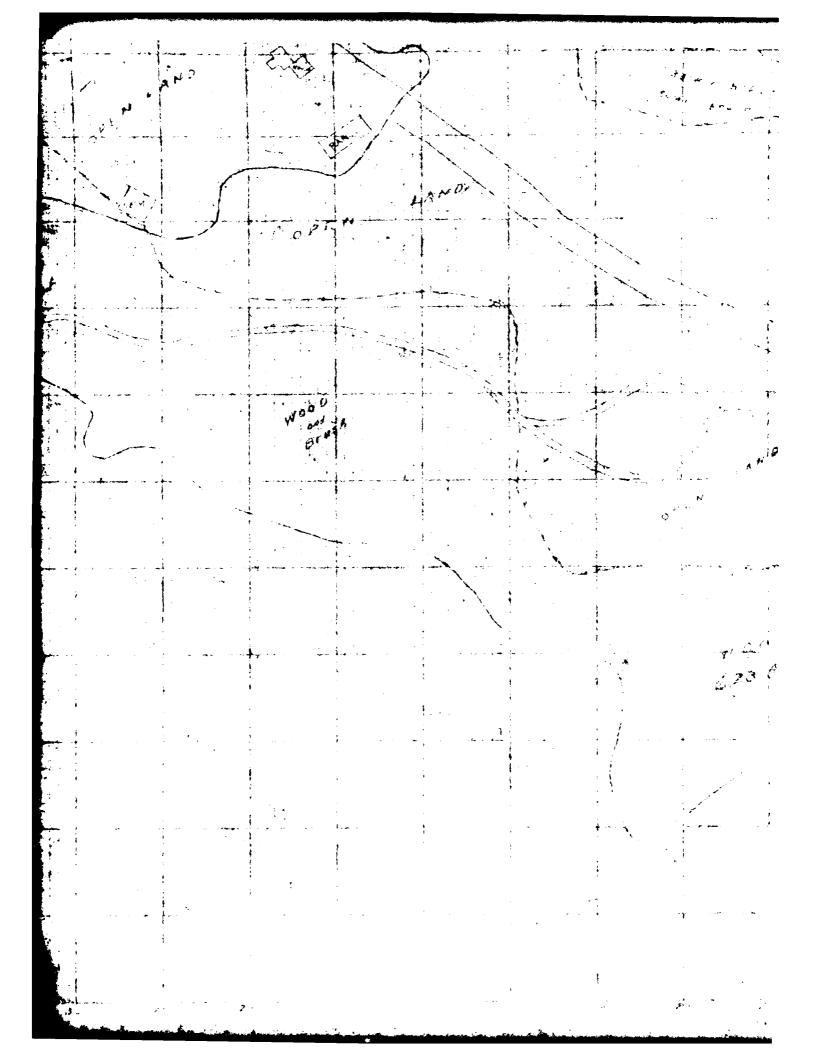


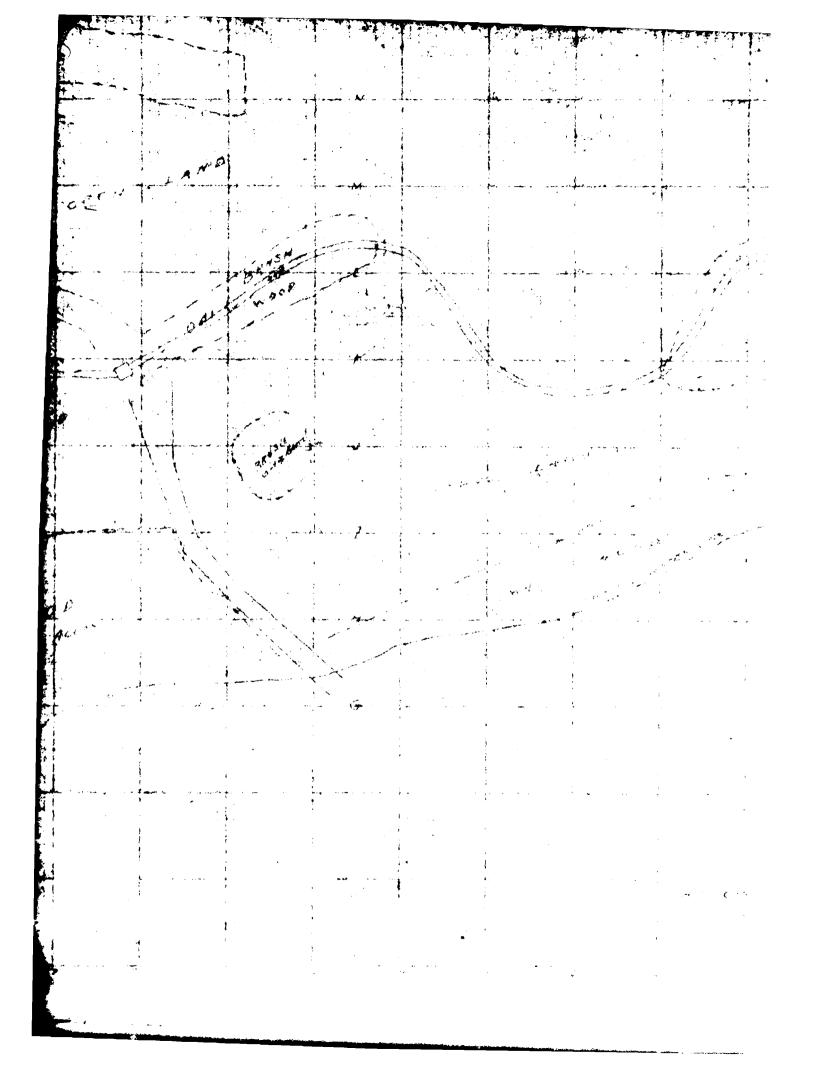




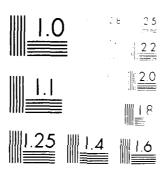






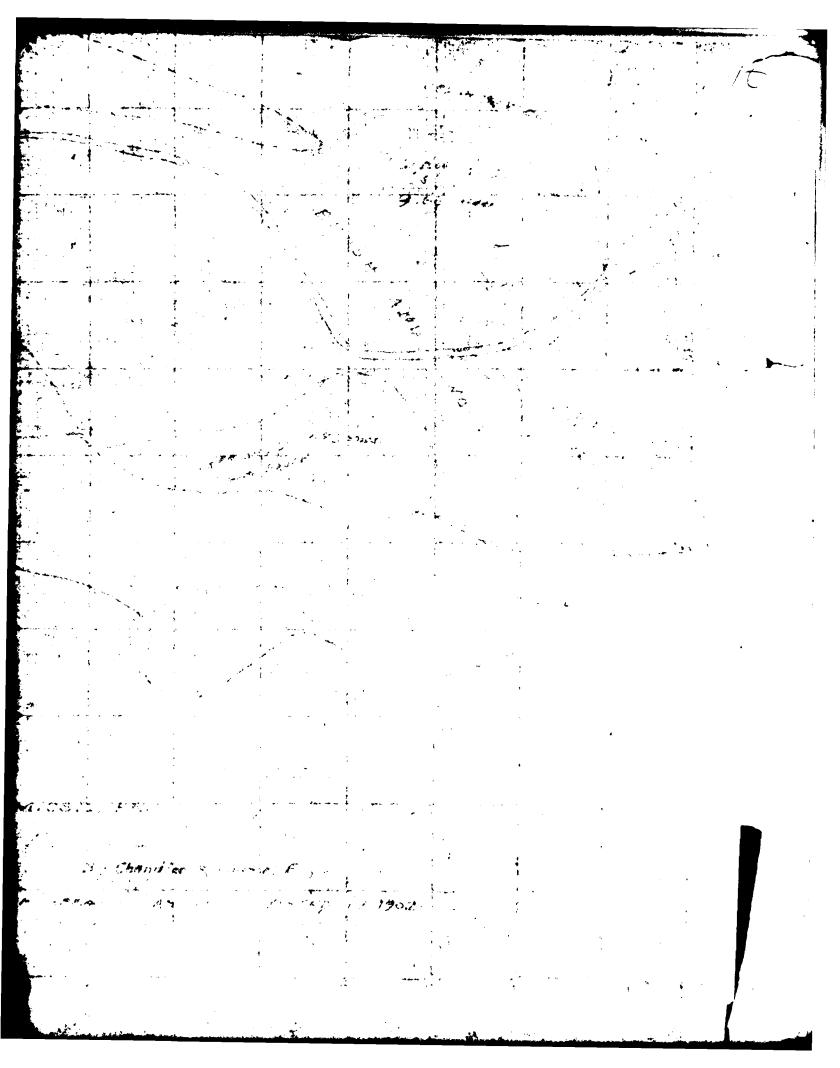


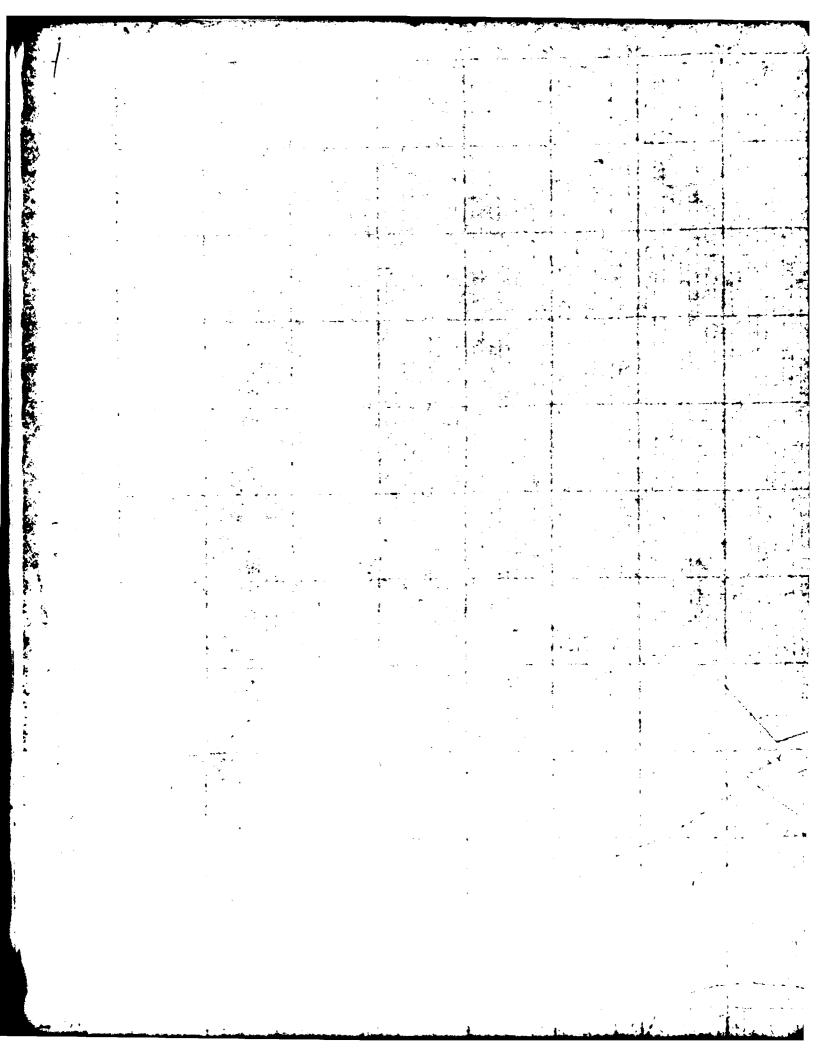
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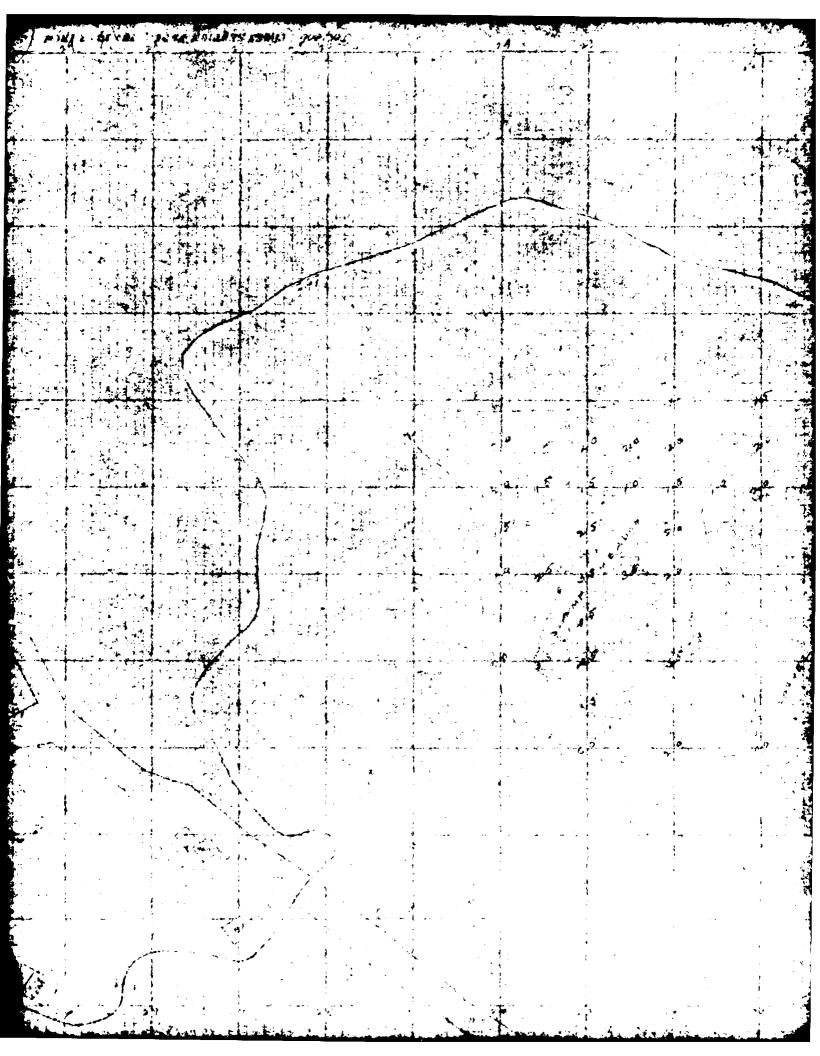


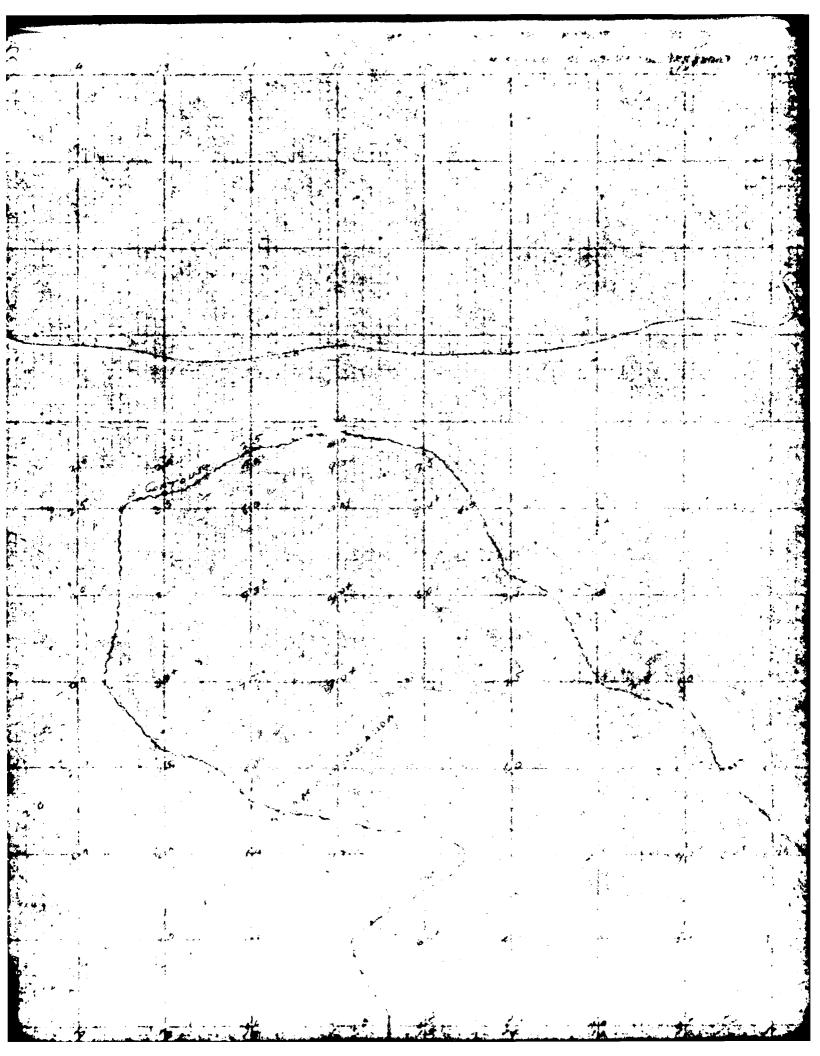
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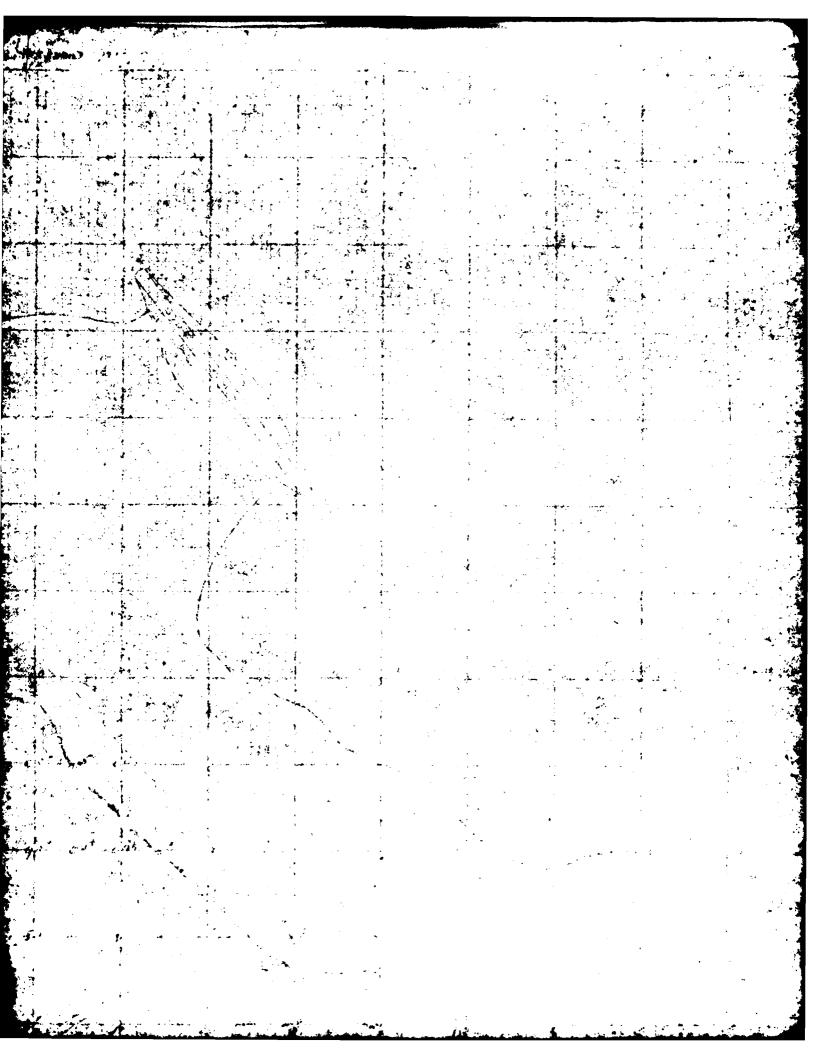
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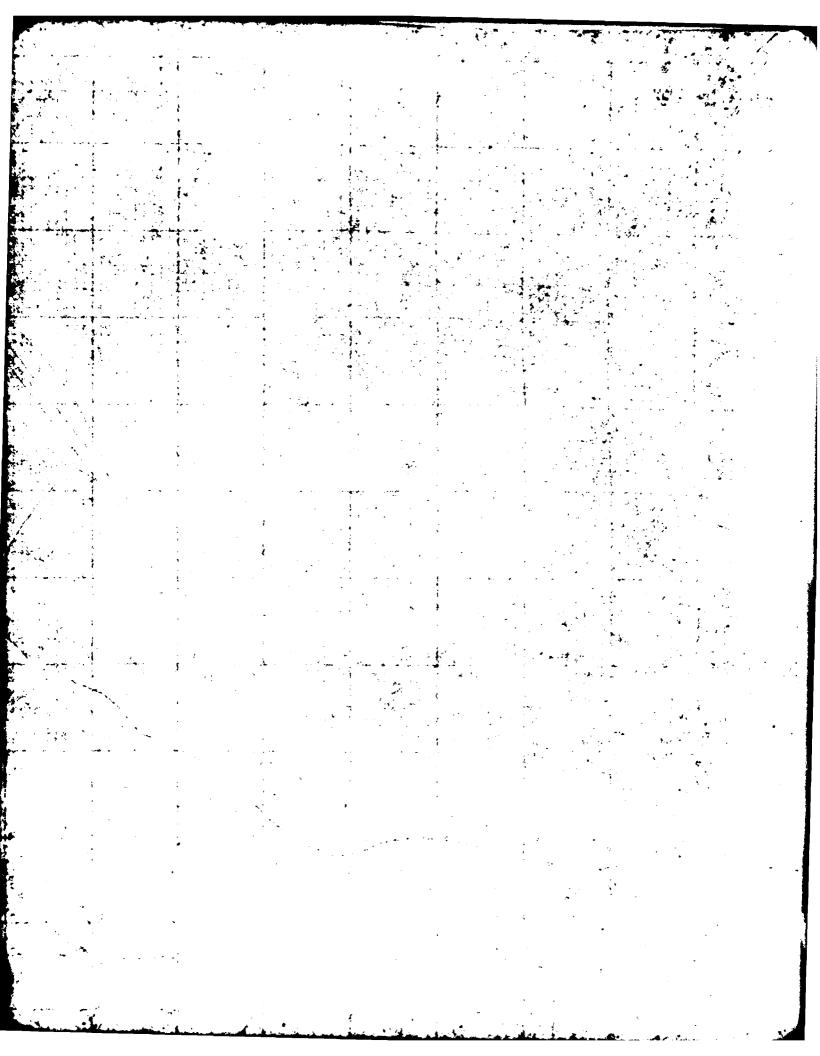


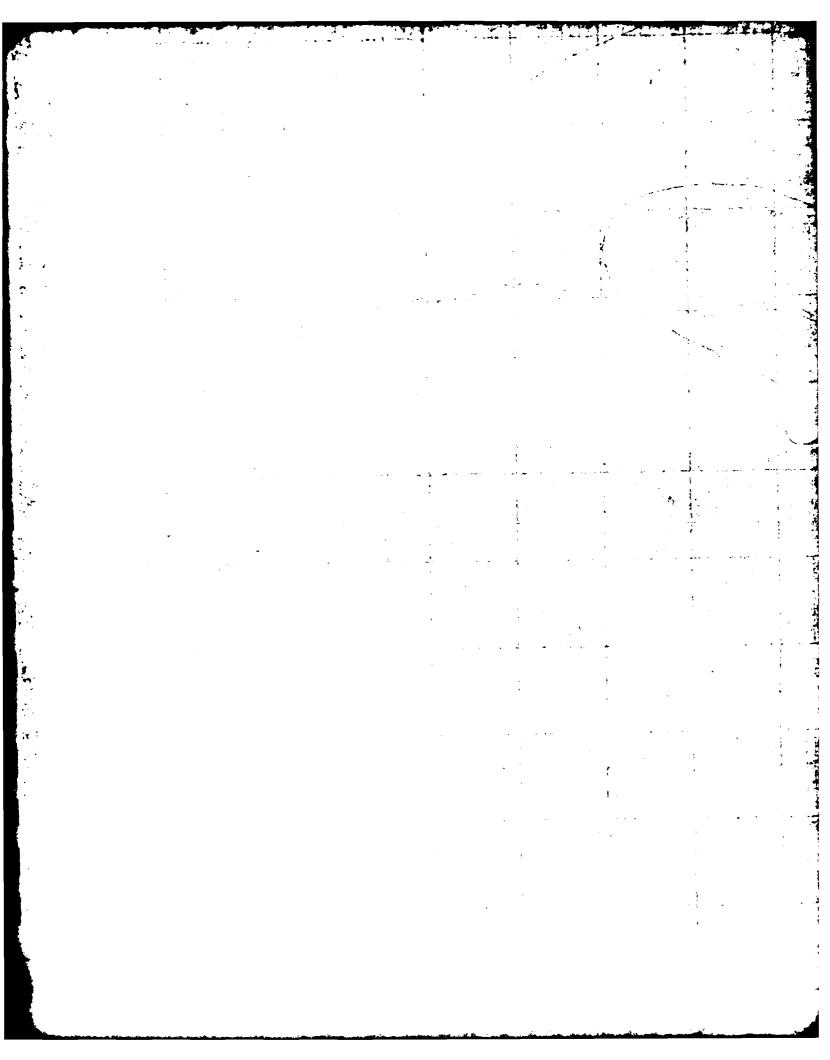


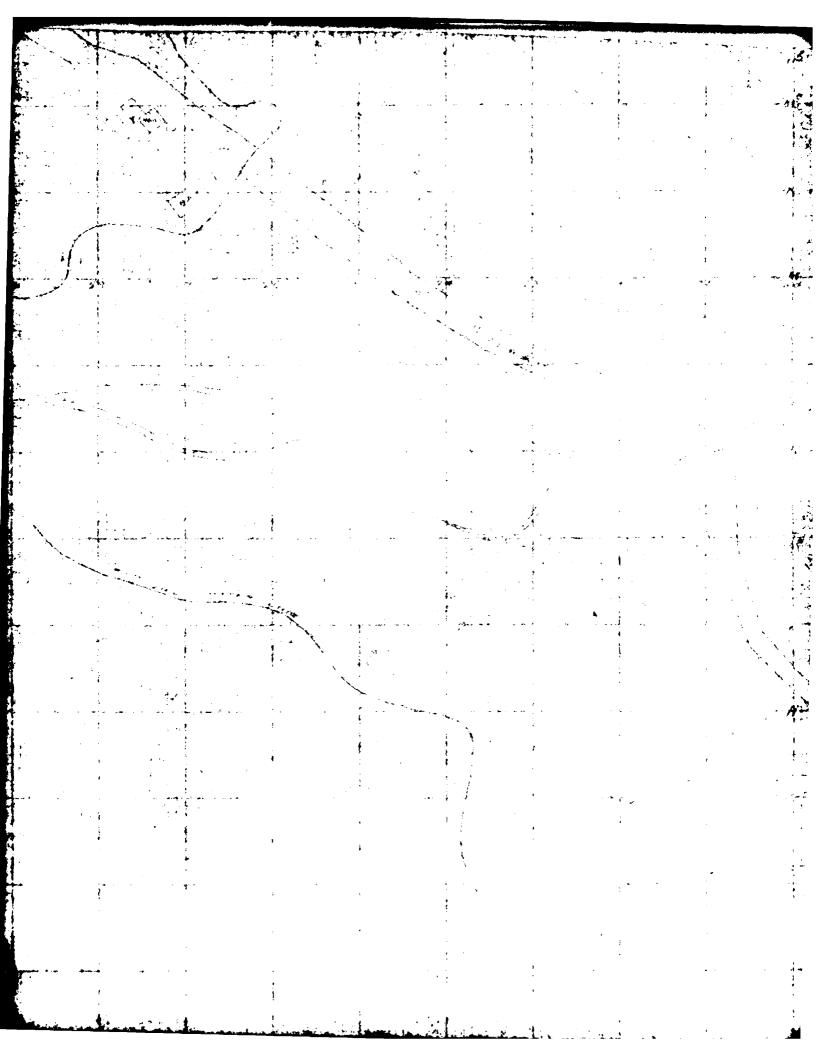


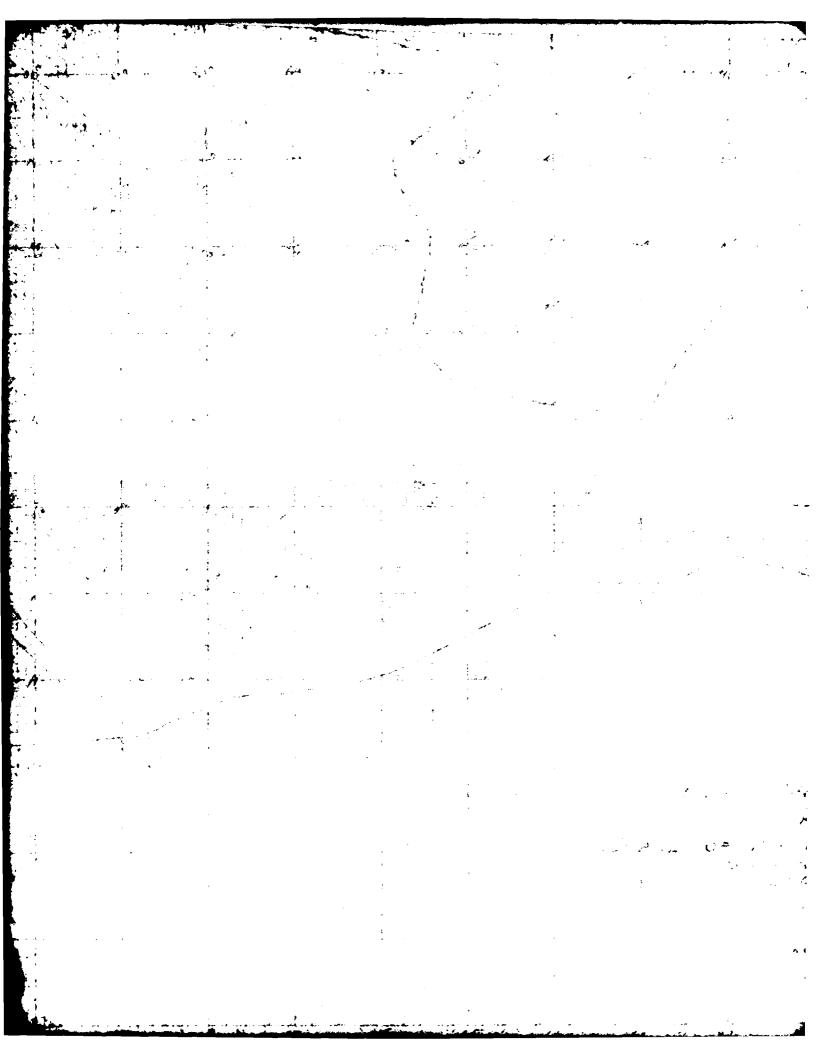


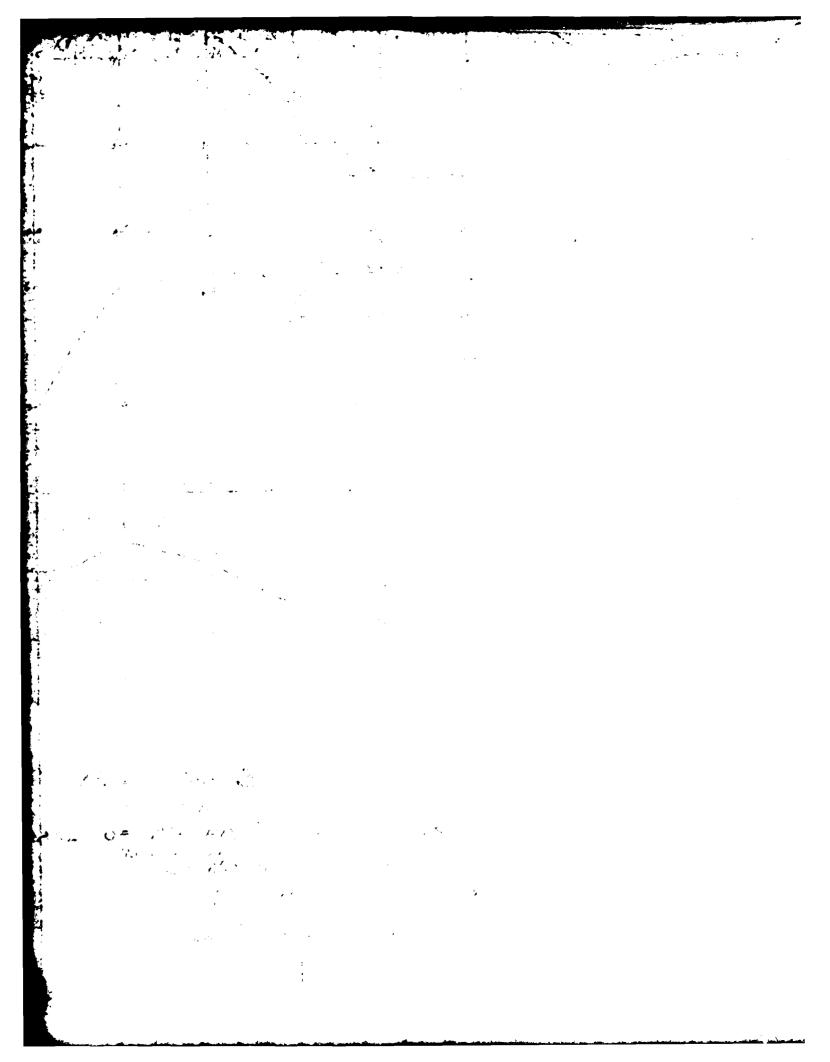


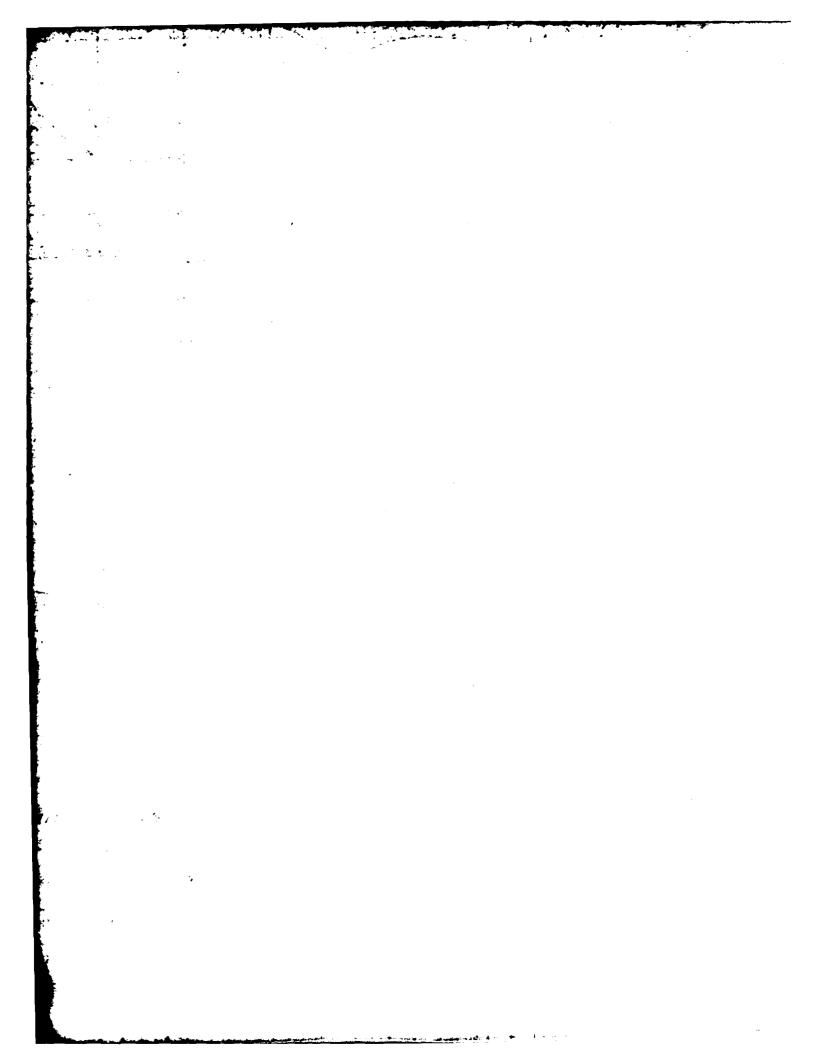


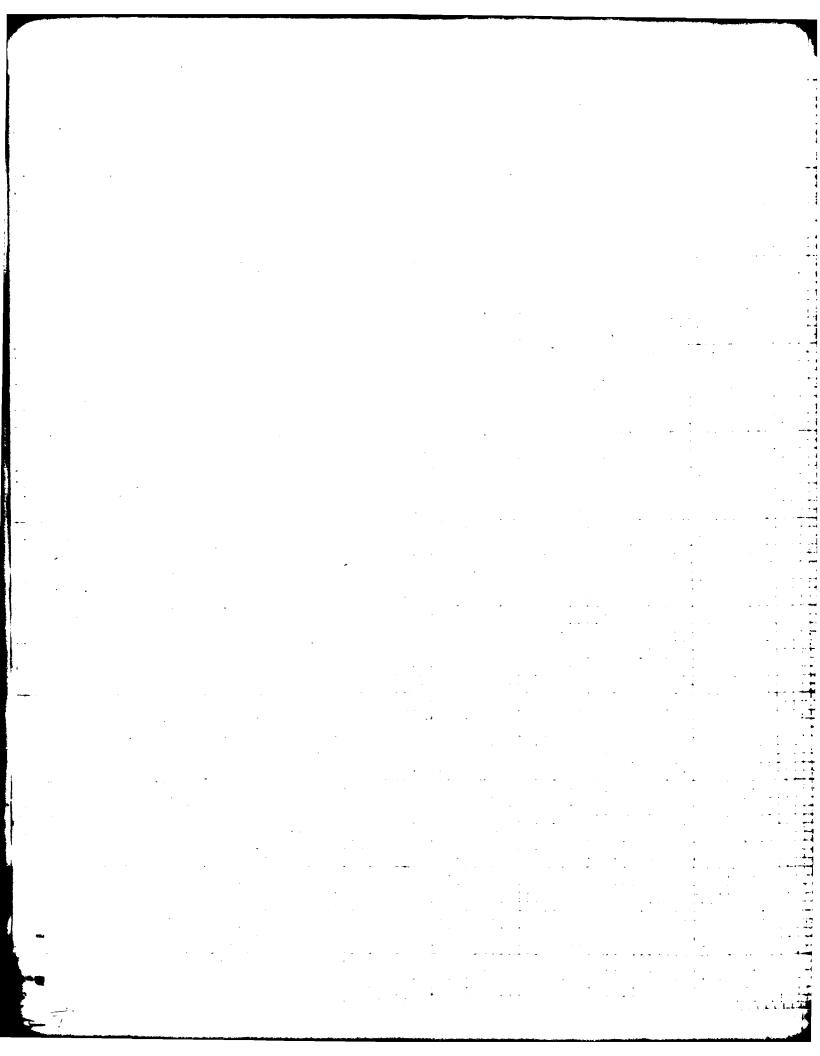


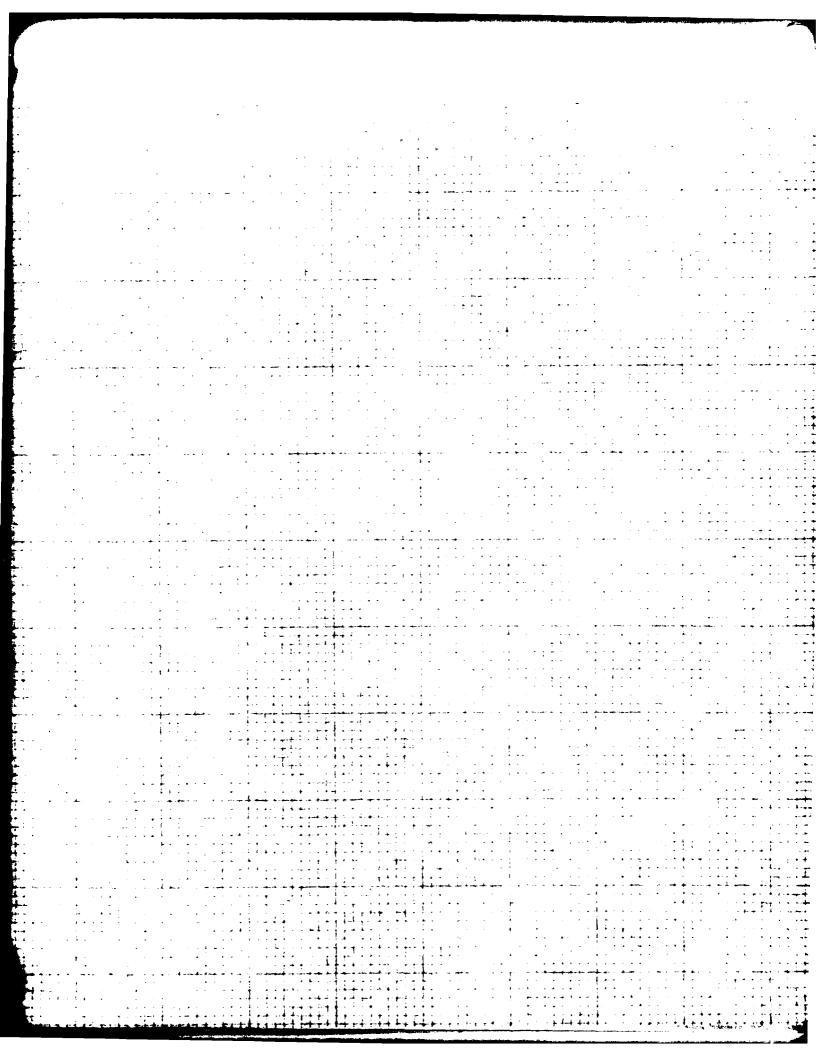












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BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS

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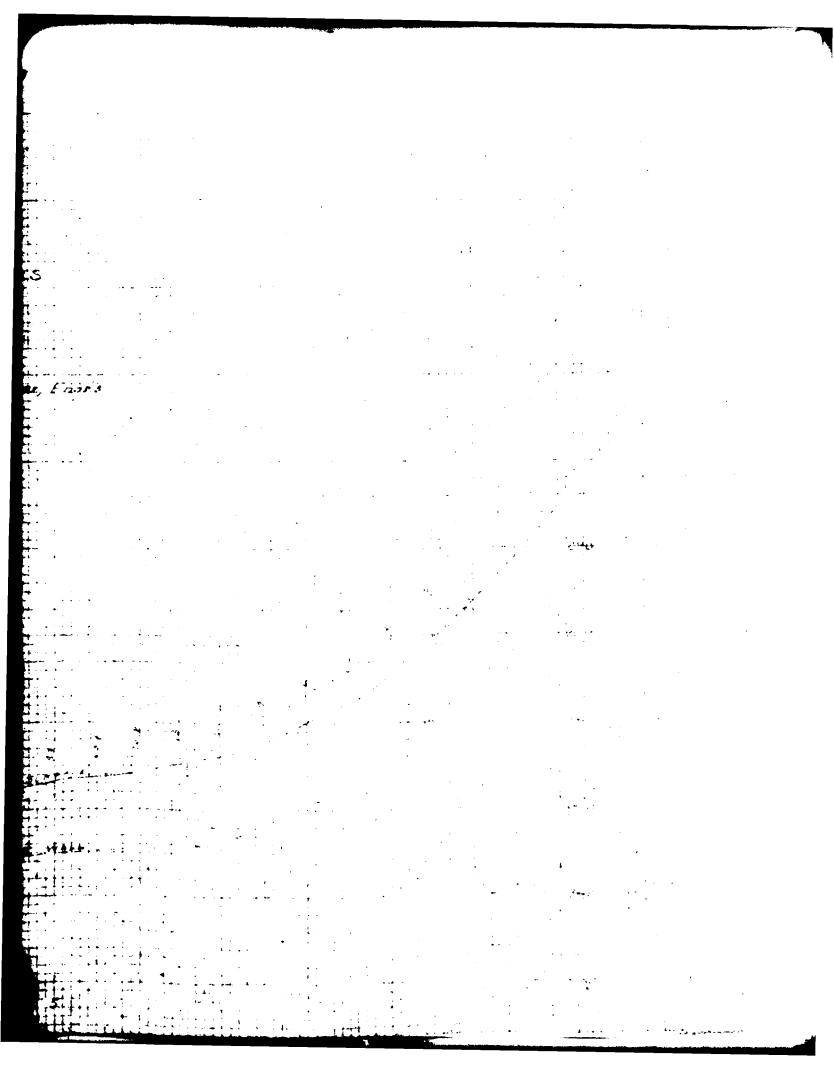
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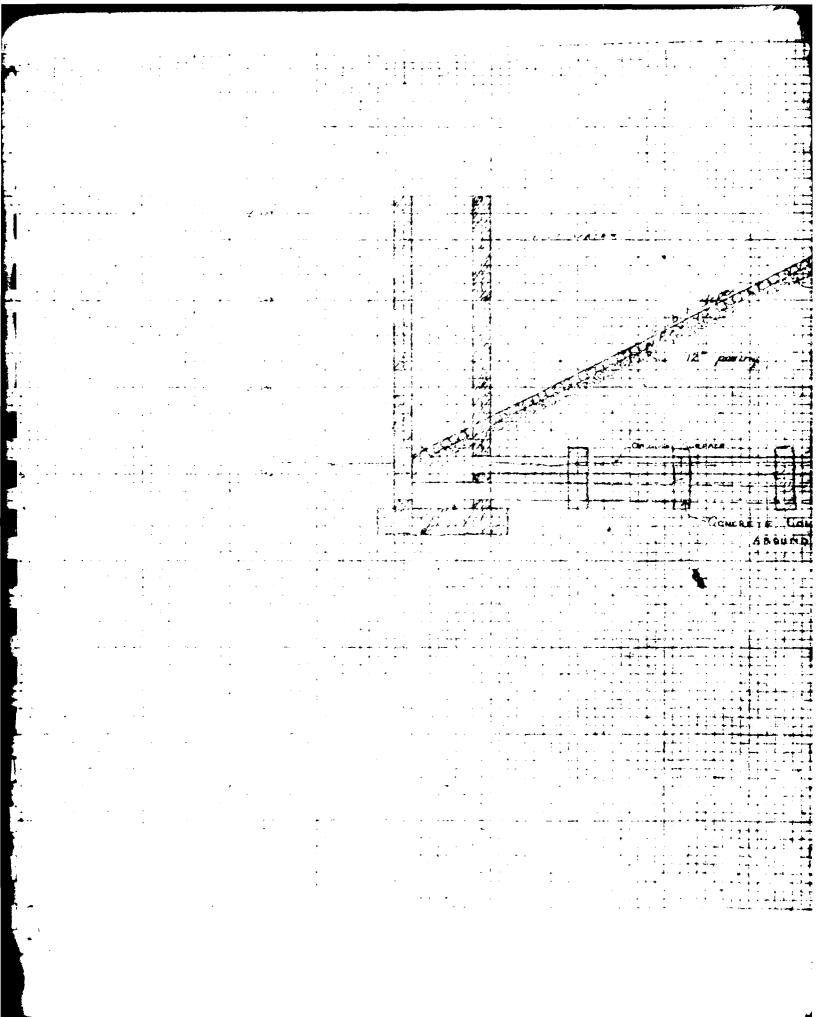
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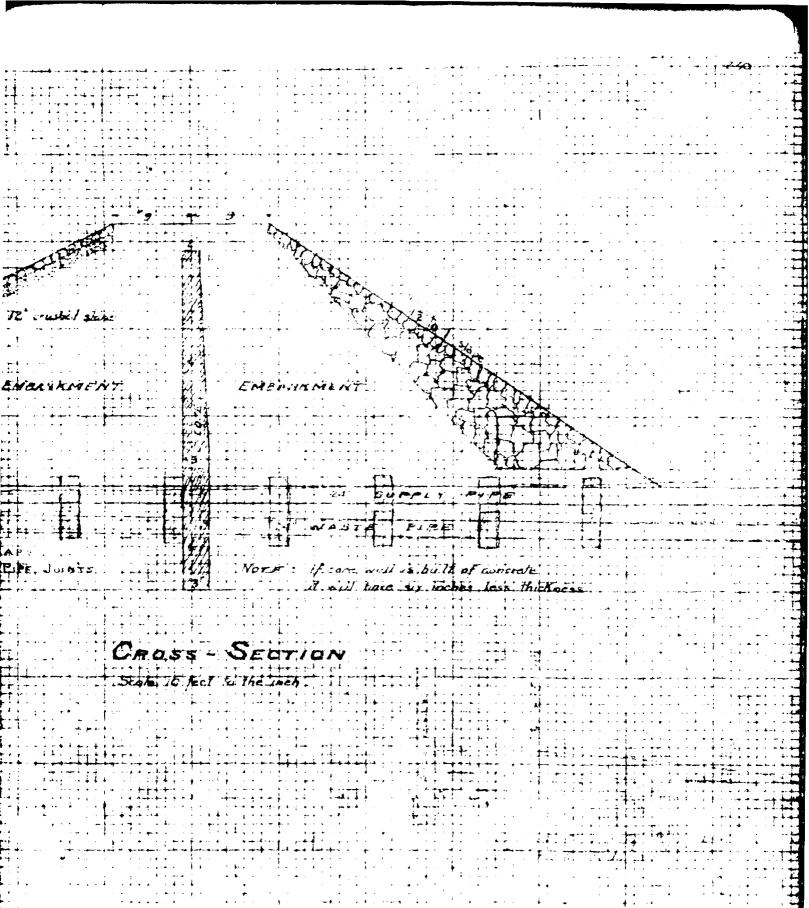
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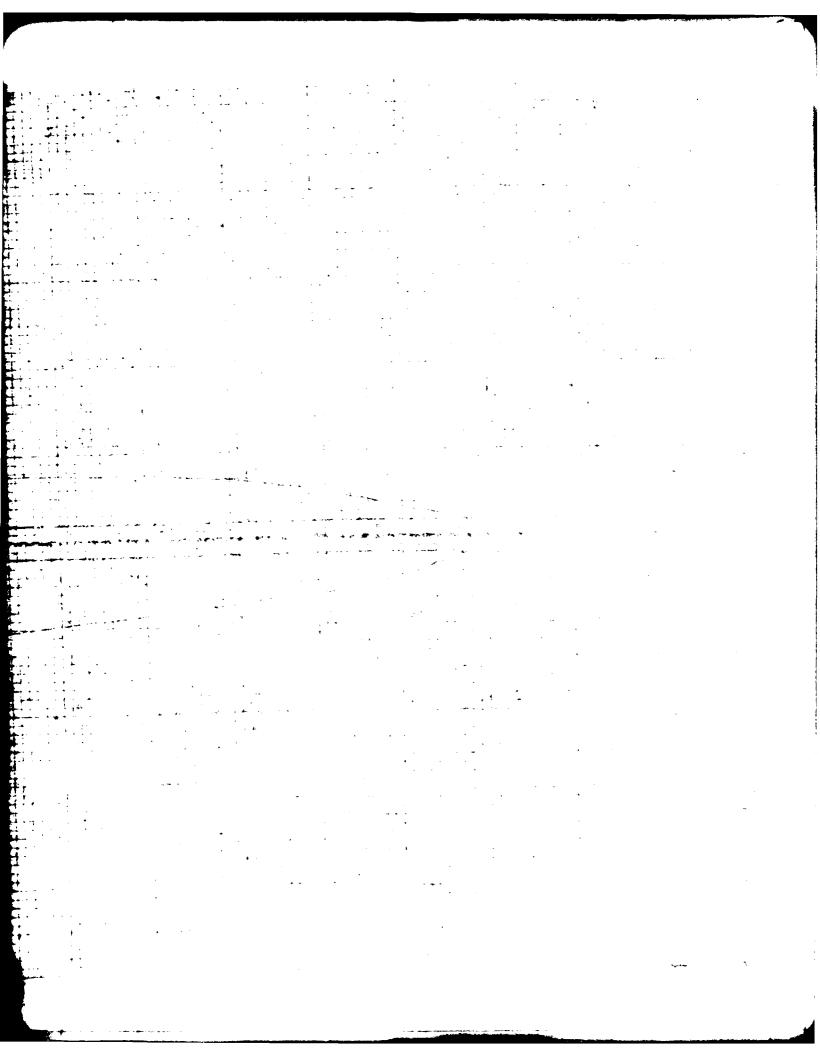
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GROWN COUNTY SKETTION FOR EN



BOARD OF WATER

NORWICH, CO

PLAN OF SIDE

PLAN No. 5.

FOR.

NORWICH, CONN.

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Chandlet & Talmer Engine to the metro

1/2 174 M.B.

PLAN OF RULLWAY

7 PROFILE

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TICROSS SECTION OF HULLWAY.

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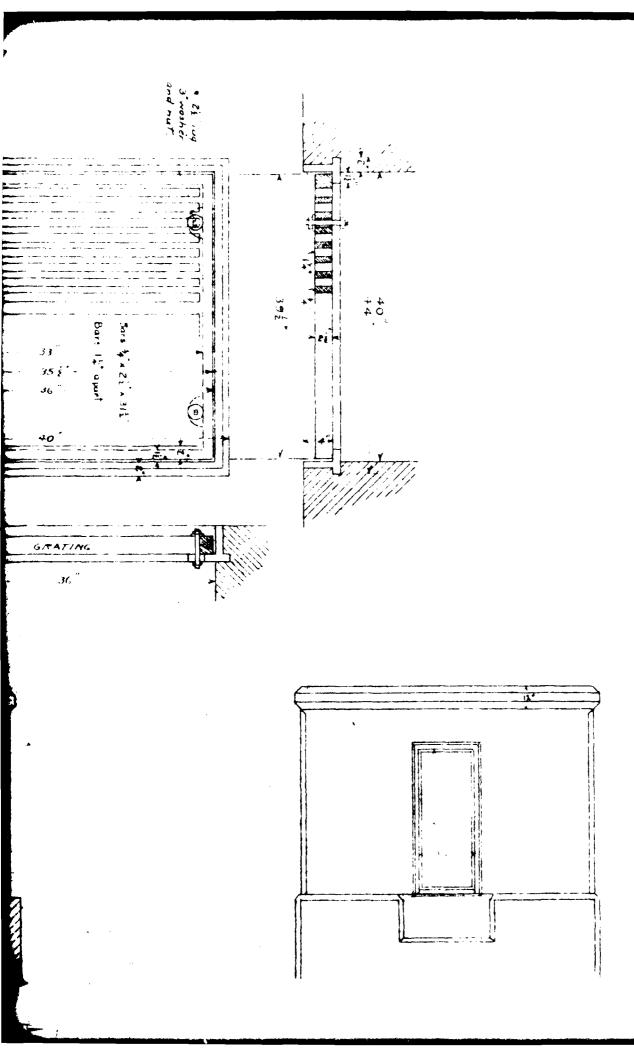
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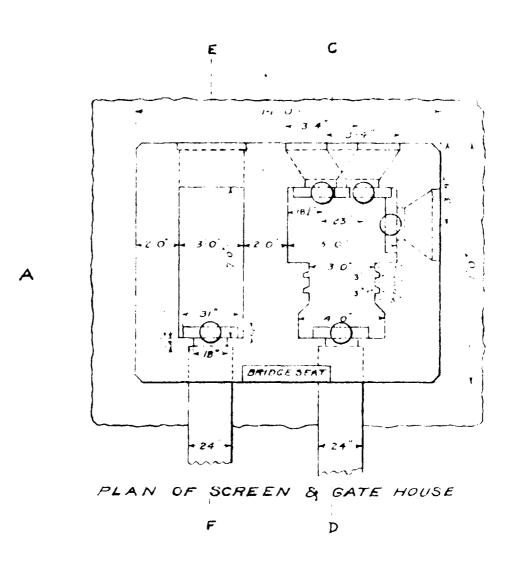
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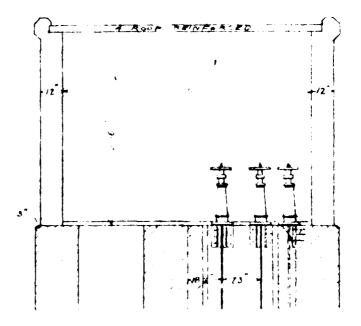
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PLAN NO 6.

FOR

BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS

PLAN OF GATE HOUSE

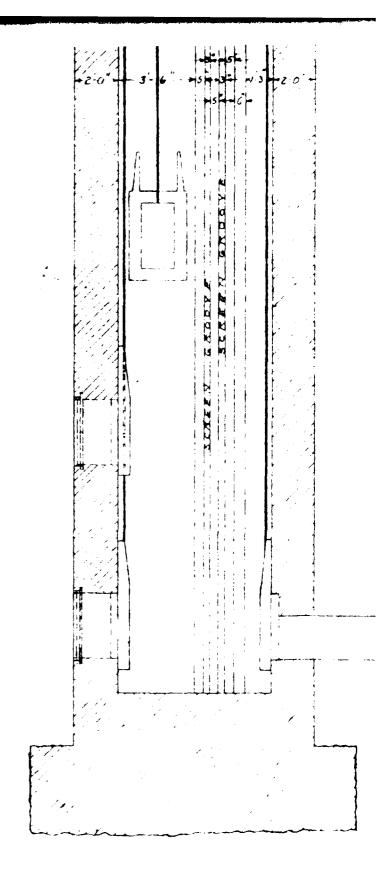
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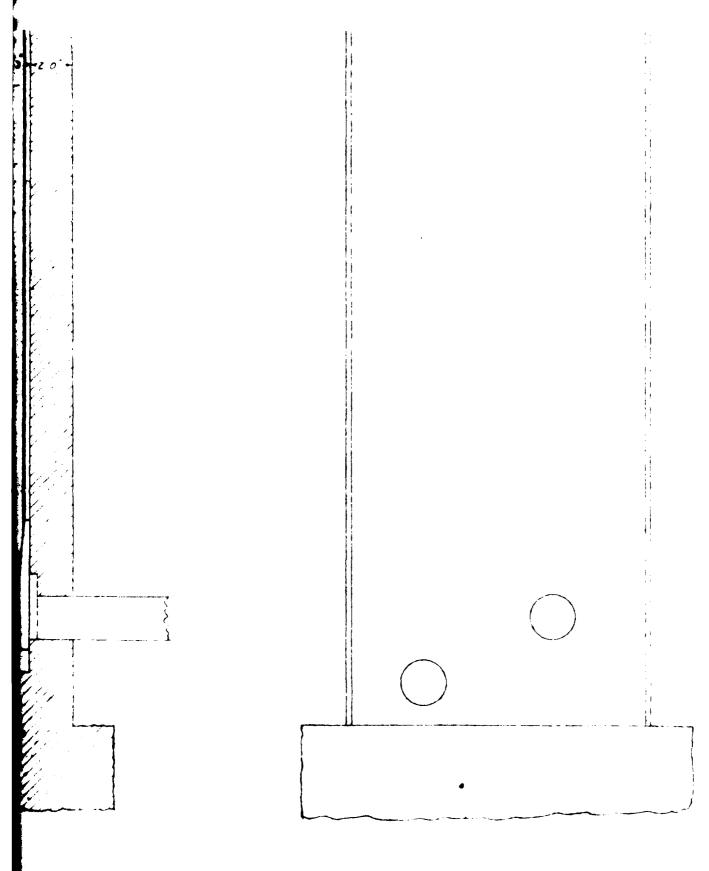
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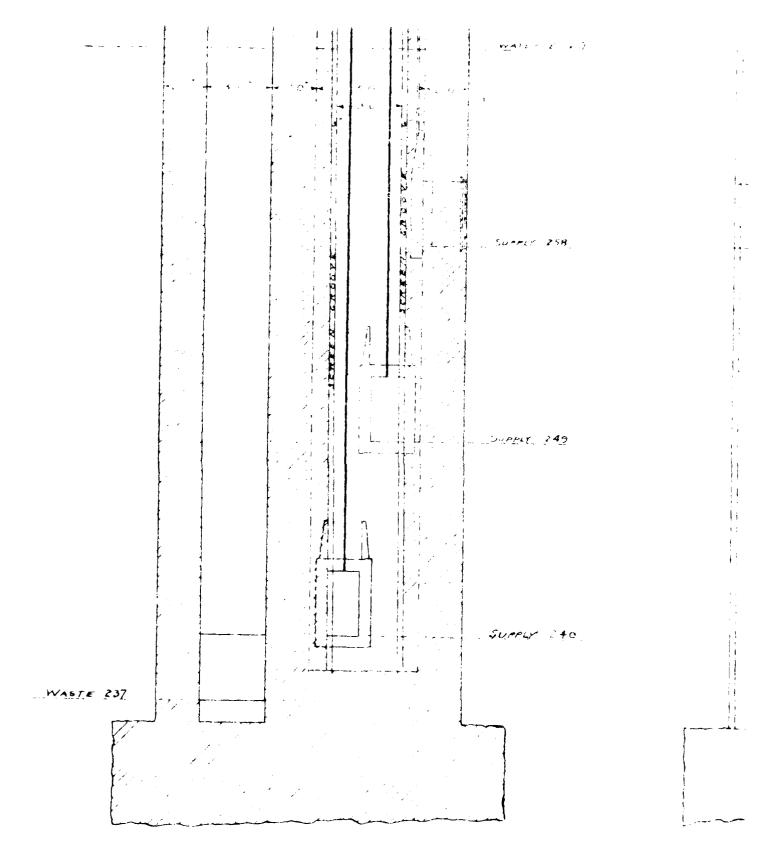


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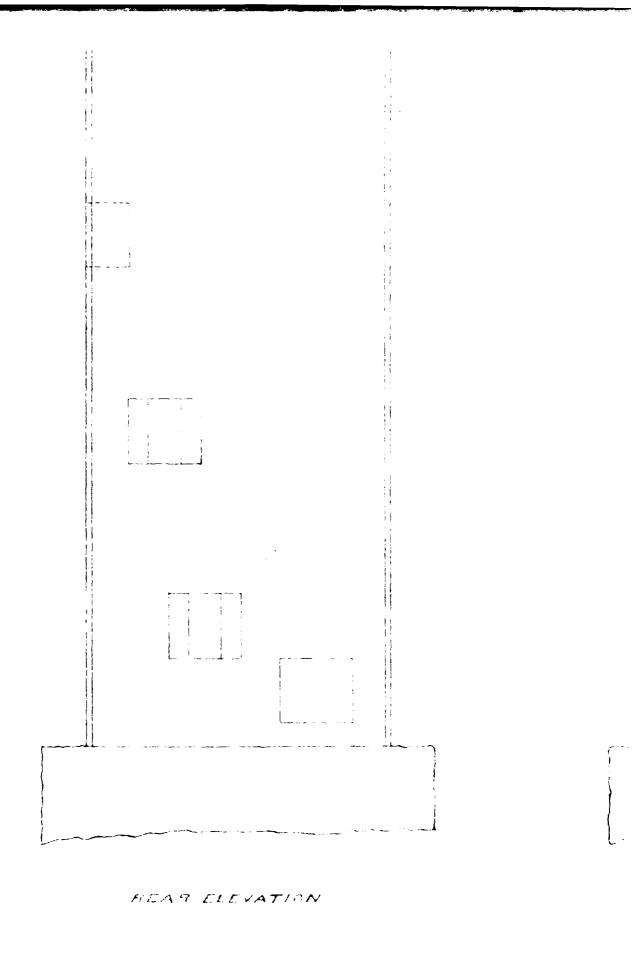


LINE CO.

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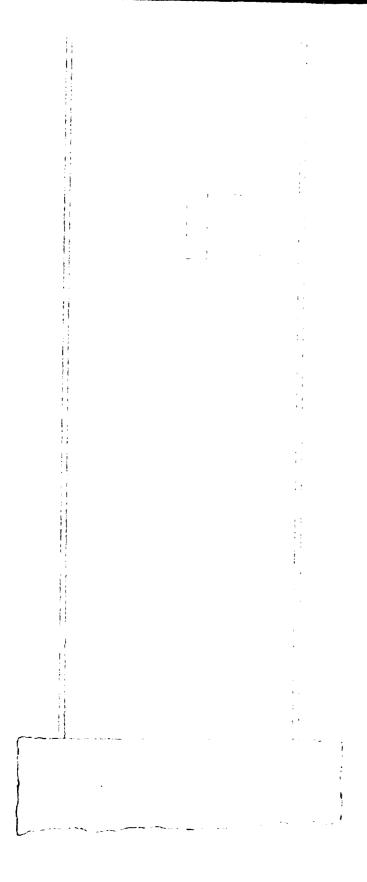


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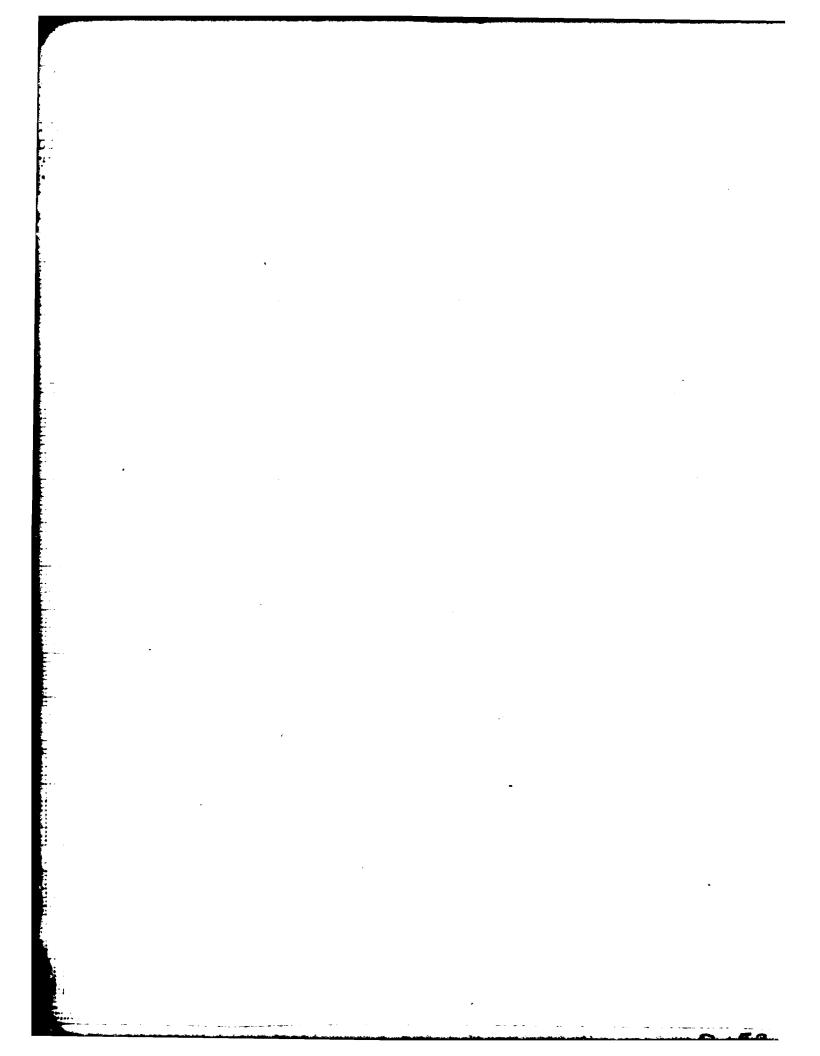
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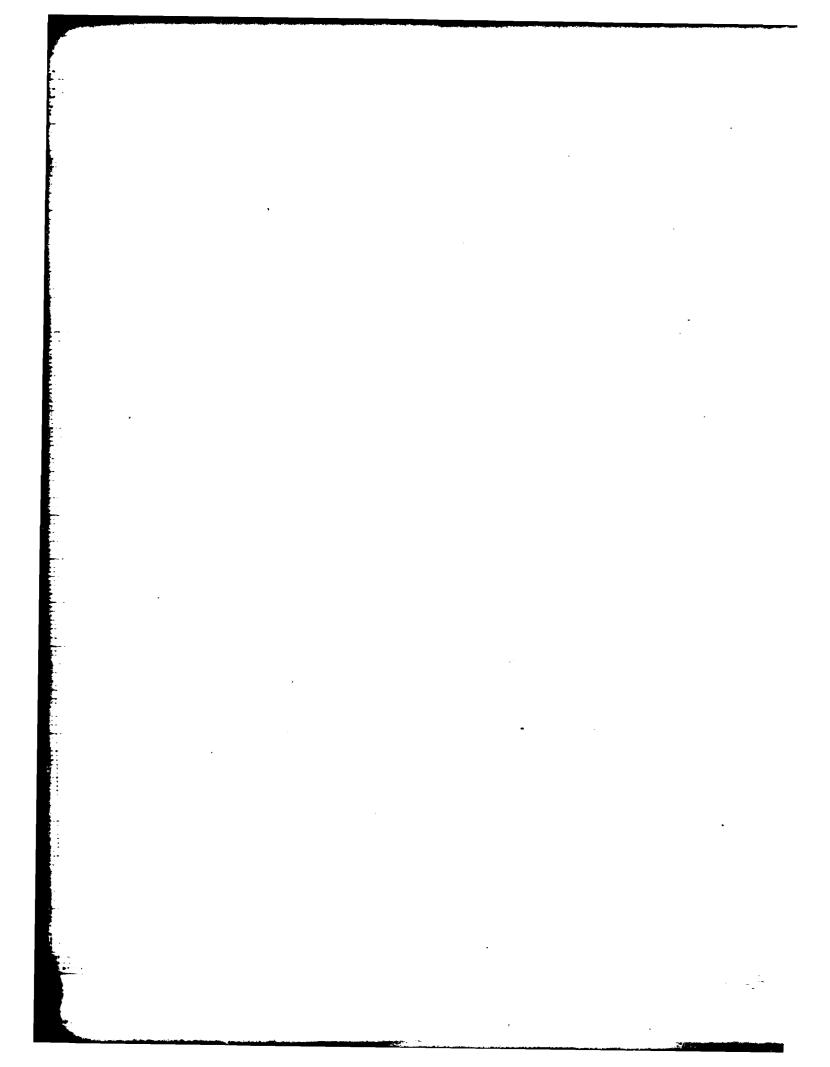
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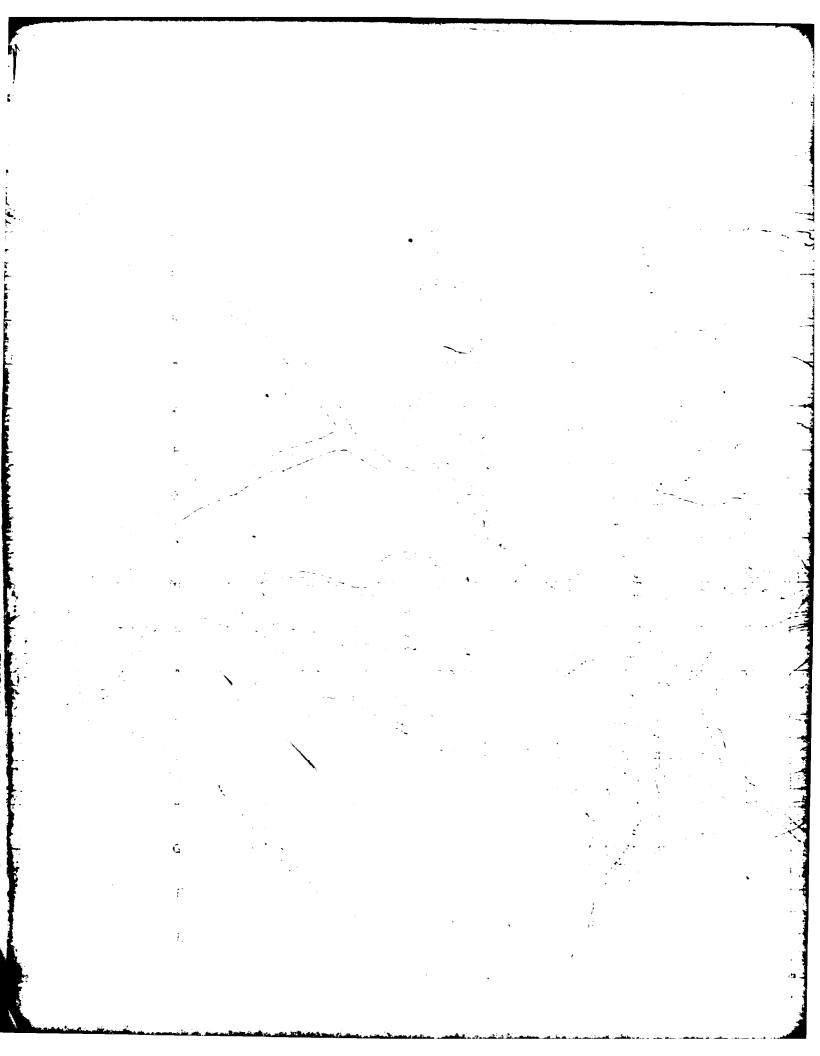


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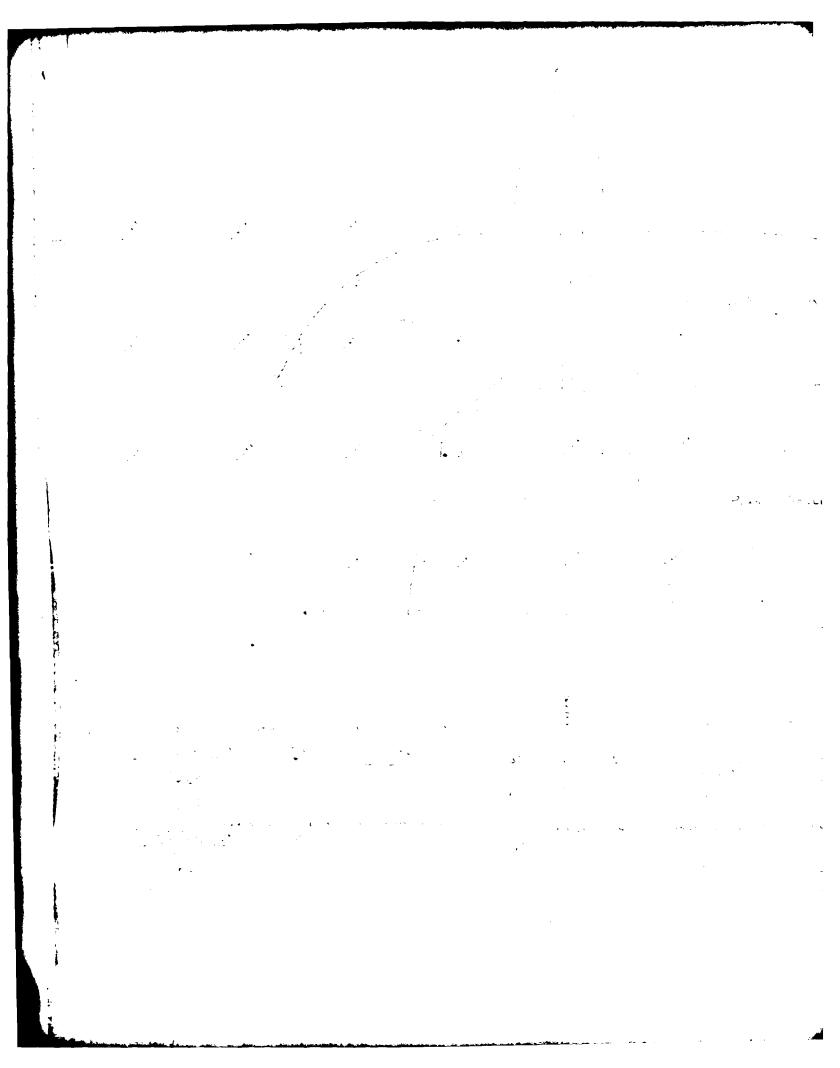


BOARD OF WATER COMNII

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CONTOUR MAP



PLAN OF SELLAR WEST STEERS TO HAVE

 $(\mathbf{A}_{i}, \mathbf{Q}_{i})^{T} \in \mathbb{R}^{d}$  (2.2)

## BOARD OF WALER COMMISSIONERS. CLIN OF NORWLIGHT

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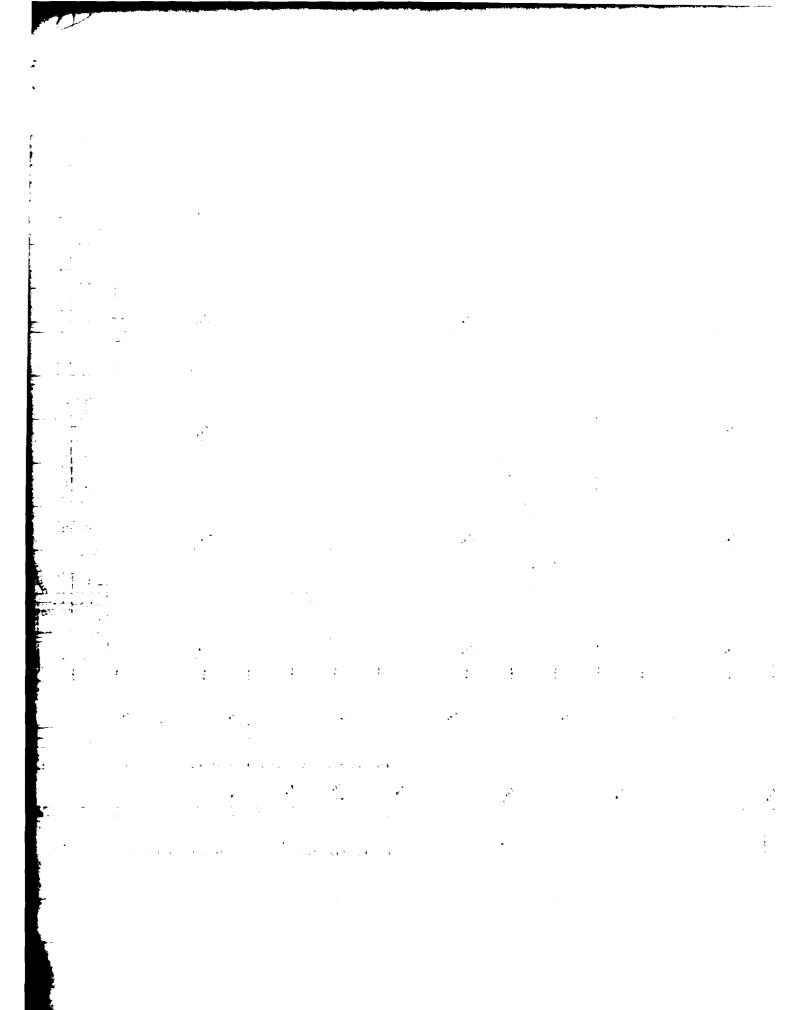
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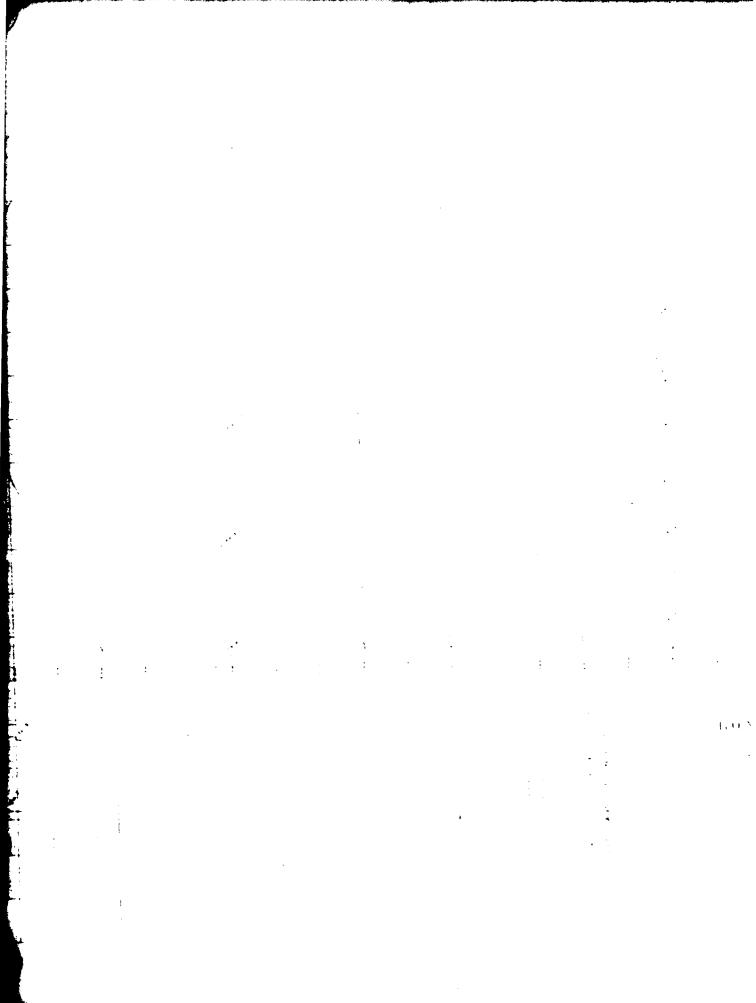
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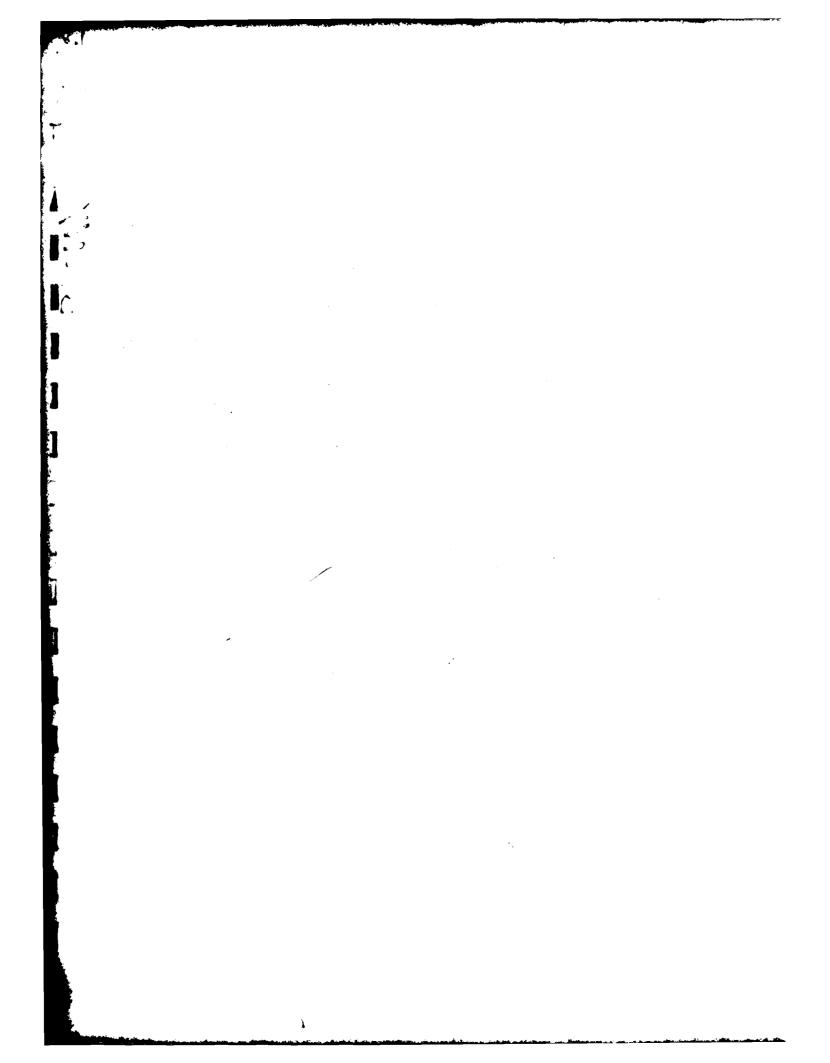
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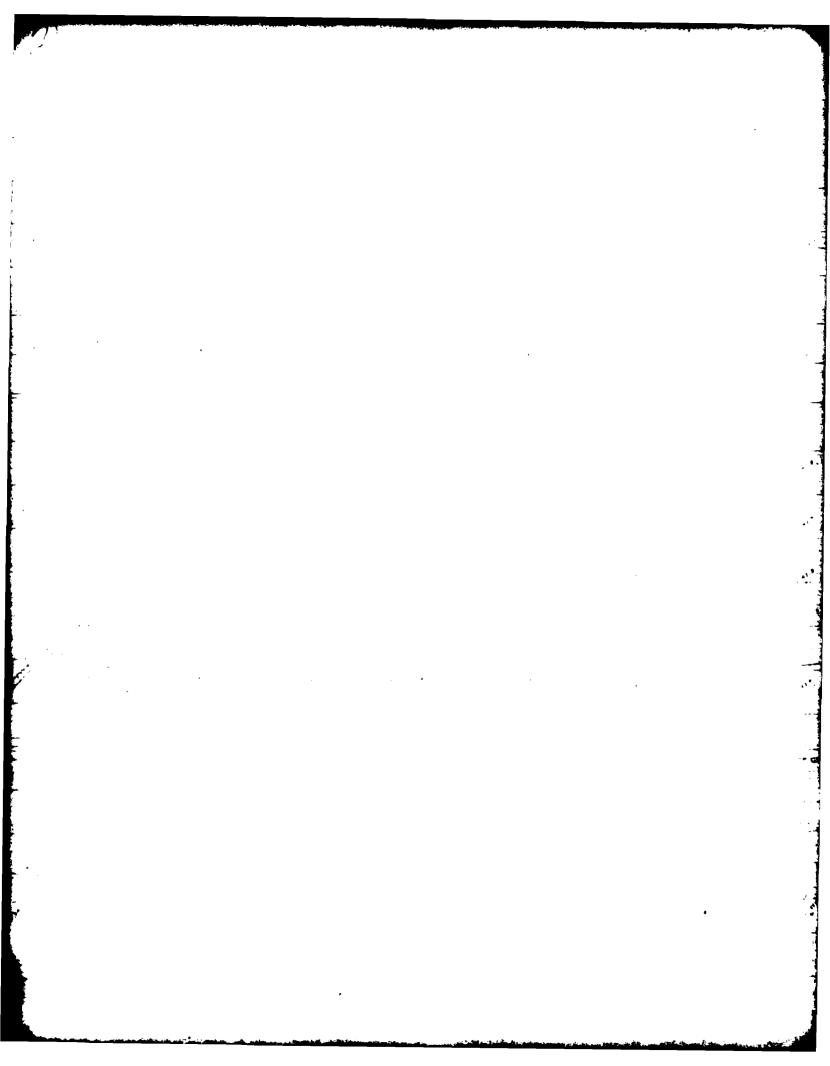




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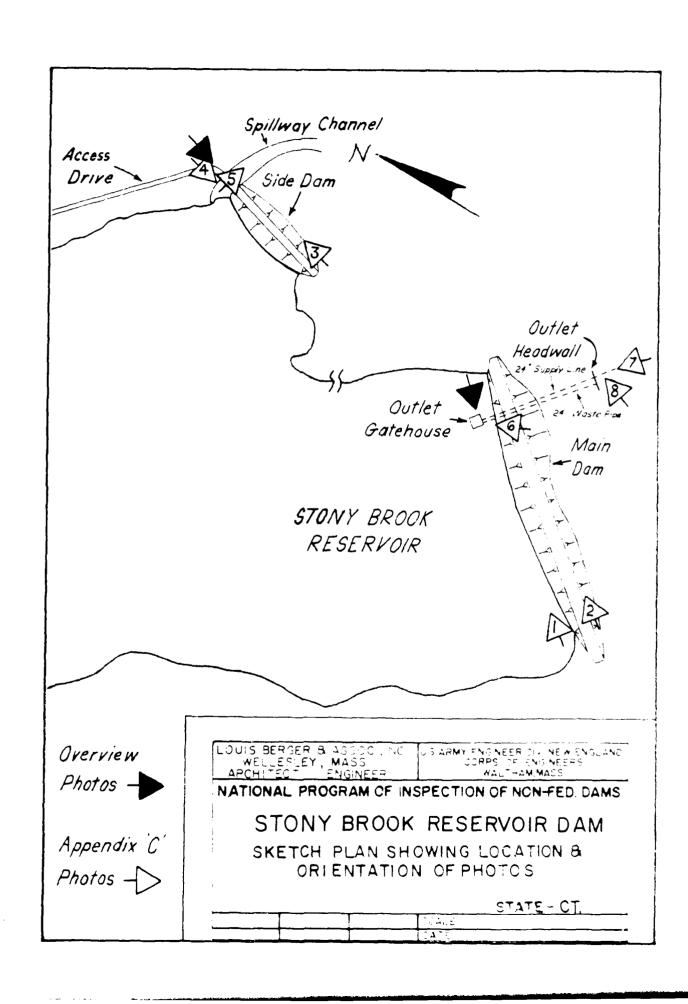
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81 X4X (D X M) 1944-12

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APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPHS





1. Upstream face of "Main Dam" from right abutment.



 $\mathcal{I}_{\rm tot} = 30 \, {\rm km} \, {\rm sin} \, ({\rm can} \, {\rm c$ 



3. Crest and downstream face of "Side Dam".





5. Spillway discharge channel from bridge.



6. Gate house with service bridge under water



7. End of 24 in. dia, outlet pipe through "Main Dam".



3. Seepage about 40 ft. below too of "Main Dam".

## APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

						STATES INC		SHEET NO	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
						onn 4 R Oranaci		PROJECT.	
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	ا، لمط	2.79	- 640	Acres	/55 m	=		257 40	*

BY REB DATE 11/6/79	LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC.	SHEET NOOF
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SUBJECT STONEY BROOK	ZESESICK STORAS	Qara-TS

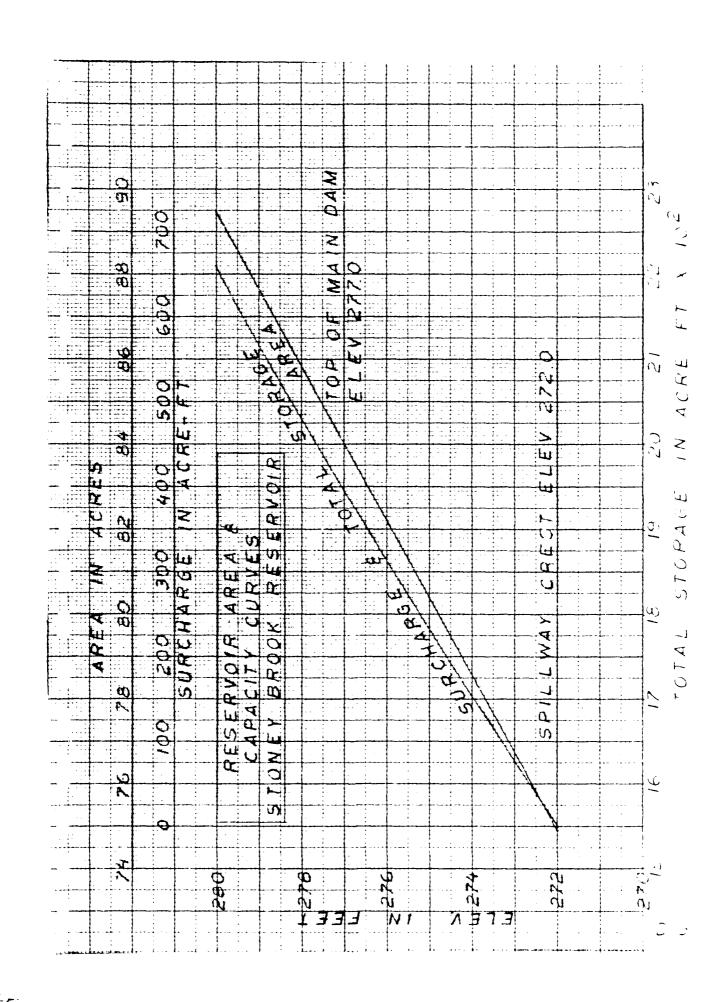
AREA @ SDILLWAY CREST , EVEY 2720

AREA @ ELEV 280

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274	78.6	77.65	1	78	704	54
275	80.4	79.5	1	80	754	234
276	82.2	81/3	i	3.	860	315
277	84.0	83.1	)	83	948	29 <b>8</b>
278	85.8	849	1	85	203B	483
279	87.7	86.75	1	97	2,20	570
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\* FROM CITY OF MORNICH LAY IT CORVE

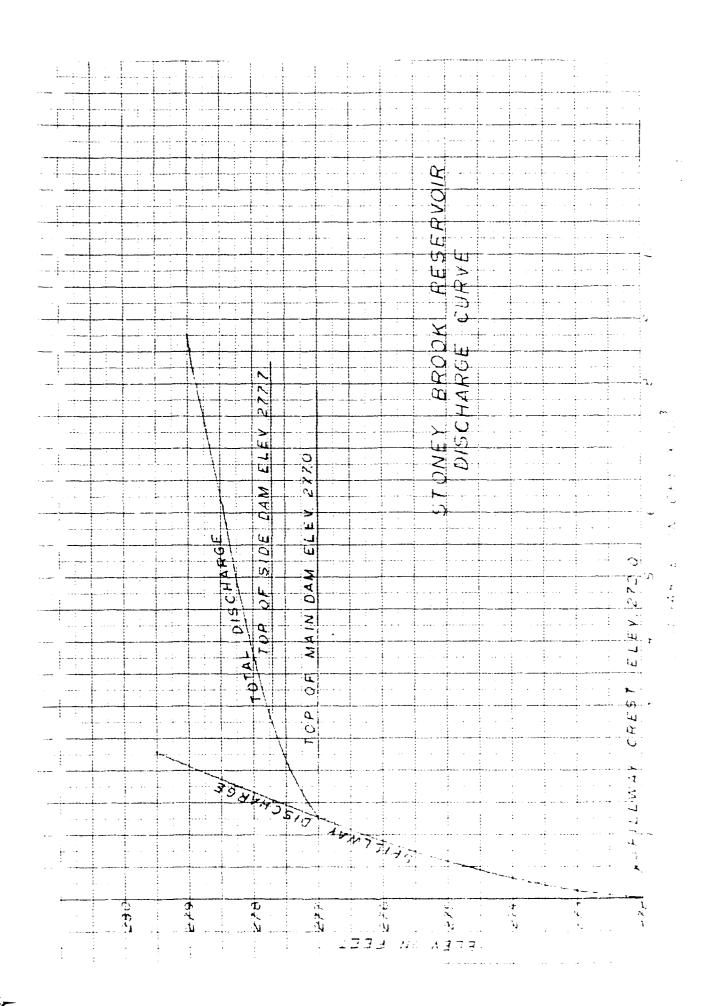


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SUBJECT TONY BROOK RESERVOIR INFLOW MISSONAFE DRAINAGE AREATTO-ALL = 257 Sq.M = 645 ALLEL By INSPECTION RESERVOR FREA < 25% DI DOW LEASTH OF LONGEST WATER COUNCE, LE SERVOY OF HEALTH WOV & ELEV DIFFERENCE - 600 - 273 : 327 FT : SLOPE = 327 = 126.7 = /M = VE = 1126 Now LLc = (258) (253) = 5 246  $\left(\frac{L_c}{V_c}\right)^{123} = (.276)^{.22} = 0.667$ 1002 K (115) 33 2 0 669 K ASSUME K = 5.0 LRS RELOW MARTIN AN BOOKS LOG = 5.0 ( 664) = 3.35 LZS Tp = 0.410 + 52 LGS + WATER DE 1 CHE Tp = 0.41(1) + 52(335) Tp = 041 + 2 = 3 = 2 = 44 4 6 CLECK (= 100-7) To = To = To = 100-100 V = (4. 5) 3 200 D-C

BY REB DATE 9-11-79 LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC.

SHEET NO TOP

CHKO. BY DATE INSPECTION STEED AND PROJECT

SUBJECT STONEY BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC.

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TR = 1.67 Tp = 1.67(2 cq) = 4 99 40 =
TB = Tp+TB = 2.99 + 4 99 = 7.98 4 = 2

9P = PEAK RATE IN CES

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9p = 484 (2.57)() = 460=5

PMP = PROBABLE MAXIMUM FREE = - 1-

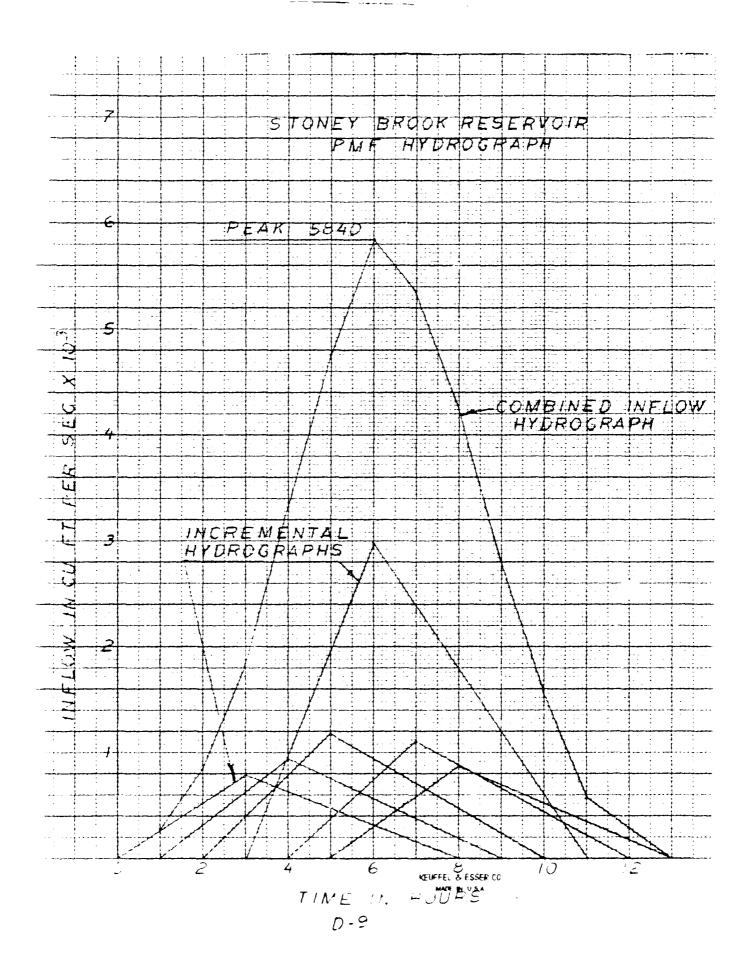
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= 18.8" CONSIDERING NE LT CAT ON FOR OVERLAND ELONG

FLOOD HYDROURGE FOR PNI

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DRAINAGE AREA = 2.57 MIZ = 1645 ACRES

SIRE CLASSIFICATION - INTERMED ATT

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 1948 AURENET HEWAT = 36 FT

HARARD CLASSIEVATION : HIGH OCE GUIDELINES, USE PMF

FROM INFLOW HYDROGRAPH , PMF = 5840 CES

5780 1: Qp1 = 5840 2F5

STEP 28: ELEV = 278 42 TT

STEP 26: SURCHAUSE VOLUME = 38 ACRE ST

HOUS RUNCER & EIS ACRES X 2 1/2 = 3 -8

S+x> 20

GP2 = 5840 x (1-3.79) = - 5840 (1-0 99) = 4678 cas

STEP 30 For Q = 4,678

SURCHARGE HEIGHT = 278.9

SUREHARGE VOLUME = 495 AURE-ET.

D-10

BY REE DATE 17-79 LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC. SHEET NO 2 OF CHKO. BY DATE NO PROJECT SUBJECT STONEY BESON RESERVOIC RESERVO

INCHS OF RUNDER = 495 × 12 14 = 3 51 140 €

STEP 35

AVE STOR = 3.78+361 = 3.695 18045

AVE. SURCHARGE : 3,695 X 1645 : 306 ACRE FF

FROM STAGE-STORGE CURVE : STALE = 278.3 FT

FROM STAGE-DISCHARGE JURIER OR = 5,200 CES

PMF OVERTOPS MAIN DAM BY 2783 - 277 = 12 et

PMF OVERTOPS SIZE SAM BY 2783 - 2777 = 0 5 et

TRY 1/2 PMF = 1920 JFS

STEP 1: Qp1 : 2420 UFS

STED 23: SURCHARSE HEVANT . 277.76

STEB 21: SURCHARGE VOLUME = 460 ALREST

NOHS OF RUNOFF = 460 ACREST X 2 NAR = 2 36

CHKD. BY DATE NO BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC.

SHEET NO BENDECT DATE

SUBJECT STONEY DROOK RESERVOIS, RESERVOIS ROOTING

STED 348 FOR Q = 1,878 OFS

SURCHARGE HEIGHT = 277 48

SURCLARGE MOLUME : 435 ALLE AT

INCHS OF RUNOFF = 435 X 2 VAR = 3,7 100

STEP 30 AVE STOR 336+31 = 3.26 YOUR

AVE SURCHEGE = 3.265 × 645 : 445 4025 =

TOR 448 ACREST

SURCHARGE HRIGHT = 277.6 ==

FROM STACE DISCHARGE CONVESS QUE 2420

1/2 PMF OVERTOPS MAIN DAM BY CIEFT
1/2 PMF DOES NOT EVERTOP SIDE DAM

BY REB DATE 1-8-79 LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC. SHEET NO CONTROL PROJECT SUBJECT STONEY BROOK RESERVOIR LEADER AND STONEY

STEP 18 RESERVOIR EVEY & FALSHE = 2770
WATER AT TOP OF MAIN DAM
STORAGE = 1948 ASRE-FA.

Height = 36 pt. W = 40% of 770 pt = 308 pt

STEP 23 PEAR FAILURE OUTFLOW

SPI = 8/27 W VG Yo 3/2

SPI = 1.68 (308)(36)3/2

Gp1= 111,767

ADD SPILLWAY FLOW & QSPILLWAY = 1:250 CFS

QPITOTAL = 111,767 + 1,250 = 112 017

SAY 971 = 113,000 DE

REACH #1 , STA 0+00 TO 42+00

 $Q = \frac{1.486}{5} A z^{2/3} e^{1/2}$   $S = \frac{250 - 170}{4000} = 0.02$   $E^{1}2 = 0.041$   $Q = 2.62 A z^{2/3}$   $\frac{7.7}{15}$   $\frac{15}{100}$   $\frac{1}{100}$   $\frac{1}{100}$ 

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LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC. BY REB DATE 11-8-79 CHKO BY DATE NSPECTION OF DAME PROJECT
SUBJECT STONEY BROOK RESERVOW, FALURE ANGLYS FOR Q = 113,000, STAGE = 24.4, ACEA = 7820 V1 = 7620 × 4200 \_ 772 ACRESET GP2 (TRIAL) = 1/3,000 (1- 772) = 68,218 CFS For Q = 68,200, STAGE = 20.0, AREA = E350 T V2 = 5350 x 4200 = 528 Acres VAVE = 772 + 528 = 665 ASCE FT 9p2 = 113,000 (1 - 665) STA 423 , QP2 = 74,424 255 , STAGE EOT ET AHE ET REACH 2 STA 42+00 TO 10 + CO Q = 1.486 AR2/35/2 5 = 170 - 70 = con = 0.05 5 1/2 = 084 Q = 2.50 AR23 12

			DATE_)]_			ERGER & AS	_		SHEET NO. 4
SU	BJEC	T	TONE	Brook	RESE		FAILUR	FANAN	PROJECT
	,	EV. 80 15 25	ARYA 3/2	312 1250 2 <b>8</b> 12 <b>5</b> 00	125 250 2 376 5 50	2 .4 2,49 .8 4,98 .4 7.47 2 9,96 52 7,49	84 2°2 3 82 4 63	143 E 4125	
	26-		1 2	3 (		6 7	8	9 10	11 2
STAGE	24 22 20 18 16 14 12 10 8 6					AREA DISTINA			
	4	#	٠						
	4			Ì	<u>.</u>		•		
	2				1		f !		
	2	<u> </u>	1 2	3 ×	A E	£ 7	<del>\$</del>	<del></del>	·

BY REB DATE 11-13-79 LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC.

SHEET NO E

CHKO. BY DATE NOPECTION OF DAMS PROJECT

SUBJECT STONEY BROOK RESERVOIR, FAILURE ANALYSS

FOR Q = 74,424, STAGE = E1.5 , AREA = 6300 V1 = 6,300 x 6,800 = 983 ACRE FT

> GP2(TRIAL) = 74,424 (1 - 383) : 36,868 CFS

FOR Q = 36,868, STAGE = 170, ALEA = 3,650

N2 = 3650 x 6800 2 570 ACRE TO

VANE = 983+570 = 776 ACEE =

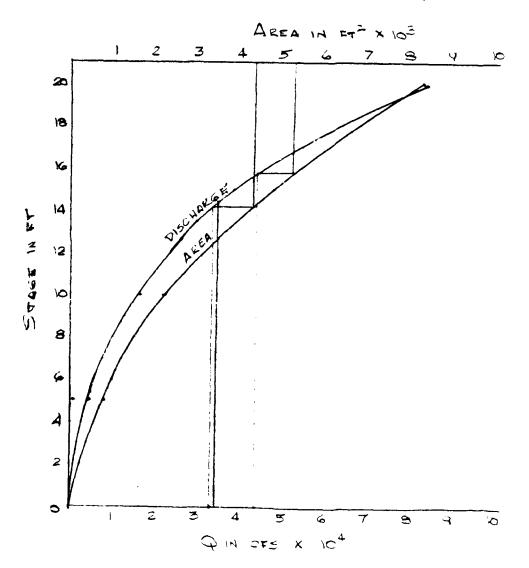
Gp2 = 74,424 (1 - 776)

9p2 = 44,777 , STAGE = 187 = AHE 3-ET

REACH #3 STA 110+00 TO 150+00 S= 150-80 Acco Q = 1,486 AR 3/3 5/2 5± 5.0° n = .08 5/2 = C. Q = 1.86 AR2/3 150 10 150 10 130 100 100

BY REE DATE 11-13-7	LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC.	SHEET NO. SHEET NO.
CHKD. BYDATE	INSPECTION OF DAME	
SUBJECT DYONRY CROOK	RESERVOIR FAILURE A	NA-YES

STAGE	AREA	<b>=</b>	R	<b>K</b> 3/3	9
5	800	172.4	4.64	276	4136
0	2:87	268	8:16	4.06	6,515
15	4775	533.2	8.95	4.31	38,279
30	8350	663.6	12.58	5.41	34,022



BY REB DATE 11-12-7 LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC. SHEET NO. 7 OF CHKO. BY DATE INSPECTION OF DAME PROJECT
SUBJECT STONEY EVOOX RESERVOIR, FAILURE ANALYSIS

FOR Q = 44,777, STAGE = 15.8 ET, AREA = 5,250  $V_1 = \frac{5250 \times 4000}{43,560} = 482$  AGRE = 7  $Q_{P2}(\text{TRIAL}) = 44,777 (1 - <math>\frac{482}{1948})$ = 33,698 CPS

FOR Q: 33,698, STAGE: 14.2 ET, AREA = 4:320

V2: 4320 × 4000 = 397 ACRE = 14:320

 $V_{ANE} = \frac{482 + 397}{2} = 440 \text{ ACRE, EF}$   $Q_{P2} = 44,777 \left(1 - \frac{440}{1948}\right)$ 

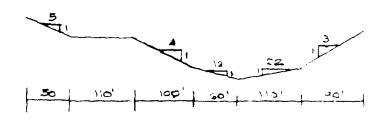
QPZ = 34,663 STAGE = 14.4 ET , AHE 2=

REACH 4 STA 150+00 TO 184+00

 $Q = \frac{1.486}{\eta} A R^{2/3} 6^{1/2}$   $\eta = 0.08$   $Q = 1.75 A R^{2/3}$ 

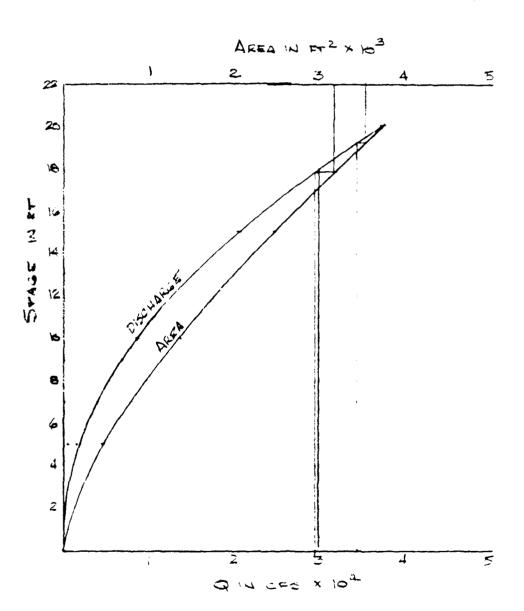
52 80-50 3400 52 0-009

51/2 = 0,000



BY REB DATE 11-13-79	LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC.	SHEET NO SOF
CHKD. BYDATE	INSPECTION OF DAMS	PROJECT
SUBJECT STONEY BRO	ON RESERVOIR , FAILURE A	MALLE CO.

Stage	AREA	P	R	72/3	G
5	425	170 3	2.50	1.34	1368
10	1362	206.7	6.59	3.52	8396
15	2475	243.1	5.01	4.70	20356
20	3762	279,5	13.46	5.66	37,242



BY REB DATE 11-13-79 LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC. SHEET NO 3 OF CHKO. BY DATE NSPECTION OF DAME PROJECT.

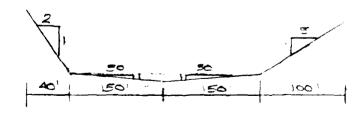
SUBJECT STONEY BROOK RESERVOIR. FAILURE ANALYSIS

FOR Q = 34,663 CF5, STAGE = 19.2, AREA = 355C  $V_1 = \frac{3550 \times 3400}{43,560} = 277 \text{ ACRE-ET}$   $Q_{P2}(TEIAL) = 34,663 \left(1 - \frac{277}{1946}\right)$  = 29,785

For Q = 29,735, STAGE = 17.8 = 7 AREA = 3.80  $V_2 = \frac{3180 \times 3400}{43,560} = 248$   $V_{AVE} = \frac{277 + 248}{2} = 262 \text{ ACRT.} = 7$  $Q_{P2} = 34,663 \left(1 - \frac{262}{1048}\right)$ 

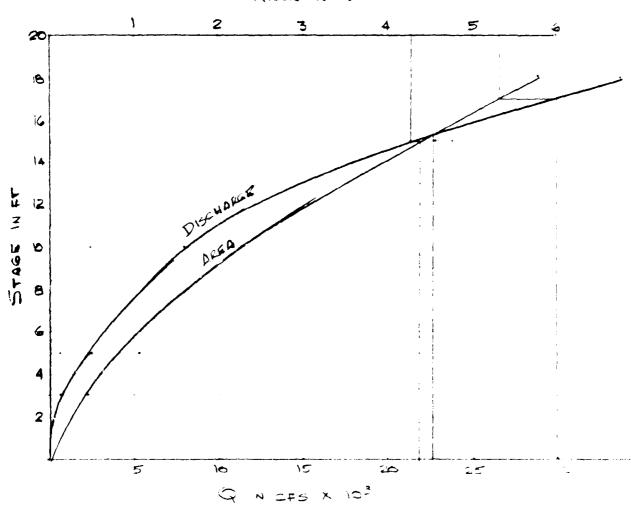
QP2 = 30,000 CES , STAGE = 18 ET , AHT 13

REACH 184+00 to 227+00  $Q = \frac{1.486}{n} A R^{2/3} S^{1/2}$   $S = \frac{5}{1300}$  S = 0.001 S = 0.001 S = 0.001



BY RFE DATE		NSPECT	10 40!	MAG	<b>غ</b>	SHEET NO. Q OF
SUBJECT	ry Brac	KESE!	KADIE.	<u>E.Ae.</u>	Jan A	ALYSIS
5540 =	ARTA	P	R	Z <sup>2</sup> /3	<b>?</b>	
3	450	300	1.5	1.31	595	
5	1064	314.7	3.38	2.25	2417	
10	2272	3513	6.47	5.47	7962	
15	4554	387.9	11.74	5.17	23780	
18	5738	409,9	14.00	5.81	33471	

AREA IN ET 2 × 103



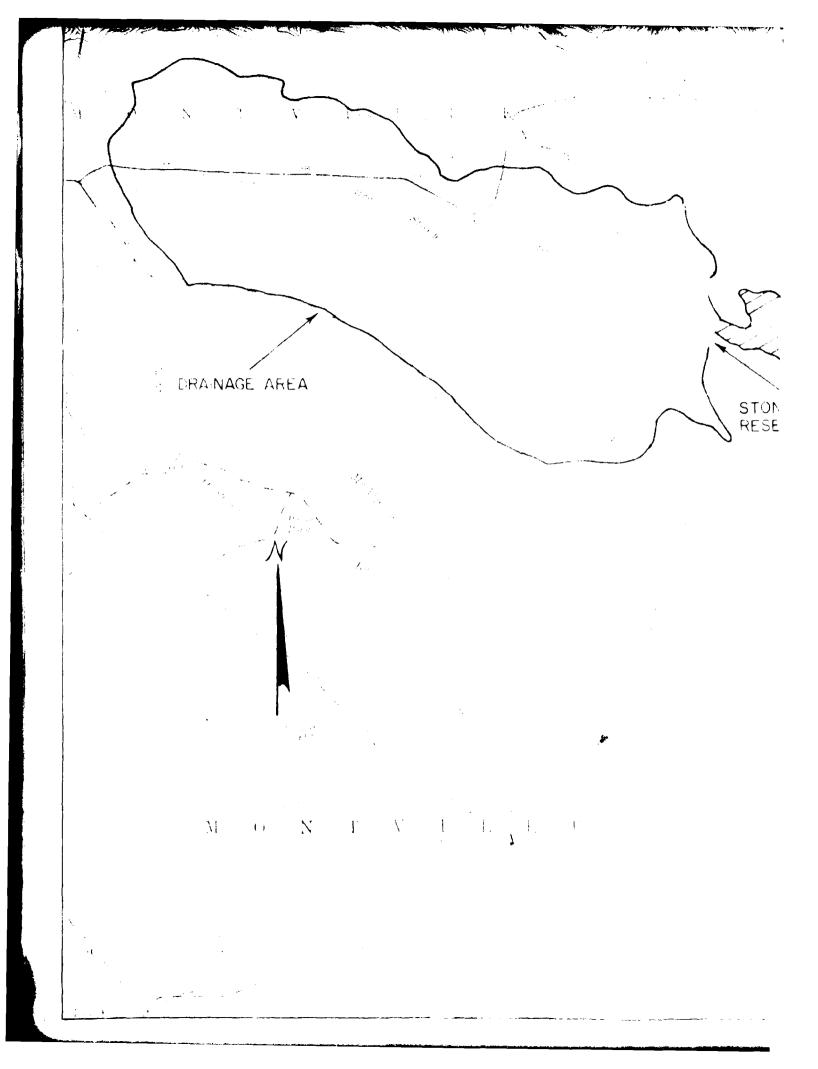
CHKD. BY DATE 11-13-79 LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC. SHEET NO 1 OF CHKD. BY DATE MSFECTION OF DAMS PROJECT
SUBJECT STONEY BROOK RESELVOIR FAILERS AND LES

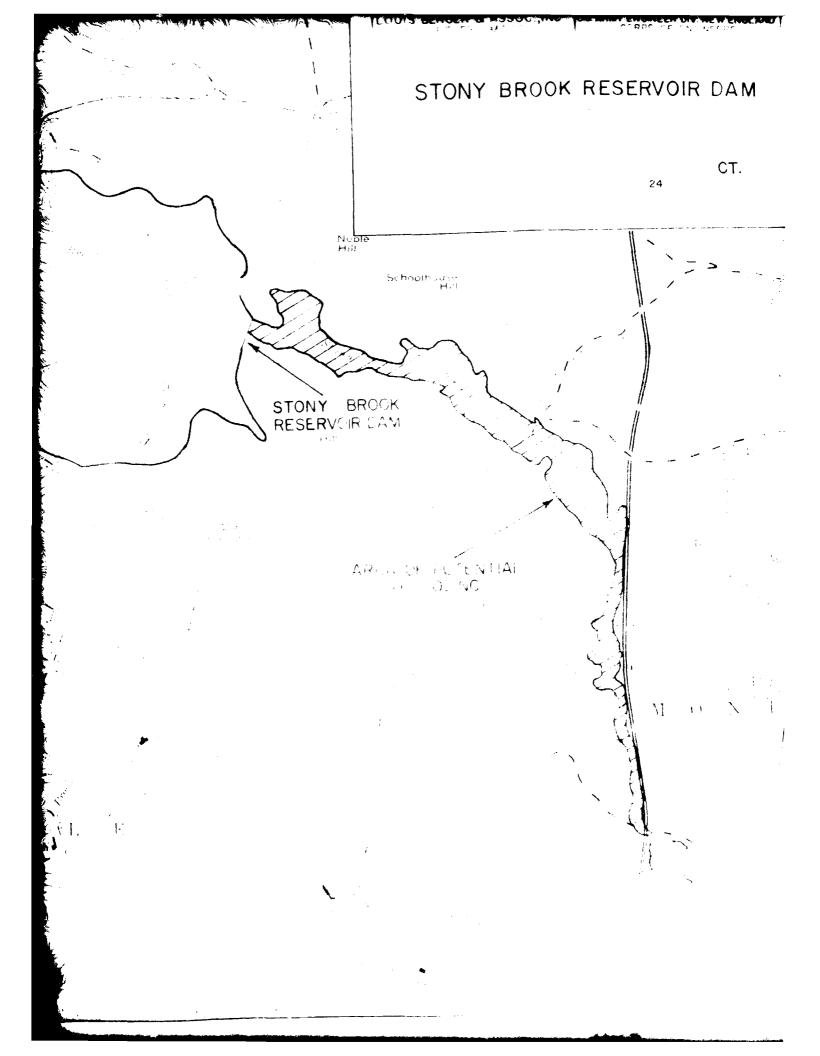
Q = 30,000, 51668 = 17 FT, ARRA = 53.0  $V_1 = \frac{530 \times 4300}{43,560} = 524$  ACRE = 7  $Q_{F2}(7RIAL) = 30,000 (1 - \frac{524}{1948})$ = 21,930 C=5

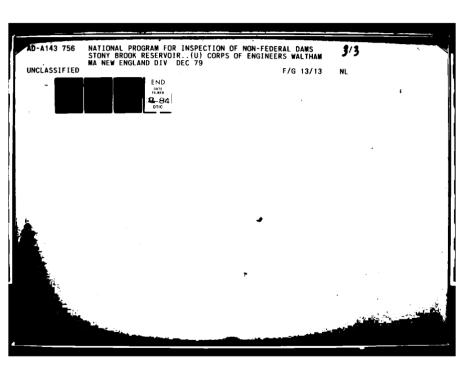
FOR Q = 21,930 STAGE = 15 ET ,  $\Delta$ ZEA = 4280  $V_2 = \frac{4280 \times 4300}{43,540} = 422$   $V_{AVE} = \frac{524 + 422}{2} = 473 \text{ ACCE-ST}$   $Q_{P2} = 30,000 \left(1 - \frac{473}{1948}\right)$   $Q_{P2} = 22,715$  ,  $S_{P3} = 7 \text{ ACCE}$   $S_{P3} = 7 \text{ ACCE}$   $S_{P3} = 7 \text{ ACCE}$ 

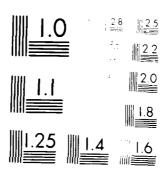
## SUMMARY

STA	G	Stage	4H = 5	TAGE (BREALH) - STAGE (SO LLAN)
				JAMAGE
0+00	113,000	24.4	20.4	HOHE
42+00	74,400	20.7	16,7	5 HOUSES I FARM , F TEN WILLE
110+00	44,800	18.7	13.7	TROS ON RY ED
150400	34,700	14.4	0.5	LADUSE RAYMONE WILL FOR
184+00	30,000	18.0	13.0	Mobile tone Pack
227+00	22,700	153	11.3	I HOUSE, BOUTE EC









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## APPENDIX E

INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

INVENTORY OF DAMS IN THE UNITED STATES

POSI SIME COUNTY DATE  THE STORY BY DITE	NAME KYSERVOIN DAM	LATITUDE CONGITUDE ONL'BIH) IMEST)	BEYONT DATE DAY MO YR 250CT79			
PUFULAR NAME  FUFULAR NAME  FOR STREAM		c				
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	NAME OF IN	NAME OF INPOUNDMENT				
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+ 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	NEAREST DOWNSTREAM CITY - TOWN - VILLAGE	FEAT WANTER	POPULATION			
TO STORY CHOCK	FITCH CCHREN	•	1500			
TYPE OF DAM CLANCETED PURPOSES HELDING	HISTORY THE WASHINGTONG CAPACITIES	1115 - 111 Dev	PED R	PHV/FED S	3CS A V	VEK/DATE
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REMARKS	ARKS					
7201 -01 -0310 (State Of Late 12 Co. )	7					
The last of the contract of th	Power Caracily	NAVIGATION LOCKS	100KS	* 10 × 1		
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RESULA DESIGN	REGULATORY AGGALY ON DREAMING	>				
4.00	3	MAINTENANCE				
INSPECTION BY DAY	INSPECTION DATE AUTHOR	AUTHORITY FOR INSPECTION	<u> </u>			
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REMARKS	RKS		]			
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